

2010 Florida Youth Substance Abuse Survey

Gilchrist County Report

Appendix A

Detailed Tables

Table 1. Major demographic characteristics of surveyed Gilchrist County youth and Florida Statewide 2010 youth

	Gilchrist County			Florida Statewide 2010	
	N	%		N	%
Sex					
Female	225	50.8		35,119	48.2
Male	210	47.4		36,540	50.2
Race/Ethnic group					
African American	15	3.4		12,829	17.7
American Indian	9	2.0		812	1.1
Asian	0	0.0		1,667	2.3
Hispanic/Latino	12	2.7		16,990	23.5
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	0	0.0		314	0.4
Other/Multiple	39	8.8		10,689	14.8
White, non-Hispanic	366	82.6		29,034	40.1
Age					
10	0	0.0		102	0.1
11	13	2.9		2,655	3.6
12	72	16.3		8,828	12.1
13	70	15.8		10,495	14.4
14	65	14.7		10,640	14.6
15	78	17.6		11,346	15.6
16	60	13.5		11,220	15.4
17	42	9.5		10,069	13.8
18	37	8.4		6,339	8.7
19 or older	5	1.1		844	1.2
Grade					
6th	79	17.8		10,458	14.4
7th	66	14.9		10,655	14.6
8th	75	16.9		10,428	14.3
9th	75	16.9		11,566	15.9
10th	66	14.9		10,486	14.4
11th	35	7.9		10,131	13.9
12th	47	10.6		9,072	12.5
Overall Middle School	220	49.7		31,541	43.3
Overall High School	223	50.3		41,256	56.7
Total	443	100.0		72,797	100.0

Note: Some categories do not sum to 100% of the total due to missing values (e.g., not all survey questions were answered). In addition, rounding can produce totals that do not equal 100%. "N" represents the number of valid cases. In this table, county data are unweighted while statewide data are weighted.

Table 2. Percentages of Gilchrist County youth and Florida Statewide youth who reported having used various drugs in their lifetimes

	Gilchrist County							Florida Statewide 2010						
	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Ages 10-14</i>	<i>Ages 15-17</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Ages 10-14</i>	<i>Ages 15-17</i>	<i>Total</i>
Alcohol	39.6	67.0	53.2	54.7	42.0	63.4	54.5	35.3	63.9	53.0	50.2	35.9	63.4	51.5
Cigarettes	21.8	46.5	33.1	35.9	21.9	44.2	35.1	16.6	33.0	25.4	26.5	16.0	32.6	25.9
Marijuana or Hashish	12.6	37.2	24.1	27.0	12.6	33.7	26.0	10.5	33.8	22.0	25.5	10.5	33.5	23.8
Inhalants	13.8	12.4	17.6	7.4	15.3	10.4	13.1	12.5	8.0	11.0	8.9	12.4	8.3	10.0
Club Drugs	0.0	3.3	1.8	1.9	0.6	1.9	1.8	1.7	5.2	3.5	3.9	1.7	5.0	3.7
LSD, PCP or Mushrooms	3.8	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.8	3.4	3.4	1.9	5.4	3.2	4.7	1.9	5.2	3.9
Methamphetamine	0.5	1.1	0.8	0.3	0.5	1.3	0.8	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3
Cocaine or Crack Cocaine	1.3	3.1	3.5	0.8	0.9	4.4	2.3	1.8	3.8	2.7	3.1	1.7	3.6	2.9
Heroin	1.0	1.1	1.7	0.0	1.0	1.4	1.1	0.9	1.1	1.0	1.1	0.9	1.1	1.0
Depressants	3.1	6.2	6.7	2.2	2.7	6.6	4.8	2.8	8.2	6.5	5.2	2.8	7.9	5.8
Prescription Pain Relievers	6.9	10.2	9.9	6.7	7.3	9.0	8.7	4.4	9.7	8.0	6.9	4.3	9.7	7.4
Prescription Amphetamines	2.2	4.8	3.3	3.6	1.6	4.2	3.6	1.6	5.2	3.9	3.3	1.6	4.9	3.6
Steroids (without a doctor's order)	2.3	0.9	0.0	2.7	1.4	2.1	1.5	0.7	0.8	0.4	1.2	0.7	0.8	0.8
Over-the-Counter Drugs	5.3	10.8	9.7	6.7	4.9	11.4	8.3	4.8	8.0	6.9	6.2	4.7	8.0	6.6
Any illicit drug	25.2	41.8	32.7	34.4	25.7	38.5	34.2	22.8	40.7	32.7	33.2	22.7	40.6	33.0
Any illicit drug other than marijuana	21.7	24.1	24.4	20.8	22.4	22.3	23.0	18.3	23.1	22.0	20.0	18.1	23.2	21.0
Alcohol only	20.2	27.7	25.8	23.2	22.1	28.3	24.3	18.7	27.0	24.8	22.2	19.3	27.0	23.4
Alcohol or any illicit drug	44.9	68.9	58.3	56.6	47.2	66.0	57.9	41.5	67.5	57.4	55.3	41.9	67.4	56.3
Any illicit drug, but no alcohol	5.6	1.9	5.0	2.2	5.4	2.6	3.6	6.3	3.8	4.5	5.3	6.1	4.1	4.9

Note: The first 14 data rows show results for alcohol, cigarettes, and other drugs. The last five data rows show results for various combinations of drugs. Ecstasy, Rohypnol, GHB and ketamine are provided as examples in the question about club drugs.

Table 3. Percentages of Gilchrist County youth and Florida Statewide youth who reported having used various drugs in the past 30 days

	Gilchrist County							Florida Statewide 2010						
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Alcohol	19.8	41.5	28.9	34.1	19.2	41.0	31.6	16.8	38.0	29.4	28.3	16.9	37.0	28.8
Binge Drinking	5.6	21.8	11.9	16.1	5.5	20.3	14.4	6.9	19.6	13.0	15.2	6.8	18.3	14.1
Cigarettes	9.0	15.3	11.7	12.2	7.2	14.6	12.4	4.5	12.1	8.1	9.5	4.3	11.5	8.8
Marijuana or Hashish	6.7	17.6	10.6	14.4	6.7	17.5	12.6	5.7	18.6	11.4	14.6	5.6	18.3	13.0
Inhalants	5.6	2.0	3.7	1.7	6.2	0.7	3.7	4.8	2.0	3.6	2.8	4.7	2.2	3.2
Club Drugs	0.0	0.5	0.6	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.3	0.6	1.7	1.1	1.4	0.6	1.7	1.3
LSD, PCP or Mushrooms	1.0	0.4	0.9	0.0	1.0	0.5	0.7	0.7	1.4	0.9	1.3	0.7	1.3	1.1
Methamphetamine	0.5	1.1	0.8	0.3	0.5	1.3	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5
Cocaine or Crack Cocaine	0.0	0.8	0.8	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.4	0.7	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.6	0.9	0.8
Heroin	1.5	0.0	0.5	0.9	0.6	1.0	0.7	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4
Depressants	0.5	1.6	2.3	0.0	0.5	2.0	1.1	1.1	2.7	2.3	1.7	1.1	2.7	2.0
Prescription Pain Relievers	1.8	3.3	3.4	1.6	1.8	4.2	2.7	2.2	3.4	3.1	2.7	2.1	3.6	2.9
Prescription Amphetamines	0.4	0.9	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.6	1.4	1.1	1.1	0.6	1.4	1.1
Steroids (without a doctor's order)	0.5	0.3	0.0	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.6	0.2	0.4	0.3
Over-the-Counter Drugs	2.8	4.3	4.3	2.6	1.9	6.4	3.6	2.2	2.9	2.8	2.3	2.2	2.9	2.6
Any illicit drug	15.1	20.3	16.0	18.0	14.8	20.8	18.0	11.7	22.7	17.3	18.6	11.6	22.6	18.0
Any illicit drug other than marijuana	10.1	8.9	10.5	6.7	9.9	10.3	9.5	8.5	10.0	9.8	8.8	8.5	10.0	9.3
Alcohol only	11.6	24.2	17.0	20.2	10.9	23.8	18.5	10.3	21.3	17.5	15.6	10.6	20.6	16.5
Alcohol or any illicit drug	26.8	43.8	33.1	37.3	25.9	43.7	36.0	21.8	43.6	34.4	33.7	21.9	42.8	34.1
Any illicit drug, but no alcohol	7.4	2.6	4.4	3.6	7.1	3.0	4.7	5.3	5.9	5.4	5.8	5.3	6.1	5.6

Note: The first 15 data rows show results for alcohol, cigarettes, and other drugs. The last five data rows show results for various combinations of drugs. Binge drinking is defined as having had five or more alcoholic drinks in a row in the past two weeks. Ecstasy, Rohypnol, GHB and ketamine are provided as examples in the question about club drugs.

Table 4. Lifetime trend in alcohol, tobacco and other drug use for Gilchrist County youth, 2000, 2002, 2004, 2006, 2008 and 2010

	2000			2002			2004			2006			2008			2010		
	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	High School	Total
Alcohol	48.1	68.0	58.8	54.0	71.2	63.3	45.5	--	45.5	46.0	69.3	58.8	--	65.4	65.4	39.6	67.0	54.5
Cigarettes	55.3	66.6	60.9	41.9	57.0	49.9	26.6	--	26.6	27.9	49.6	40.0	--	47.0	47.0	21.8	46.5	35.1
Marijuana or Hashish	21.1	47.0	34.4	20.6	33.3	27.5	11.5	--	11.5	13.4	34.0	24.6	--	29.4	29.4	12.6	37.2	26.0
Inhalants	17.7	13.7	15.4	16.8	15.5	16.2	22.3	--	22.3	14.7	16.7	15.6	--	15.5	15.5	13.8	12.4	13.1
Club Drugs	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.0	3.3	1.8
LSD, PCP or Mushrooms	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.8	3.1	3.4
Methamphetamine	0.0	4.8	2.5	4.3	5.6	4.9	1.3	--	1.3	1.6	2.7	2.2	--	2.6	--	0.5	1.1	0.8
Cocaine or Crack Cocaine	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.3	3.1	2.3
Heroin	3.0	3.2	3.1	3.5	2.0	2.6	2.1	--	2.1	0.5	1.9	1.2	--	1.2	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.1
Depressants	--	--	--	8.4	13.4	11.0	6.0	--	6.0	3.0	11.8	7.7	--	9.7	9.7	3.1	6.2	4.8
Prescription Pain Relievers	--	--	--	8.8	16.0	12.8	7.1	--	7.1	10.2	16.2	13.3	--	14.5	14.5	6.9	10.2	8.7
Prescription Amphetamines	--	--	--	4.2	5.2	4.9	2.7	--	2.7	2.1	5.3	3.8	--	5.6	5.6	2.2	4.8	3.6
Steroids (without a doctor's order)	2.3	4.4	3.4	4.3	1.7	2.8	3.4	--	3.4	0.9	1.2	1.0	--	3.5	3.5	2.3	0.9	1.5
Over-the-Counter Drugs	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.3	10.8	8.3
Any illicit drug	--	--	--	29.1	42.3	36.0	28.3	--	28.3	28.0	42.0	35.4	--	37.8	37.8	25.2	41.8	34.2
Any illicit drug other than marijuana	--	--	--	24.0	28.5	26.3	26.2	--	26.2	21.0	28.8	24.8	--	26.6	26.6	21.7	24.1	23.0
Alcohol only	--	--	--	27.7	33.4	30.9	22.8	--	22.8	25.7	30.7	28.7	--	30.4	30.4	20.2	27.7	24.3
Alcohol or any illicit drug	--	--	--	56.9	75.5	66.8	51.2	--	51.2	53.6	71.8	63.6	--	68.2	68.2	44.9	68.9	57.9
Any illicit drug, but no alcohol	--	--	--	4.3	4.1	4.2	5.7	--	5.7	8.2	3.5	5.6	--	2.8	2.8	5.6	1.9	3.6

Note: The first 14 data rows show results for alcohol, cigarettes, and other drugs. The last five data rows show results for various combinations of drugs. Ecstasy, Rohypnol, GHB and ketamine are provided as examples in the question about club drugs. Results for combinations of drugs are not presented for 2000 because new ATOD items were added between 2000 and 2002. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 5. Past-30-day trend in alcohol, tobacco and other drug use for Gilchrist County youth, 2000, 2002, 2004, 2006, 2008 and 2010

	2000			2002			2004			2006			2008			2010		
	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	High School	Total
Alcohol	30.1	47.3	38.9	23.5	39.4	32.2	24.1	--	24.1	22.3	43.8	33.3	--	47.2	47.2	19.8	41.5	31.6
Binge Drinking	17.1	31.0	24.2	13.9	20.5	17.8	9.5	--	9.5	10.3	24.3	18.0	--	30.6	30.6	5.6	21.8	14.4
Cigarettes	23.9	38.2	31.2	17.7	19.0	18.4	10.4	--	10.4	11.2	22.6	17.1	--	20.7	20.7	9.0	15.3	12.4
Marijuana or Hashish	11.2	30.9	21.4	8.5	17.9	13.5	9.7	--	9.7	6.6	16.5	11.8	--	15.6	15.6	6.7	17.6	12.6
Inhalants	9.2	3.8	6.3	5.5	3.6	4.4	13.9	--	13.9	7.6	4.5	5.9	--	6.7	6.7	5.6	2.0	3.7
Club Drugs	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.0	0.5	0.3
LSD, PCP or Mushrooms	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.0	0.4	0.7
Methamphetamine	0.0	1.9	1.0	0.0	1.2	0.7	1.3	--	1.3	0.8	0.4	0.6	--	1.8	1.8	0.5	1.1	0.8
Cocaine or Crack Cocaine	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.0	0.8	0.4
Heroin	2.1	2.1	2.1	0.5	0.4	0.4	1.1	--	1.1	0.0	1.2	0.6	--	0.0	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.7
Depressants	--	--	--	2.6	5.7	4.2	5.1	--	5.1	0.8	6.9	4.0	--	4.8	4.8	0.5	1.6	1.1
Prescription Pain Relievers	--	--	--	3.5	7.1	5.4	6.3	--	6.3	4.7	5.1	4.9	--	6.8	6.8	1.8	3.3	2.7
Prescription Amphetamines	--	--	--	1.1	0.5	0.8	2.8	--	2.8	0.8	0.0	0.3	--	1.7	1.7	0.4	0.9	0.7
Steroids (without a doctor's order)	0.5	2.9	1.8	1.6	0.4	1.0	1.3	--	1.3	0.0	0.8	0.4	--	2.6	2.6	0.5	0.3	0.4
Over-the-Counter Drugs	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.8	4.3	3.6
Any illicit drug	--	--	--	12.5	22.0	17.6	20.2	--	20.2	16.2	20.6	18.3	--	19.8	19.8	15.1	20.3	18.0
Any illicit drug other than marijuana	--	--	--	8.8	11.3	10.3	19.1	--	19.1	12.5	11.7	11.9	--	14.1	14.1	10.1	8.9	9.5
Alcohol only	--	--	--	13.8	23.5	19.3	13.7	--	13.7	14.2	25.3	19.8	--	32.3	32.3	11.6	24.2	18.5
Alcohol or any illicit drug	--	--	--	26.2	45.6	36.9	33.8	--	33.8	30.0	45.4	37.7	--	50.8	50.8	26.8	43.8	36.0
Any illicit drug, but no alcohol	--	--	--	3.3	6.0	4.9	10.0	--	10.0	8.1	2.3	4.9	--	3.3	3.3	7.4	2.6	4.7

Note: The first 14 data rows show results for alcohol, cigarettes, and other drugs. The last five data rows show results for various combinations of drugs. Binge drinking is defined as having had five or more alcoholic drinks in a row in the past two weeks. Ecstasy, Rohypnol, GHB and ketamine are provided as examples in the question about club drugs. Results for combinations of drugs are not presented for 2000 because new ATOD items were added between 2000 and 2002. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 6. Percentages of Gilchrist County youth and Florida Statewide youth who reported early ATOD use, perceived risk of harm, personal disapproval and peer approval

	Gilchrist County							Florida Statewide 2010						
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Early ATOD use														
More than a sip of alcohol	--	28.6	23.9	33.2	--	25.5	--	--	27.1	25.3	29.0	--	27.6	--
Drinking at least once a month	--	11.5	5.4	18.2	--	11.2	--	--	5.8	5.3	6.4	--	5.9	--
Cigarettes	--	24.9	20.9	28.6	--	25.9	--	--	17.1	15.9	18.3	--	17.5	--
Marijuana	--	13.8	13.1	14.7	--	15.1	--	--	11.3	8.5	13.9	--	11.4	--
Perceive great risk of harm if...														
One or more drinks every day	40.5	36.1	42.9	34.4	40.2	35.3	38.6	43.2	42.1	46.9	38.4	44.0	41.6	42.6
Smoke a pack or more every day	63.8	55.8	62.9	55.0	64.0	55.6	59.4	66.6	66.5	69.2	64.0	67.5	66.4	66.5
Smoke marijuana regularly	63.7	46.0	62.7	45.8	65.3	47.6	54.1	66.7	44.5	59.0	49.4	66.7	44.8	54.1
Try marijuana once or twice	36.5	23.6	30.9	28.1	35.6	25.9	29.4	39.1	21.2	30.8	27.2	38.3	21.5	28.9
Think it would be wrong for someone their age to...														
Smoke cigarettes	82.9	60.0	73.3	68.1	82.8	68.0	70.6	90.1	75.0	82.1	80.9	90.1	77.1	81.5
Drink alcohol regularly	73.6	55.9	66.5	62.0	75.6	59.0	64.0	81.4	55.5	67.1	66.4	80.8	56.3	66.7
Smoke marijuana	84.3	69.7	82.4	70.9	83.5	73.5	76.4	88.5	67.8	79.4	74.2	88.4	68.2	76.8
Use other illicit drugs	92.7	93.2	93.5	93.0	93.9	91.9	93.0	96.2	93.0	95.4	93.4	96.3	93.0	94.4
Good chance of being seen as cool if...														
Drink alcohol regularly	7.3	19.3	16.7	10.9	7.9	19.1	13.8	9.1	16.0	14.3	11.8	9.3	15.8	13.0
Smoke cigarettes	4.9	7.4	6.3	5.9	5.9	6.3	6.2	7.0	6.2	6.8	6.2	7.0	6.1	6.5
Smoke marijuana	9.3	19.7	15.9	13.6	11.1	18.4	15.0	11.9	18.0	15.6	15.0	12.1	18.3	15.4

Note: Early ATOD use is defined as the percentage of high school students who started using at age 13 or younger. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 7. Trends in early ATOD use and attitudes toward substance use for Gilchrist County youth, 2000, 2002, 2004, 2006, 2008 and 2010

	2000			2002			2004			2006			2008			2010		
	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	High School	Total
Early ATOD use																		
Try alcohol	--	44.4	--	--	38.9	--	--	--	--	--	37.3	--	--	37.0	--	--	28.6	--
Regular alcohol use	--	9.9	--	--	9.1	--	--	--	--	--	6.5	--	--	9.7	--	--	11.5	--
Cigarettes	--	47.5	--	--	44.8	--	--	--	--	--	33.8	--	--	31.2	--	--	24.9	--
Marijuana	--	18.3	--	--	19.2	--	--	--	--	--	17.4	--	--	10.8	--	--	13.8	--
Great risk of harm																		
Daily alcohol use	40.0	37.1	38.5	35.4	38.4	37.6	42.1	--	42.1	34.9	35.9	35.3	--	34.1	34.1	40.5	36.1	38.6
Daily cigarette use	61.4	66.1	64.2	57.4	62.2	59.7	59.0	--	59.0	64.7	63.5	63.9	--	59.2	59.2	63.8	55.8	59.4
Regular marijuana use	75.6	51.2	62.8	63.9	52.5	57.7	68.6	--	68.6	83.4	49.8	65.0	--	49.2	49.2	63.7	46.0	54.1
Try marijuana	39.2	24.9	31.7	39.1	24.1	30.9	48.4	--	48.4	48.3	25.9	36.1	--	27.7	27.7	36.5	23.6	29.4
Think it wrong																		
Smoke cigarettes	76.4	52.5	64.0	75.6	63.6	68.8	82.6	--	82.6	83.8	63.4	73.2	--	61.0	61.0	82.9	60.0	70.6
Drink regularly	69.8	54.3	61.7	70.9	58.2	64.0	78.6	--	78.6	71.8	51.3	60.1	--	46.2	46.2	73.6	55.9	64.0
Smoke marijuana	85.0	61.0	72.6	82.5	73.8	77.4	88.4	--	88.4	87.4	70.4	78.3	--	72.9	72.9	84.3	69.7	76.4
Use other illicit drugs	94.9	83.2	88.9	94.8	93.1	93.7	96.6	--	96.6	97.4	93.6	95.4	--	91.7	91.7	92.7	93.2	93.0
Seen as cool																		
Drink regularly	19.0	16.3	17.4	14.2	20.9	18.3	18.5	--	18.5	11.3	15.4	13.3	--	14.1	14.1	7.3	19.3	13.8
Smoke cigarettes	17.0	5.6	10.9	14.4	8.2	11.2	12.8	--	12.8	7.3	6.9	7.0	--	5.4	5.4	4.9	7.4	6.2
Smoke marijuana	16.5	17.9	17.1	15.3	15.5	16.2	14.7	--	14.7	11.8	11.3	11.3	--	7.2	7.2	9.3	19.7	15.0

Note: Early ATOD use is defined as the percentage of high school students who started using at age 13 or younger. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 8. Among high school drinkers, usual source of alcohol within the past 30 days, Gilchrist County youth and Florida Statewide, 2010

	Gilchrist County							Florida Statewide						
	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Ages 10-14</i>	<i>Ages 15-17</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Ages 10-14</i>	<i>Ages 15-17</i>	<i>Total</i>
Bought in a store	--	0.0	0.0	0.0	--	0.0	--	--	9.2	6.3	12.5	--	8.3	--
Bought in a restaurant, bar, or club	--	0.0	0.0	0.0	--	0.0	--	--	2.4	2.3	2.4	--	2.2	--
Bought at a public event	--	0.0	0.0	0.0	--	0.0	--	--	0.4	0.3	0.6	--	0.3	--
Someone bought it for me	--	31.9	29.6	35.2	--	39.0	--	--	19.3	16.5	22.1	--	18.3	--
Someone gave it to me	--	41.2	53.8	23.5	--	33.7	--	--	41.5	47.8	35.1	--	42.8	--
Took it from a store	--	0.0	0.0	0.0	--	0.0	--	--	0.6	0.4	0.9	--	0.6	--
Took it from a family member	--	3.7	0.0	8.8	--	5.2	--	--	7.5	7.8	7.2	--	8.5	--
Some other way	--	23.2	16.6	32.5	--	22.1	--	--	19.1	18.7	19.2	--	19.0	--

Note: The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 9. Among high school drinkers, usual drinking location within the past 30 days, Gilchrist County youth and Florida Statewide, 2010

	Gilchrist County							Florida Statewide						
	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Ages 10-14</i>	<i>Ages 15-17</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Ages 10-14</i>	<i>Ages 15-17</i>	<i>Total</i>
My home	--	31.3	29.0	34.2	--	38.0	--	--	24.6	25.1	24.3	--	25.1	--
Another person's home	--	49.7	57.4	40.2	--	51.7	--	--	48.9	50.8	47.3	--	48.9	--
Car or other vehicle	--	4.8	4.0	5.8	--	3.0	--	--	1.9	1.8	2.1	--	1.9	--
Restaurant, bar, or club	--	0.0	0.0	0.0	--	0.0	--	--	4.0	4.1	3.8	--	3.6	--
Public place	--	0.0	0.0	0.0	--	0.0	--	--	5.1	4.4	5.7	--	5.3	--
Public event	--	0.0	0.0	0.0	--	0.0	--	--	1.2	1.2	1.0	--	1.3	--
School property	--	0.0	0.0	0.0	--	0.0	--	--	1.1	0.6	1.7	--	1.2	--
Some other place	--	14.2	9.7	19.8	--	7.3	--	--	13.2	12.1	14.1	--	12.8	--

Note: The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 10. Among high school drinkers, number of drinks usually consumed per day, on the days students drank in the past 30 days, Gilchrist County youth and Florida Statewide, 2010

	Gilchrist County							Florida Statewide						
	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Ages 10-14</i>	<i>Ages 15-17</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Ages 10-14</i>	<i>Ages 15-17</i>	<i>Total</i>
1	--	23.3	26.3	20.2	--	26.4	--	--	23.5	26.8	20.0	--	24.0	--
2	--	22.2	17.9	26.5	--	22.6	--	--	21.2	23.5	18.9	--	21.8	--
3	--	4.9	0.0	9.9	--	3.3	--	--	16.8	18.0	15.5	--	17.0	--
4	--	11.6	16.5	6.6	--	10.4	--	--	9.9	10.8	8.9	--	9.7	--
5 or more	--	38.0	39.3	36.7	--	37.3	--	--	28.6	20.9	36.8	--	27.5	--

Note: The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 11. Percentages of Gilchrist County youth and Florida Statewide youth who reported engaging in delinquent behavior within the past 12 months

	Gilchrist County							Florida Statewide 2010						
	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Ages 10-14</i>	<i>Ages 15-17</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Ages 10-14</i>	<i>Ages 15-17</i>	<i>Total</i>
Carrying a handgun	9.4	8.2	3.7	12.6	9.9	5.5	8.7	4.6	5.1	1.9	7.8	4.2	5.2	4.9
Selling drugs	1.9	9.1	3.6	8.0	1.9	11.5	5.9	3.3	8.5	3.8	8.7	3.1	8.8	6.3
Attempting to steal a vehicle	1.9	1.4	0.7	2.3	1.9	1.8	1.7	2.1	2.4	1.4	3.1	1.9	2.5	2.2
Being arrested	2.8	3.0	2.3	3.2	2.8	3.8	2.9	4.1	5.3	3.4	6.2	3.5	5.8	4.8
Taking a handgun to school	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.2	0.8	1.1	0.4	1.6	0.7	1.2	1.0
Getting suspended	15.5	14.4	8.9	20.5	15.1	15.2	14.9	16.2	13.6	10.7	18.7	14.7	15.0	14.7
Attacking someone with intent to harm	10.9	9.7	9.5	10.6	10.5	10.9	10.3	10.8	10.5	8.9	12.3	10.2	11.1	10.6
Being drunk or high at school	8.4	15.0	9.9	13.4	9.2	14.4	12.0	7.4	17.0	11.8	14.0	7.3	17.0	12.9

Table 12. Trends in delinquent behaviors for Gilchrist County youth, 2000, 2002, 2004, 2006, 2008 and 2010

	2000			2002			2004			2006			2008			2010		
	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Total</i>
Carrying a handgun	4.5	4.0	4.2	3.9	5.2	4.6	8.0	--	8.0	5.1	7.5	6.3	--	9.6	9.6	9.4	8.2	8.7
Selling drugs	3.8	14.2	9.3	3.3	6.8	5.2	1.1	--	1.1	0.8	4.9	3.1	--	8.7	8.7	1.9	9.1	5.9
Attempting to steal a vehicle	2.5	7.1	4.9	4.4	2.2	3.2	2.4	--	2.4	1.3	0.9	1.1	--	5.6	5.6	1.9	1.4	1.7
Being arrested	4.6	5.1	4.8	5.6	4.5	4.9	2.9	--	2.9	5.0	4.3	4.6	--	4.8	4.8	2.8	3.0	2.9
Taking a handgun to school	0.4	1.1	0.8	0.5	0.9	0.7	0.0	--	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.7	--	4.0	4.0	0.5	0.0	0.2
Getting suspended	24.7	17.1	20.9	19.8	14.7	17.1	6.7	--	6.7	17.2	13.7	15.0	--	15.6	15.6	15.5	14.4	14.9
Attacking someone with intent to harm	16.2	21.3	18.8	14.9	11.5	13.4	7.4	--	7.4	14.1	13.6	13.6	--	13.2	13.2	10.9	9.7	10.3
Being drunk or high at school	12.3	22.5	17.6	13.1	20.5	17.0	6.9	--	6.9	7.6	22.9	16.1	--	19.8	19.8	8.4	15.0	12.0

Table 13. Percentages of Gilchrist County youth and Florida Statewide youth who reported gambling and arguing about gambling in the past 12 months

	Gilchrist County							Florida Statewide 2010						
	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Ages 10-14</i>	<i>Ages 15-17</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Ages 10-14</i>	<i>Ages 15-17</i>	<i>Total</i>
Gambling	51.8	51.8	42.2	60.3	52.1	54.0	51.8	54.8	50.5	42.1	62.2	54.5	51.4	52.4
Arguing about gambling	18.3	14.1	10.6	20.0	16.5	16.2	16.0	15.9	12.1	9.8	17.5	15.5	12.6	13.7

Table 14. Percentages of Gilchrist County youth and Florida Statewide youth who reported involvement in bullying behavior

	Gilchrist County							Florida Statewide 2010						
	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Ages 10-14</i>	<i>Ages 15-17</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Ages 10-14</i>	<i>Ages 15-17</i>	<i>Total</i>
Bullying caused worry	31.3	16.8	28.1	18.6	32.0	16.4	23.4	29.8	17.8	28.0	18.2	29.6	18.1	23.0
Skipped school because of bullying	4.6	5.5	5.8	4.1	3.3	6.6	5.1	3.7	3.9	4.9	2.8	3.7	3.7	3.8
Was kicked or shoved in past 30 days	22.4	11.1	13.1	18.3	23.3	10.2	16.2	18.4	8.2	10.8	14.3	18.1	8.6	12.6
Was taunted or teased in past 30 days	39.3	23.3	29.8	30.0	39.2	25.0	30.6	36.6	21.4	28.5	27.4	36.1	22.4	28.0
Was victim of cyber bullying in past 30 days	11.5	6.9	12.6	5.1	11.2	7.5	9.0	8.6	9.3	12.3	5.8	8.5	9.5	9.0
Physically bullied others in past 30 days	14.7	9.3	11.1	12.7	15.6	7.9	11.8	13.6	8.5	8.7	12.6	12.9	9.2	10.7
Verbally bullied others in past 30 days	26.1	19.1	19.1	24.8	25.2	20.5	22.3	23.2	16.6	18.1	20.7	22.4	17.8	19.5
Cyber bullied others in past 30 days	8.4	4.6	6.3	4.9	8.4	4.1	6.3	5.7	6.3	7.2	4.9	5.5	6.5	6.0

Table 15. Percentages of Gilchrist County youth and Florida Statewide high school students who reported being physically or verbally bullied in the past year, by location

	Gilchrist County							Florida Statewide						
	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Ages 10-14</i>	<i>Ages 15-17</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Ages 10-14</i>	<i>Ages 15-17</i>	<i>Total</i>
Classroom (while teacher was out)	--	4.5	3.7	5.4	--	5.6	--	--	3.6	3.6	3.6	--	3.7	--
Classroom (while teacher was in)	--	7.0	5.4	8.8	--	7.7	--	--	6.6	7.2	6.0	--	6.8	--
Cafeteria	--	3.4	3.8	3.1	--	4.7	--	--	4.2	4.8	3.7	--	4.3	--
Restroom	--	0.6	0.0	1.2	--	0.8	--	--	1.4	1.3	1.5	--	1.3	--
Hallways or stairwells	--	2.6	2.3	2.9	--	2.4	--	--	5.4	6.7	4.2	--	5.6	--
Gym or locker room	--	2.2	1.7	2.8	--	1.8	--	--	2.5	1.8	3.2	--	2.4	--
Somewhere else in school	--	1.0	2.1	0.0	--	1.4	--	--	2.5	2.7	2.2	--	2.6	--
Playground or athletic field	--	0.3	0.0	0.7	--	0.5	--	--	1.5	1.2	1.7	--	1.4	--
Parking lot or car pick-up area	--	0.6	0.0	1.3	--	0.9	--	--	1.2	1.3	1.1	--	1.2	--
Bus stop	--	0.7	1.5	0.0	--	1.0	--	--	1.4	1.5	1.3	--	1.4	--
On school property outside of building	--	0.4	0.0	0.9	--	0.0	--	--	1.2	1.2	1.2	--	1.1	--
School bus	--	2.5	3.2	1.9	--	3.5	--	--	2.2	2.4	2.0	--	2.3	--
After-school activities	--	0.9	0.6	1.3	--	1.3	--	--	1.6	1.6	1.6	--	1.7	--
Field trips or off-campus events	--	0.3	0.6	0.0	--	0.4	--	--	0.6	0.6	0.7	--	0.6	--
On the way to or from school	--	0.0	0.0	0.0	--	0.0	--	--	1.3	1.4	1.1	--	1.3	--
Online, phone, or text message	--	1.2	1.2	1.3	--	1.7	--	--	5.8	9.3	2.2	--	6.1	--
Other non-school locations	--	1.9	2.5	1.3	--	2.6	--	--	5.9	7.6	4.2	--	6.2	--

Note: The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 16. Percentages of Gilchrist County youth and Florida Statewide high school students who reported having seen delinquent behavior among gang members at school this school year

	Gilchrist County							Florida Statewide						
	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Ages 10-14</i>	<i>Ages 15-17</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Ages 10-14</i>	<i>Ages 15-17</i>	<i>Total</i>
Fighting	--	19.1	20.1	18.0	--	22.7	--	--	44.6	46.6	42.6	--	45.8	--
Stealing or robbing	--	5.3	1.3	9.7	--	5.0	--	--	28.0	26.2	29.7	--	28.5	--
Vandalism (including graffiti)	--	11.2	8.1	14.7	--	13.1	--	--	30.0	28.6	31.2	--	30.4	--
Selling drugs	--	11.2	7.9	14.8	--	12.3	--	--	33.6	31.5	35.6	--	34.1	--
Carrying weapons	--	10.8	7.9	13.9	--	12.4	--	--	19.5	18.1	20.7	--	19.5	--

Note: The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 17. Reasons for joining a gang, among Gilchrist County youth and Florida Statewide high school students

	Gilchrist County							Florida Statewide						
	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Ages 10-14</i>	<i>Ages 15-17</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Ages 10-14</i>	<i>Ages 15-17</i>	<i>Total</i>
Never belonged to a gang	--	53.3	56.5	50.9	--	54.8	--	--	84.7	89.4	80.0	--	85.0	--
Fun and excitement	--	1.5	0.9	2.1	--	1.4	--	--	2.0	1.3	2.7	--	2.1	--
Protection	--	0.7	0.6	0.9	--	1.0	--	--	1.4	0.9	1.9	--	1.4	--
Friend or relative in a gang	--	0.7	0.6	0.9	--	1.0	--	--	1.8	1.3	2.3	--	1.8	--
Forced to join	--	0.9	0.9	0.9	--	0.6	--	--	0.4	0.3	0.6	--	0.4	--
To get respect	--	1.8	0.9	2.8	--	1.8	--	--	1.4	0.7	2.1	--	1.4	--
Money	--	1.2	0.9	1.5	--	1.0	--	--	1.3	0.6	2.1	--	1.4	--
To fit in better	--	0.9	0.8	0.9	--	1.2	--	--	0.4	0.2	0.6	--	0.4	--
Other reasons	--	2.5	1.7	3.4	--	2.8	--	--	2.2	1.3	3.2	--	2.3	--

Note: The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 18. Percentages of Gilchrist County youth and Florida Statewide youth who reported participation in extracurricular activities

	Gilchrist County							Florida Statewide						
	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Ages 10-14</i>	<i>Ages 15-17</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Ages 10-14</i>	<i>Ages 15-17</i>	<i>Total</i>
School Sports	56.2	50.7	51.1	55.6	54.4	55.5	53.2	35.8	39.8	34.2	41.8	35.7	40.8	38.1
Organized Sports Outside of School	34.6	16.0	22.3	25.5	35.7	15.8	24.5	44.6	25.9	29.8	38.0	43.7	26.8	34.0
School Band	15.1	10.5	15.4	9.4	16.2	10.5	12.6	15.5	6.9	10.6	10.8	15.5	7.0	10.7
School Club(s)	26.3	46.1	44.9	30.4	27.0	44.8	37.1	18.1	31.0	33.6	17.7	19.3	30.1	25.4
Community Club(s)	9.9	16.8	17.2	10.1	9.9	15.6	13.6	10.9	14.0	16.4	9.1	11.2	13.8	12.7

Table 19. Protective factor prevalence rates for Gilchrist County, Florida Statewide and the national normative database, 2010

Domain	Scale	Gilchrist County		Florida Statewide		National Norms	
		<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>
Community	Community Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	53	69	50	61	56	63
Family	Family Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	53	61	55	55	59	54
	Family Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	43	50	50	53	54	55
School	School Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	51	53	46	60	57	60
	School Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	44	60	47	59	53	58
Peer and Individual	Religiosity	54	65	50	60	56	62
Average Prevalence Rate		50	60	50	58	56	59

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values.

Table 20. Risk factor prevalence rates for Gilchrist County, Florida Statewide and the national normative database, 2010

Domain	Scale	Gilchrist County		Florida Statewide		National Norms	
		<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>	<i>Middle School</i>	<i>High School</i>
Community	Community Disorganization	45	51	51	50	47	47
	Transitions and Mobility	46	49	61	63	47	46
	Laws and Norms Favorable to Drug Use	52	48	44	38	42	42
	Perceived Availability of Drugs	52	46	48	37	45	45
	Perceived Availability of Handguns	40	59	25	38	25	42
Family	Poor Family Management	52	43	48	46	44	45
	Family Conflict	44	35	42	37	42	37
	Parental Attitudes Favorable toward ATOD Use	25	48	22	38	23	41
School	Poor Academic Performance	50	54	43	46	45	48
	Lack of Commitment to School	62	61	54	51	47	46
Peer and Individual	Peer Rewards for Antisocial Behavior	45	57	46	47	40	46
	Favorable Attitudes toward Antisocial Behavior	50	47	47	41	40	46
	Favorable Attitudes toward ATOD Use	44	45	41	40	39	45
	Low Perceived Risks of Drug Use	48	52	44	49	40	46
	Early Initiation of Drug Use	40	38	35	33	41	46
Average Prevalence Rate		46	49	43	44	40	45

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values.

Table 21. Protective factor prevalence rate trends among middle school students for Gilchrist County, 2000, 2002, 2004, 2006, 2008 and 2010

Domain	Scale	Gilchrist County					
		2000	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010
Community	Community Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	48	54	56	63	--	53
Family	Family Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	58	46	63	54	--	53
	Family Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	55	46	58	50	--	43
School	School Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	40	36	53	48	--	51
	School Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	48	36	54	44	--	44
Peer and Individual	Religiosity	52	54	58	56	--	54
Average Prevalence Rate		50	45	57	53	--	50

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values.

Table 22. Risk factor prevalence rate trends among middle school students for Gilchrist County, 2000, 2002, 2004, 2006, 2008 and 2010

Domain	Scale	Gilchrist County					
		2000	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010
Community	Community Disorganization	42	52	36	42	--	45
	Transitions and Mobility	48	53	54	56	--	46
	Laws and Norms Favorable to Drug Use	57	60	48	55	--	52
	Perceived Availability of Drugs	60	55	42	51	--	52
	Perceived Availability of Handguns	39	41	32	45	--	40
Family	Poor Family Management	48	54	47	49	--	52
	Family Conflict	37	37	50	43	--	44
	Parental Attitudes Favorable toward ATOD Use	26	29	24	40	--	25
School	Poor Academic Performance	62	49	45	47	--	50
	Lack of Commitment to School	61	67	57	57	--	62
Peer and Individual	Peer Rewards for Antisocial Behavior	50	49	45	44	--	45
	Favorable Attitudes toward Antisocial Behavior	48	56	42	53	--	50
	Favorable Attitudes toward ATOD Use	61	58	36	51	--	44
	Low Perceived Risks of Drug Use	49	51	47	40	--	48
	Early Initiation of Drug Use	70	61	53	52	--	40
Average Prevalence Rate		57	57	47	50	--	48

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values.

Table 23. Protective factor prevalence rate trends among high school students for Gilchrist County, 2000, 2002, 2004, 2006, 2008 and 2010

Domain	Scale	Gilchrist County					
		2000	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010
Community	Community Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	67	72	--	72	65	69
Family	Family Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	59	54	--	58	54	61
	Family Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	60	53	--	61	54	50
School	School Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	54	56	--	48	47	53
	School Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	54	63	--	64	53	60
Peer and Individual	Religiosity	71	67	--	68	61	65
Average Prevalence Rate		61	61	--	62	56	60

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values.

Table 24. Risk factor prevalence rate trends among high school students for Gilchrist County, 2000, 2002, 2004, 2006, 2008 and 2010

Domain	Scale	Gilchrist County					
		2000	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010
Community	Community Disorganization	42	45	--	52	44	51
	Transitions and Mobility	50	54	--	58	54	49
	Laws and Norms Favorable to Drug Use	41	41	--	46	52	48
	Perceived Availability of Drugs	54	51	--	43	43	46
	Perceived Availability of Handguns	62	53	--	61	59	59
Family	Poor Family Management	41	43	--	44	52	43
	Family Conflict	35	37	--	34	33	35
	Parental Attitudes Favorable toward ATOD Use	34	35	--	44	45	48
School	Poor Academic Performance	52	44	--	52	50	54
	Lack of Commitment to School	41	46	--	54	62	61
Peer and Individual	Peer Rewards for Antisocial Behavior	42	45	--	39	43	57
	Favorable Attitudes toward Antisocial Behavior	42	37	--	44	49	47
	Favorable Attitudes toward ATOD Use	53	41	--	46	45	45
	Low Perceived Risks of Drug Use	48	49	--	51	52	52
	Early Initiation of Drug Use	54	49	--	43	46	38
Average Prevalence Rate		47	45	--	46	50	50

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values.