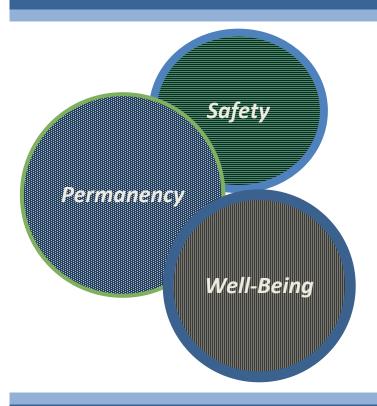
Child Welfare Key Indicators Monthly Report

January 2017

Including Updated Data through December 2016



Review of the Child Welfare
System through key outcomes,
process, qualitative, workload
and resource indicators



Table of Contents

Executive Summary	6
Graph and Table Symbols	7
List of Symbols	7
DCF Service Structure	8
Regions, Circuits, Counties, and CBC Lead Agencies	8
Florida Abuse Hotline	9
Workload Trends	9
Reporting Method Trends	9
Seasonality of Hotline Workload	9
Screening Trends	10
Alleged Maltreatment Screening	10
Special Conditions Screening	10
Timeliness Trends	11
Average and Maximum Times to Answer or Abandon	11
Percent of Calls Abandoned	11
Average Handling Time Trend Stratification	12
Hotline Counselor Workforce	12
Monthly Separations	12
Child Protective Investigators	13
Workload Trends	13
Investigative Workload: Incoming, Active, and Backlog Investigations	13
Investigative Workload: Stratified by Region	13
Maltreatment Investigations and Special Conditions Referrals	14
Special Conditions: Stratified by Type and by County	14
Statewide: More Than 15 Active Investigations	15
Stratification by DCF Circuit and Sheriff's Office	15
Timeliness Trends	16
Statewide: Alleged Child Victims Seen Within 24 Hours	16
Stratification by DCF Circuit and Sheriff's Office	16
Statewide: Child Investigations Completed Within 60 Days	17
Stratification by DCF Circuit and Sheriff's Office	17
Safety Determinations and Services Provided	
Impending Danger Threats and Safety Determination	18

Impending Danger Threats Identified by Safety Determination	18
Unsafe Children and Safe Children by Service Type	19
Unsafe Children with No Services or Family Supports	19
Statewide: Recurrence of Maltreatment After Verified Findings	20
Stratification by DCF Circuit and Sheriff's Office	20
CPI Workforce	21
Monthly Separations	21
Time in Classification	21
Flow from CPI to CBC Lead Agencies	22
Removals and Removal Rates	22
Statewide Trend	22
Quarterly Stratification by Circuit and Sheriff's Office	22
Quarterly Stratification by Circuit and CBC Lead Agency	23
Community-Based Care Lead Agencies	24
Caseload Indicators	24
Statewide Trends in Case-Managed Services	24
Services Mix	24
Removals and Discharges Compared to Out-of-Home Care Trend	25
Placement Types Compared to Children in Out-of-Home Care Trend	25
Family Functioning Assessment-Ongoing Implementation Map	26
CBC Rapid Safety Feedback	27
Safety Indicators	28
Child Safety Trends: Comparison of Three Indicators	28
Child Safety During Case-Managed In-Home Services	28
Child Safety in Out-of-Home Care	29
Child Safety After Termination of Case-Managed Services	29
Child Safety After Termination of Family Support Services	30
Permanency Indicators	30
Statewide Trend: Permanency Within 12 Months of Removal	30
Stratification by CBC Lead Agency	31
Long-Term Statewide Trends on Three Permanency Indicators	31
Permanency Within 12 Months for Children in Care 12-23 Months	32
Stratification by CBC Lead Agency	32
Permanency Within 12 Months for Children in Care 24+ Months	32
Stratification by CBC Lead Agency	32
Statewide Trend: Re-Entry into OHC Within 12 Months of Achieving Permanency	33

Stratification by CBC Lead Agency	33
Timeliness of Judicial Handling	34
Reunification Goal After 15 Months and No Termination of Parental Rights Activity	34
Timeliness of Termination of Parental Rights, from Petition to Order	34
Time from Removal Date to Disposition Order	35
Maintaining Connections in Placement	35
Statewide Trend: Placement Stability	35
Stratification by CBC Lead Agency	36
Statewide Trend: Placement of Siblings Group Together	36
Stratification by CBC Lead Agency	37
Proximity of Placement to Maintain Connections	37
Children Placed Outside Removal County	37
Children Placed Outside the Removal Circuit	38
Placement in Family Settings	38
Trends in Group Care by Age Report	38
Children in Group Care by Age Group: Ages 0-5	39
Children in Group Care by Age Group: Ages 6-12	39
Children in Group Care by Age Group: Ages 13-17	40
	40
Children in Group Care by Age Group: Ages 0-17	40
Prescribed Psychotropic Medications	41
Children in Out-of-Home Care with Prescribed Psychotropic Medications	41
Children with Consent for Prescribed Psychotropic Medications	41
Dental Services	42
Children Receiving Dental Services in Last Seven Months	42
Education Program Enrollment	42
Young Adults Aging Out Enrolled in Education Programs	42
Dually Served Youth	43
Statewide Trend: Youths Served by CBC Lead Agencies and Juvenile Justice	43
Stratification by CBC Lead Agency	43
Missing Child	44
Children Categorized as Missing from Care and Supervision	44
Child Reports Entered into FSFN	44
Resolution of reports within 3 days	45
Human Trafficking	45
Human Trafficking Intakes Trend	45

(Children with Indication of Human Trafficking by CBC Lead Agency	46
Child	Care and Domestic Violence	47
Chi	ild Care Regulation	47
(Child Care Inspections per Month	47
Do	mestic Violence	47
ſ	Percent Victims Leaving a Shelter with a Family Safety and Security Plan Plan	47

Executive Summary

The Child Welfare Key Indicators Monthly Report presents key outcome, process, qualitative, workload, and resource indicators selected to provide a general overview of the current state of Florida's child welfare system.

Florida Abuse Hotline

Workload. Consistent with seasonal trends, total contacts continued to decrease, from 40,852 in November to 38,511 in December.

Timeliness. The average wait time before answer improved slightly from November (3 minutes 36 seconds) to December (2 minutes 32 seconds). The percent of calls to the Florida Abuse Hotline that are abandoned before answer decreased from 14.4% to 11.1% from November to December.

Screening Decisions. There continued to be a slight decline in the number of child maltreatment allegations screened-in from November to December 2016, 18,721 to 17,883 respectively. Despite the observed decline in total screen-ins, the percentage of screened-in reports remained stable from November (79.6%) to December (79.5%) 2016.

Child Protective Investigations

Workload. There was a continued decline observed in the number of incoming investigations from October to December. Active investigations as of the last day of the month were at 23,986. Backlog showed a sharp decline from October to December, decreasing by 405 cases from October (1,347) to December (942).

Timeliness. The statewide percent of alleged victims seen within 24 Hours has remained stable, but has declined since the last half of 2013, with a sharp decline in April – July of this year. The statewide percent of investigations completed within 60 days continued to increase to 93.6% in October.

Recurrence. Recurrence of maltreatment within 12 months continues near the 9.1% national standard.

Removals. 1,192 children were removed in December, continuing a multi-month decline.

Community-Based Care Lead Agencies (CBC)

Caseloads. There were 23,579 children in out-of-home care on December 31, 2016. The trend for children receiving inhome services has remained relatively flat for three years, with 12,384 children receiving in-home services.

Child Safety. The percent of children with no verified maltreatment during case-managed in-home services has been steady at around 97% for years and was 96.9% in July-September 2016. The percent of children with no verified maltreatment within six months after termination of case-managed services was 94.9% for July to September 2016. The percent of children with no verified maltreatment within six months of termination of Family Support Services is at 95.0% in January to March 2015.

Timely Permanency. For quarter October through December 2015, 42.9% of entries achieved permanency within 12 months of entry, exceeding the national standard (40.5%).

Placement Stability. Children entering care for January 1-December 31, averaged 4.38 moves per 1,000 days in care, not meeting the national standard of 4.12 or fewer moves.

Placement in Removal County and Circuit. As of December 31, 2016, 36.2% of children were currently placed outside of their removal county and 19.4% were placed outside their removal circuit.

Group Care. One CBC Lead Agencies has over 10% of children aged five and under in licensed care who are placed in group care placements, compared to six areas with none and 2.6% statewide. This is improved from the previous report.

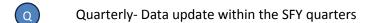
Graph and Table Symbols

In an effort to identify opportunities for improvement and to meet the needs of the key indicator report consumers, visual cues, in the form of symbols listed below, have been created and strategically displayed throughout the report to allow for easy identification of important chart and table information.

List of Symbols

((U)	Updated- The data appearing within the chart or table has been changed from prior report





Annual- Data updates on a 12 month cycle

Point-in-Time- Data updates on a defined date

Last day of month- Data update on the last day of the month

State Fiscal Year- July 1st through June 30th

Federal Fiscal Year-October 1st through September 30th

Calendar Year- January 1st through December 31st

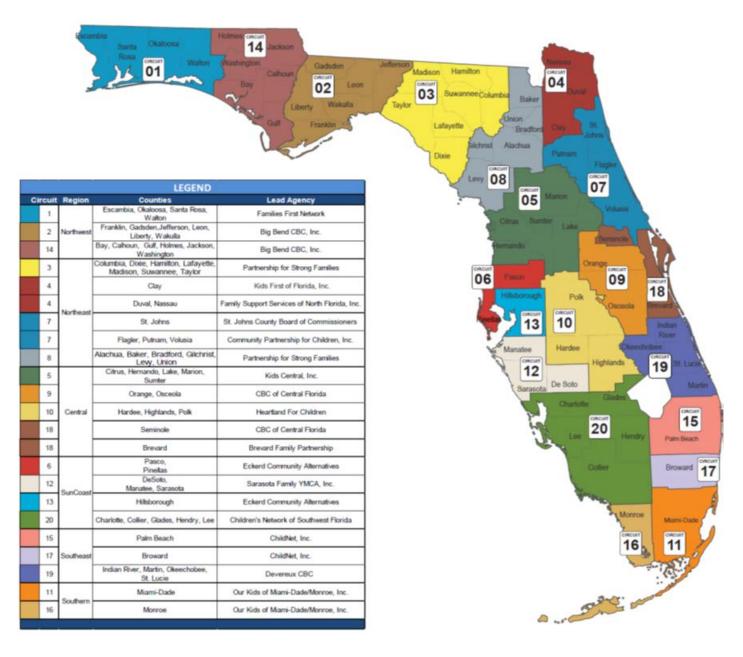
Cumulative- All data points within a defined time period

New- Chart or table is has been added to the report

Modified- Chart or table has been change from prior iteration

DCF Service Structure

Regions, Circuits, Counties, and CBC Lead Agencies



Florida Abuse Hotline

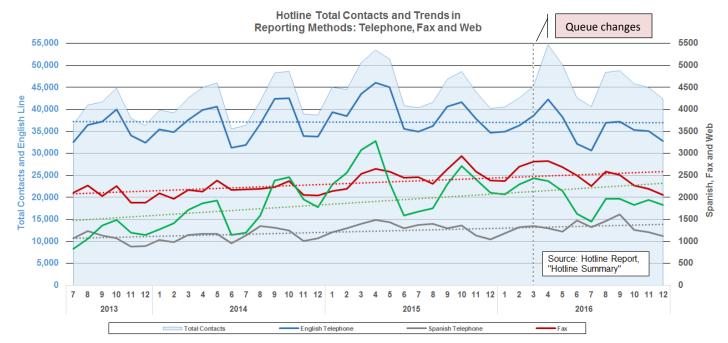
Workload Trends

Reporting Method Trends





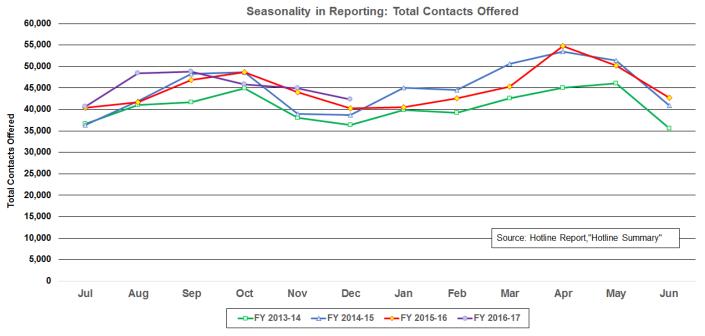
The Florida Abuse Hotline offers a variety of methods for citizens to report concerns about children and vulnerable adults. Consistent with seasonal trends, total contacts continued to decrease, from 40,852 in November to 38,511 in December.



Seasonality of Hotline Workload

U

There were 42,691 total contacts offered for the month of December. "Contacts Offered" include those abandoned by a caller who called back, so both attempts and completed calls from the same individual may be counted.



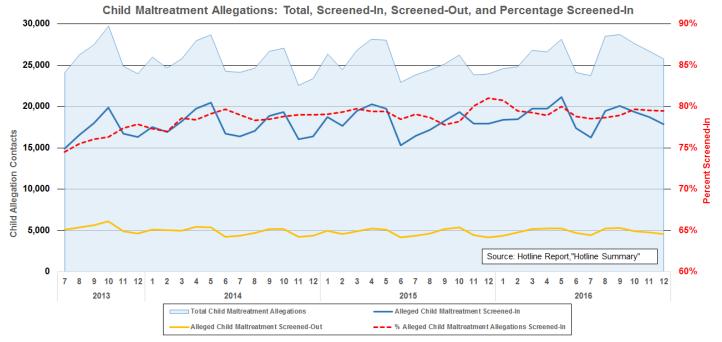
Screening Trends

Alleged Maltreatment Screening





There continued to be a slight decline in the number of child maltreatment allegations screened-in from November to December 2016, 18,721 to 17,883 respectively. Despite the observed decline in total screen-ins, the percentage of screened-in reports remained stable from November (79.6%) to December (79.5%) 2016. Consistent with the past 3 years, the number of alleged child maltreatment screened-out has remained stable.

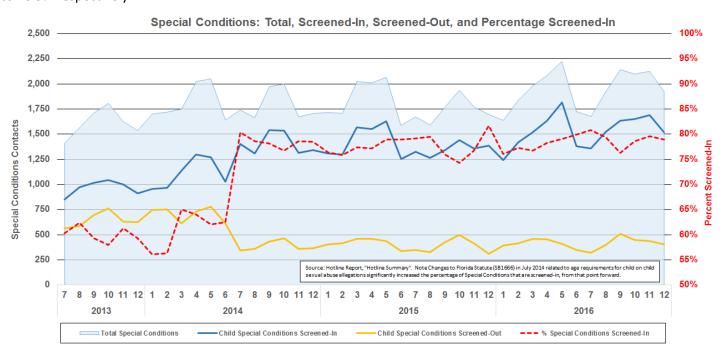


Special Conditions Screening

The percentage of special conditions screened-in decreased from November to December 2016, from 79.5% to 78.9% respectively.







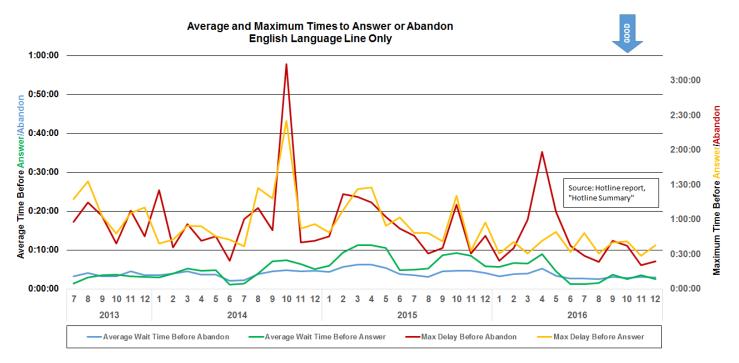
Timeliness Trends





Average and Maximum Times to Answer or Abandon

The average wait time before answer improved slightly from November (3 minutes 36 seconds) to December (2 minutes 32 seconds).

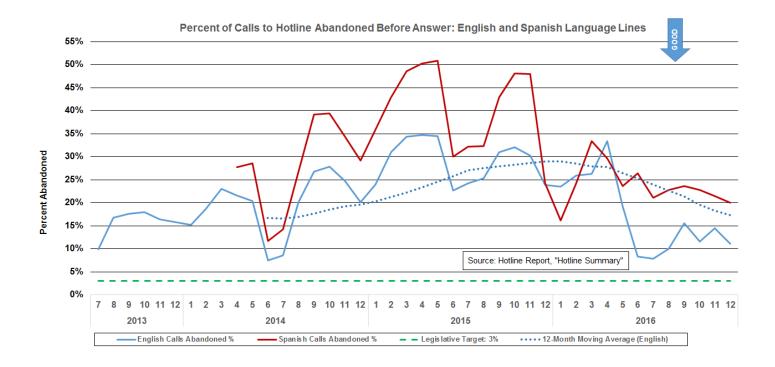


Percent of Calls Abandoned





The percent of calls to the Florida Abuse Hotline that are abandoned before answer decreased from 14.4% to 11.1% from November to December. The percent of Spanish Language Line abandoned calls continued to decrease to 20.0%.

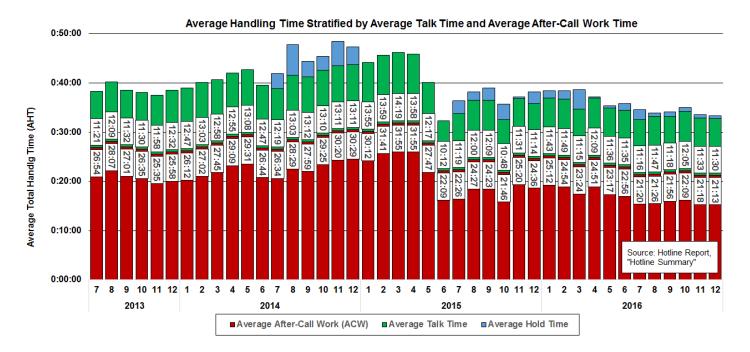


Average Handling Time Trend Stratification





The Average Handling Time (AHT) of a counselor includes talk time (ACD) and after call work (ACW). Average talk time continued below the 12 minute level and ACW continued below the 22 minute level.



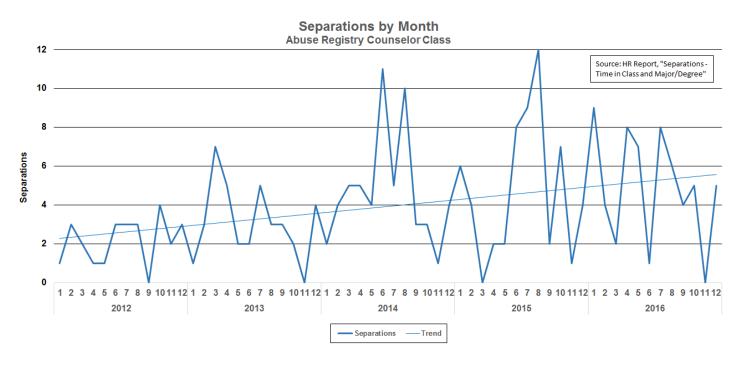
Hotline Counselor Workforce

Monthly Separations





The Florida Abuse Hotline had five counselor separations in December 2016.



Child Protective Investigators

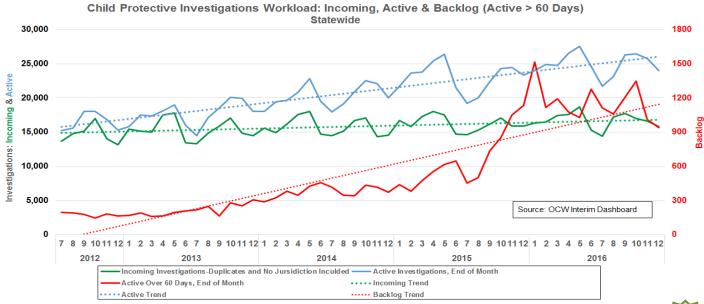
Workload Trends

Investigative Workload: Incoming, Active, and Backlog Investigations





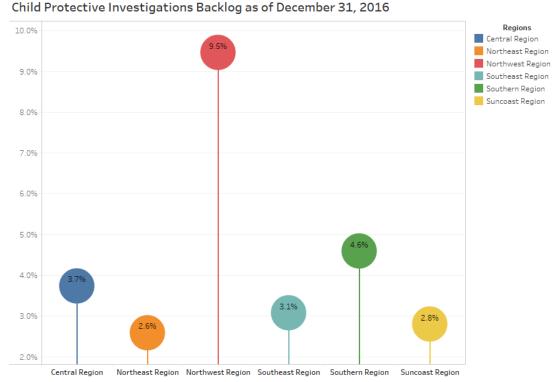
There was a continued decline observed in the number of incoming investigations from October to December. Active investigations as of the last day of the month were at 23,986. Backlog showed a sharp decline from October to December, decreasing by 405 cases from October (1,347) to December (942).



Investigative Workload: Stratified by Region

As of December 31, 2016, 5 of the 6 regions had a backlog of less than 5%.



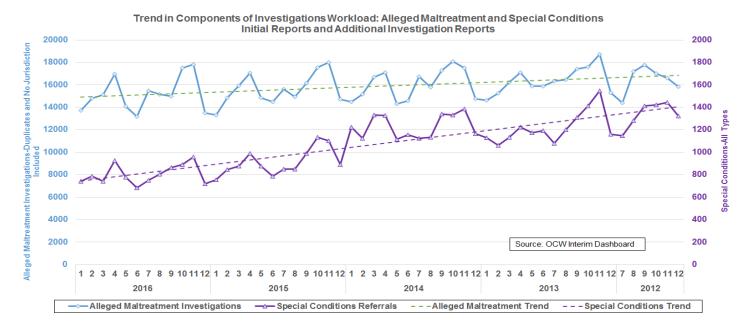


Maltreatment Investigations and Special Conditions Referrals





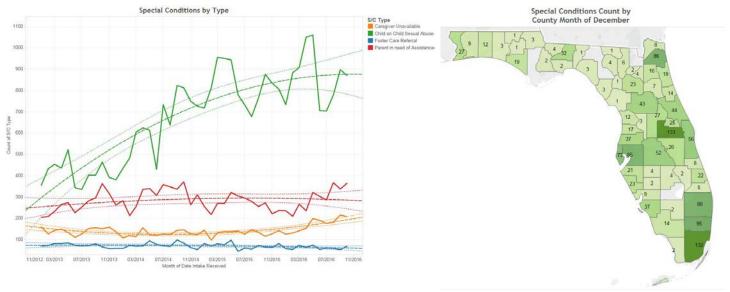
Although there are over 10 times as many alleged maltreatment reports as special conditions referrals, the increasing trend for special conditions is substantially higher than the trend for alleged maltreatment.



Special Conditions: Stratified by Type and by County



The increasing trend observed in special conditions is largely due to the increase in child-on-child referrals. All other special condition types have remained fairly flat.

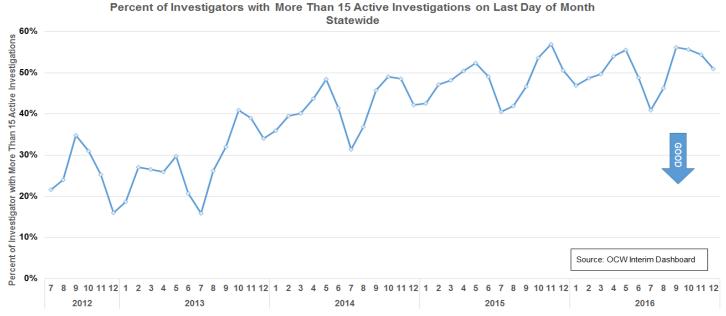


Statewide: More Than 15 Active Investigations





The statewide percent of CPIs with 15 or more active investigations as of December 31, 2016 was 51.0%.

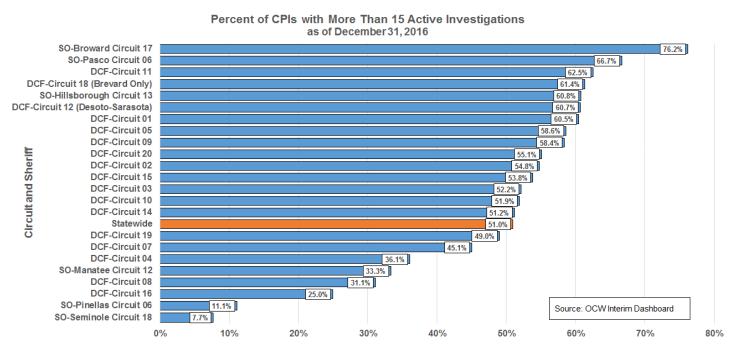


Stratification by DCF Circuit and Sheriff's Office





In 15 of 23 areas, 50% or more CPIs had more than 15 active investigations on the 31st of December. This is consistent with previous months.



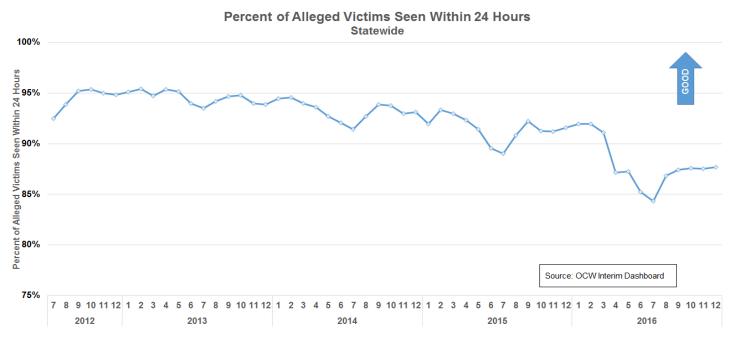
Timeliness Trends

Statewide: Alleged Child Victims Seen Within 24 Hours





The statewide percent of alleged victims seen within 24 hours has remained stable from September to December.

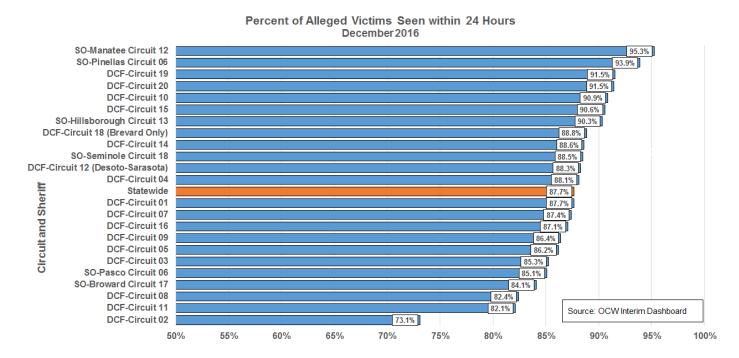


Stratification by DCF Circuit and Sheriff's Office





Seven DCF circuits and sheriff's offices were at 90% level or higher in December 2016.



Statewide: Child Investigations Completed Within 60 Days

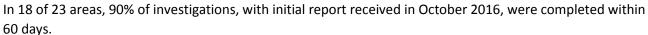




The statewide percent of investigations completed within 60 days continued to increase reaching 93.6% in October.

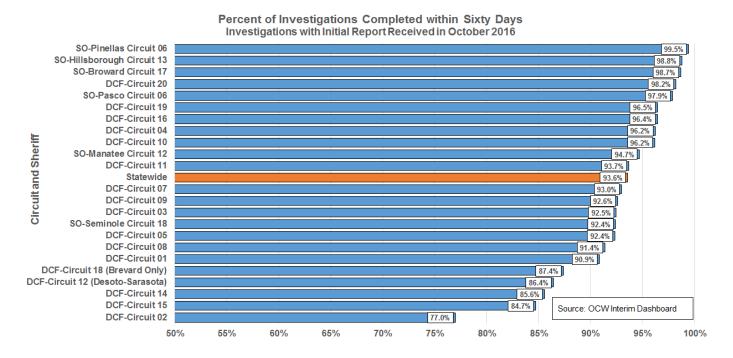


Stratification by DCF Circuit and Sheriff's Office









Safety Determinations and Services Provided

These Tableau visualizations are for investigations closed between October 20, 2016 and December 19, 2016.

Impending Danger Threats and Safety Determination

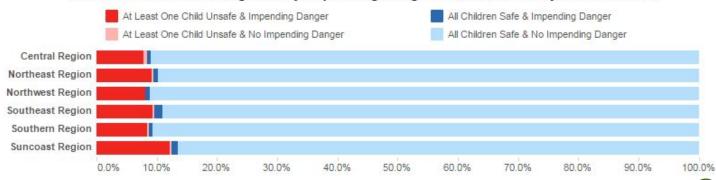


This visualization indicates that some children have been determined "unsafe," yet have no impending danger (pink), while others are determined "safe," yet there is impending danger (dark blue). These anomalies are receiving follow-up to determine cause.

Impending Danger Threats and Safety Determination

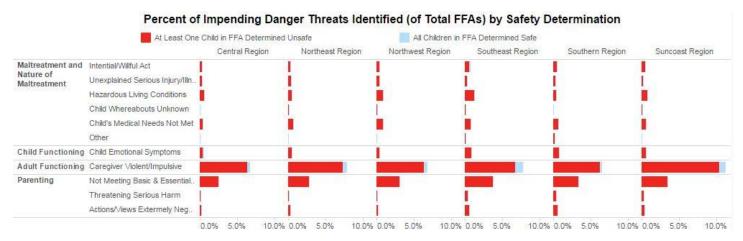
for Investigations Closed between November 23, 2016 and January 22, 2017

Percent of FFAs - Investigation by Impending Danger Threat and Safety Determination



Impending Danger Threats Identified by Safety Determination

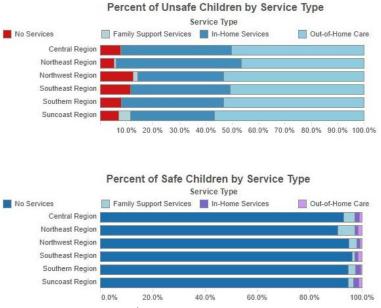
This Tableau visualization indicates the percentage of the identified Impending Danger Threats for both safe and unsafe children, by region.



These Tableau visualizations reflect investigations closed between October 20 and December 19, 2016.

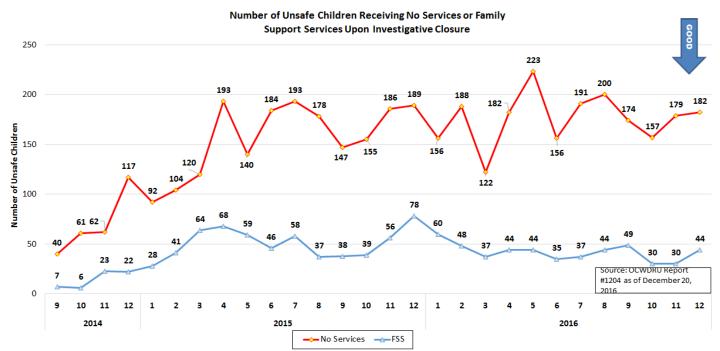
- The visualization on the left indicates that some children have been determined "unsafe," yet have no services (red). A root cause analysis determined that these cases were primarily a result of documentation error.
- The visualization on the right indicates that some children have been determined "safe," yet were placed in out-of-home care (violet) or received case-managed in-home services (dark blue).

These anomalies are receiving follow-up to determine cause.



Unsafe Children with No Services or Family Supports

The following chart provides a trend view of the number of children who have been deemed unsafe, by month of investigative closure, who are receiving Family Support Services or No Services as opposed to ongoing, case-managed services. Once again, it was determined that those "unsafe" children receiving no services is a result of documentation errors. The PMU is working closely with operations to remedy the errors.

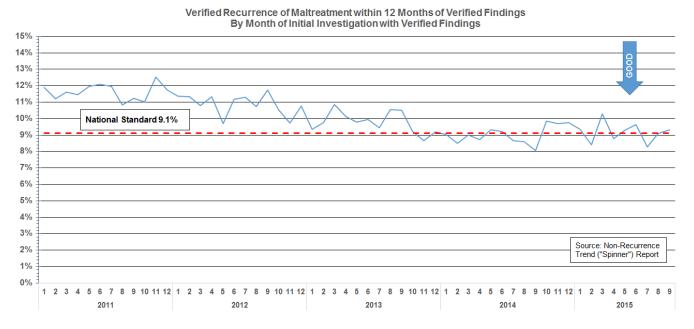


Statewide: Recurrence of Maltreatment After Verified Findings





Recurrence within 12 months has consistently been within a percentage point since October 2013 and is currently at 9.3%.

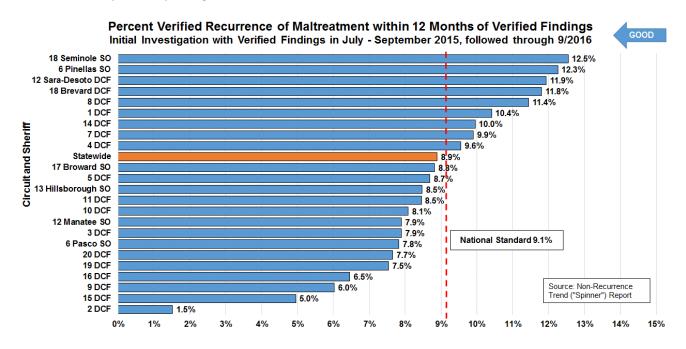


Stratification by DCF Circuit and Sheriff's Office





There is wide variation among the circuits and sheriff's offices on this indicator. However, it should be noted variation in rates is influenced by both reporting and verification rates.



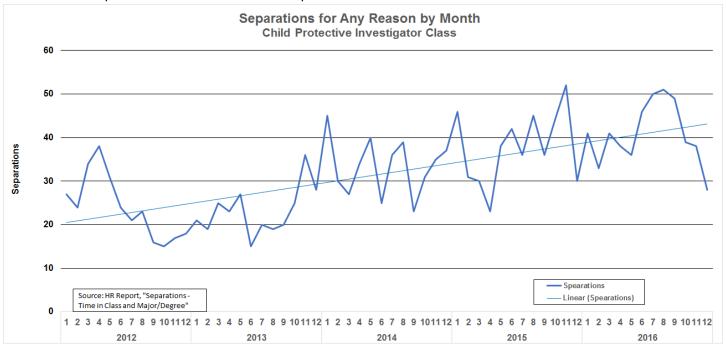
CPI Workforce

Monthly Separations





CPI and Senior CPI separations continue to decline with CPI separations falling to 28 for December 2016. This is lowest number of CPI separations within a month since April 2015

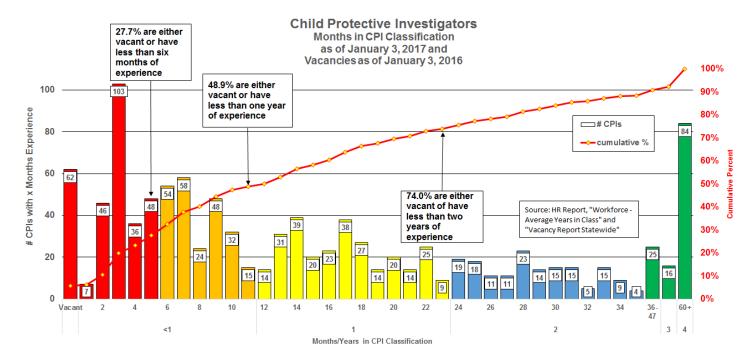


Time in Classification





Consistent with recent trends, 27.7% of CPIs positions are vacant or have less than 6 months experience and 48.9% are vacant or have less than 1 year experience.



Flow from CPI to CBC Lead Agencies

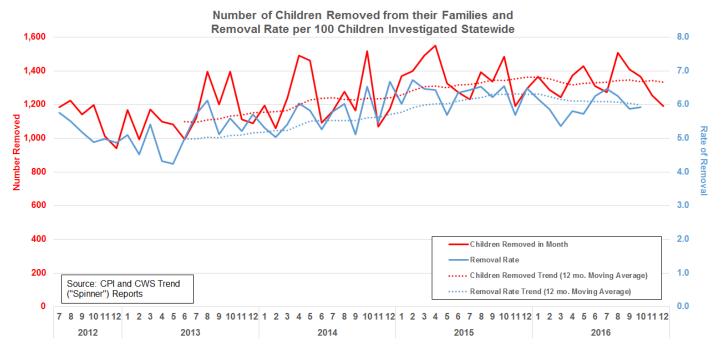
Removals and Removal Rates

Statewide Trend





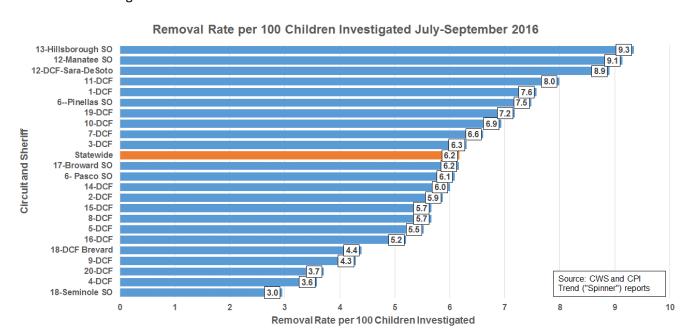
1,192 children were removed in December, continuing a four month declining trend. The rate of removal for October was 5.9 per 100 children investigated.



Quarterly Stratification by Circuit and Sheriff's Office

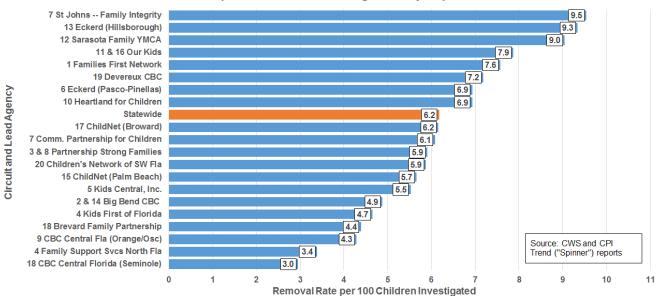
Q

There remains wide variation among circuits and sheriff's offices on this indicator. Removal rates range from 3.0 to 9.3 per 100 children investigated.



There is wide variation among the circuits and CBC lead agencies on this indicator.

Removal Rate per 100 Children Investigated July-September 2016



Community-Based Care Lead Agencies

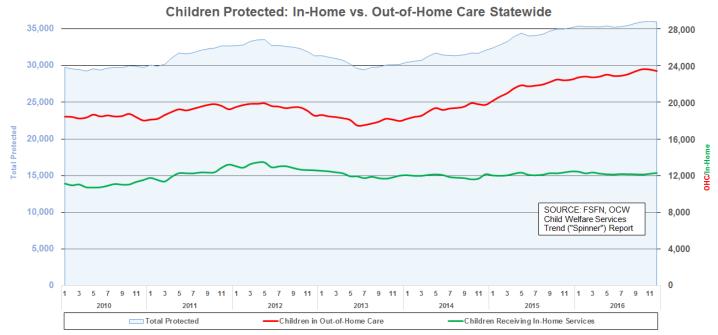
Caseload Indicators

Statewide Trends in Case-Managed Services





There were 23,579 children in out-of-home (OHC) care on December 31, 2016, consistent with the upward trend in OHC observed since the middle of 2013. The trend for children receiving in-home services has remained relatively flat for three years, with 12,384 children receiving in-home services on December 31, 2016.



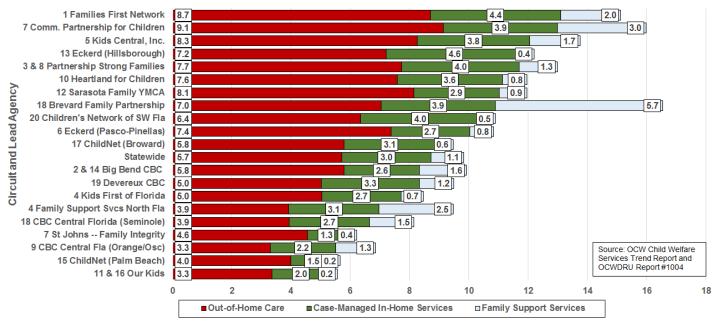
Services Mix





There continues to be variation among circuits in regards to in-home and out-of-home care services, with the widest variation occurring in use of Family Support Services.



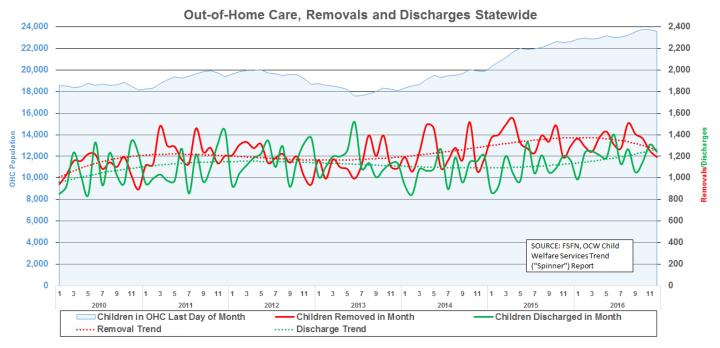


Removals and Discharges Compared to Out-of-Home Care Trend





The number of removals continued to decline, having a total removal count of 1,192 for the month of December. Monthly discharges decreased from 1,307 in November to 1,242 discharges in December.

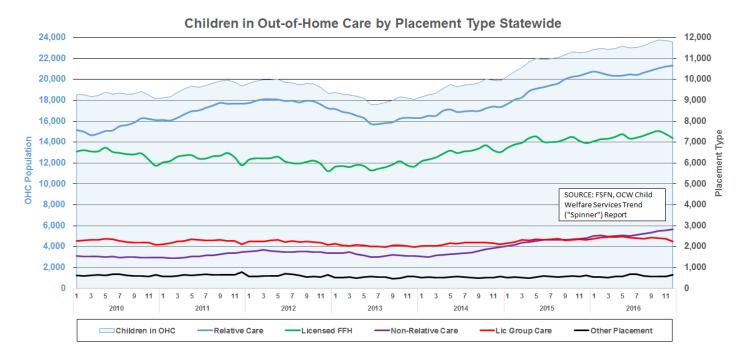


Placement Types Compared to Children in Out-of-Home Care Trend





The rise in children in out-of—home care over the last three years has been met primarily by increases in unlicensed kinship placements — relatives beginning in 2013; non-relatives in 2014. On December 31, 2016, there 23,579 children in out-of home care with 10, 667 in relative care placement, 7,191 in a licensed family foster home, 2,828 in non-relative care, 2,238 in licensed group care, and 655 in other placement.



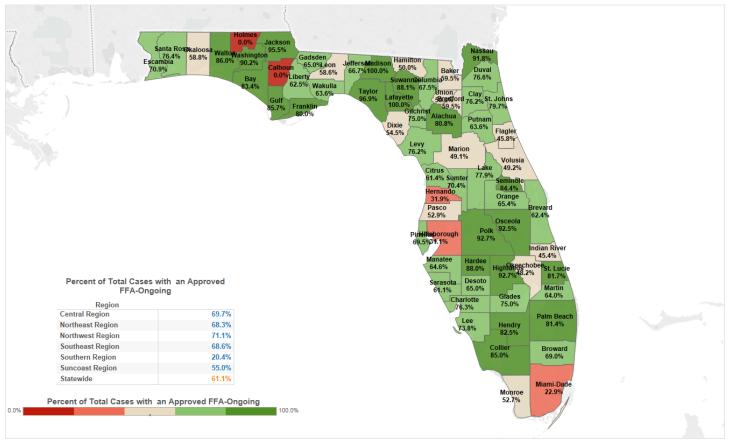
Family Functioning Assessment-Ongoing Implementation Map





This Tableau map provides county-specific percentages, as well as percentages by region. Please note that this map is a snapshot in time and does not reflect closed cases that utilized a FFA ongoing. Zero percent for some counties may result from a small number of cases or cases assigned to other counties.

Ongoing Services Safety Methodology Implementation Status as of 1/20/2017



Source: FSFN report Active Cases with an Approved FFA-Ongoing – OCWRU #1084 Notes: Small number of cases will affect county percentages. Based on location of primary worker



CBC Rapid Safety Feedback





The chart below contains the results of Quality Assurance case reviews which rate the cases on various areas as either "strengths" or "opportunities for improvement."

CBC Statewide Rapid Safety Feedback: Percent Considered "Strength"

October-December 2016 1 Are family assessments of danger threats, child vulnerability, and family protective capacities sufficient to identify safety concerns and case plan actions needed to effectively address caregiver protective capacities and... 50.0% 1.1 Is the most recent family assessment sufficient? 45.9% 1.2 Is the most recent family assessment completed timely? 2 Are visits between case managers, children, and parent(s) or legal custodian(s) sufficient to ensure child safety and evaluate progress toward case plan outcomes? 2.1 Is the quality of visits between the case manager and the child(ren) 68.2% sufficient to address issues pertaining to safety and evaluate progress toward case plan outcomes? 2.2 Is the frequency of visits between the case manager and the child(ren) 77.1% sufficient to ensure child safety and evaluate progress toward case plan outcomes? 2.3 Is the quality of visits between the case manager and the child's mother 68.1% sufficient to address issues pertaining to safety and evaluate progress toward case plan outcomes? 2.4 Is the frequency of the visits between the case manager and the child's 84.5% mother sufficient to ensure child safety and evaluate progress toward case plan outcomes? 2.5 Is the quality of the vists between the case manager and the child's 56.5% father sufficient to address issues pertaining to safety and evaluate progress toward case plan outcomes? 2.6 Is the frequency of the visits between the case manager and the child's 57.1% father sufficient to ensure child safety and evaluate progress toward case plan outcomes? 3 Are background checks and home assessments sufficient and responded to with a sense of urgency when needed to address potential danger threats? 3.1 Are background checks and home assessments completed when 65.9% needed? 3.2 Is the information assessed and used to address potential danger 71.9% threats? 4 Is a sufficient safety plan in place to control danger threats to protect a child? 56.0% 4.1 Is the safety plan sufficient? 4.2 Is the safety plan actively monitored to ensure that it is working 51.5% effectively to protect the child(ren) from identified danger threats? 5 Is the case manager supervisor conducting guided discussions at specific points in the case management process focused on promoting effective practice and decision making? 5.1 Is the supervisor regularly consulting with the case manager? 54.6% 46.8% 5.2 Is the supervisor ensuring recommended actions are followed up on?



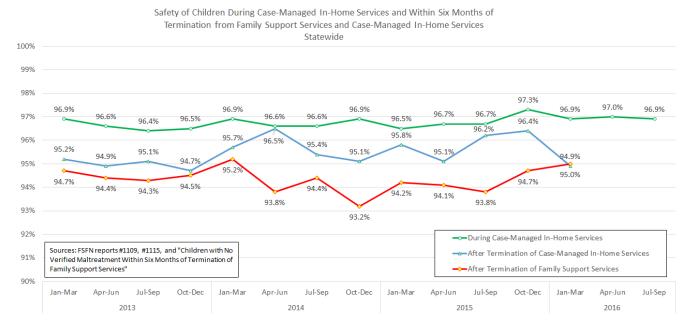
Safety Indicators

Child Safety Trends: Comparison of Three Indicators

Children continue to be safer while receiving services than after termination of services:

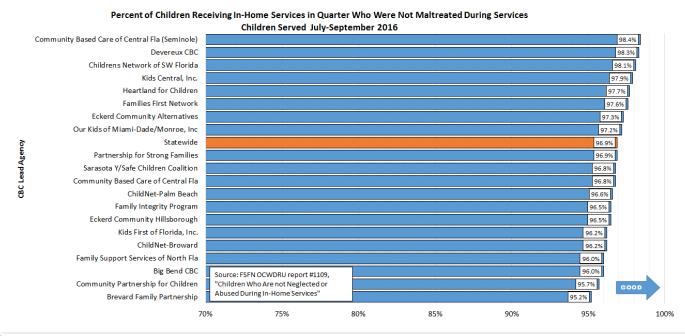


- The percent of children with no verified maltreatment during case-managed in-home services has been steady at around 97% for years and was 96.9% in July-September 2016.
- The percent of children with no verified maltreatment within six months after termination of case-managed services was 94.9% for July to September 2016.
- The percent of children with no verified maltreatment within six months of termination of Family Support Services was at 95% for those closing in January to March 2015.

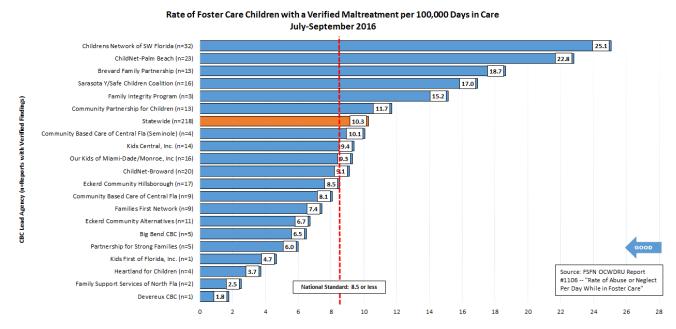


Child Safety During Case-Managed In-Home Services Statewide performance for July to September was 96.9%.

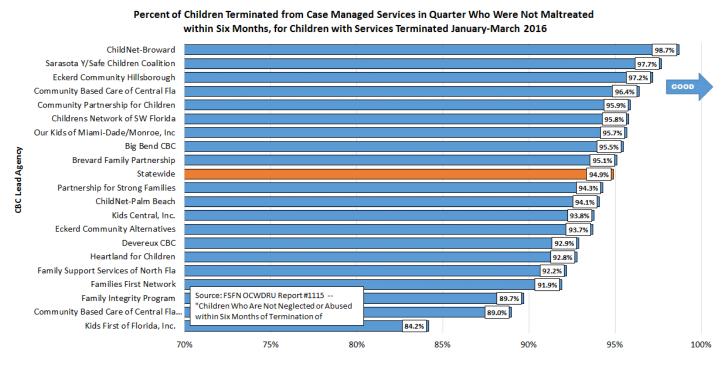




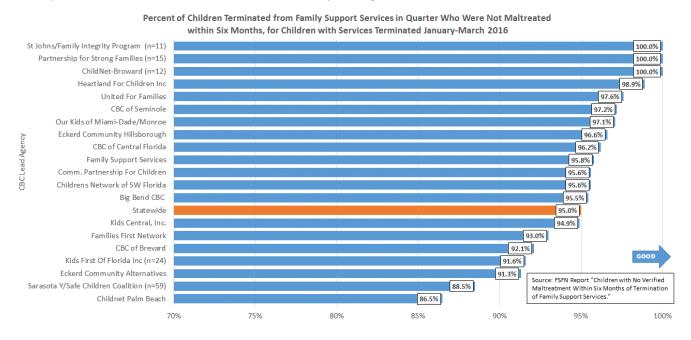
This measure is generated by taking the total number of reports with at least one verified maltreatment and dividing it by the total number of days in foster care for all children, with the result multiplied by 100,000 to calculate the rate of victimization per 100,000 days in foster care. The data for this quarter shows wide variation among the CBCs, with statewide performance not meeting the national standard of 8.50 or less.



Child Safety After Termination of Case-Managed Services Statewide performance for services terminated in January to March 2016 was 94.1%.



Statewide performance for services terminated in January through March 2016 was 95.0%.



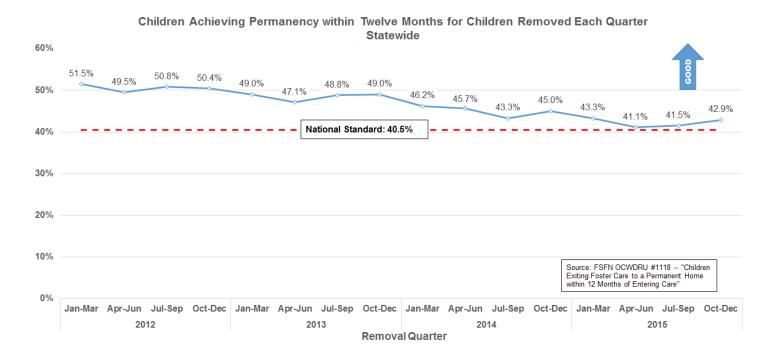
Permanency Indicators

Statewide Trend: Permanency Within 12 Months of Removal





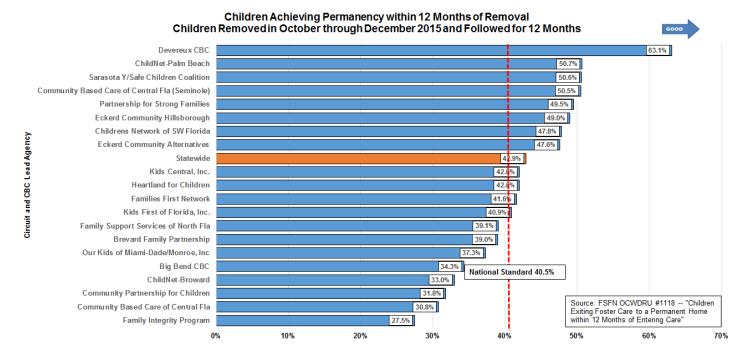
Permanency within 12 Months of Removal is our primary indicator of timely permanency. Statewide performance is at a current level of 42.9%, demonstrating a slight upward trend for the past three quarters.







Twelve of the lead agencies exceed the national standard of 40.5%.

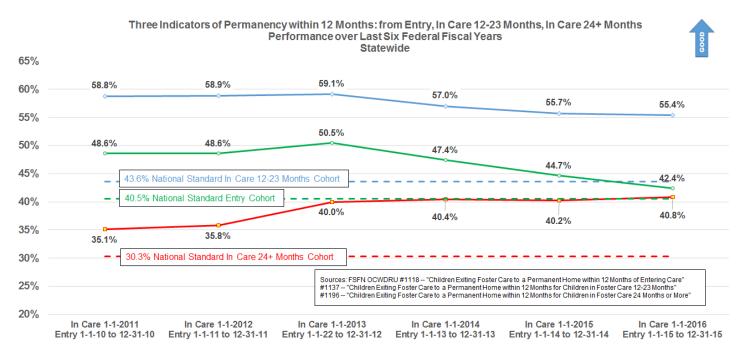


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Long-Term Statewide Trends on Three Permanency Indicators

The following chart shows the long-term changes in the relationship between three indicators of timely permanency performance. Florida continues to exceed national standards on all three indicators. However, permanency within 12 months for both entry cohorts and in-care 12-23 month cohorts declined in the last two years, while permanency within 12 months for children in care 24+ months cohorts improved in the last few years.

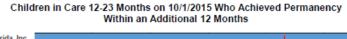


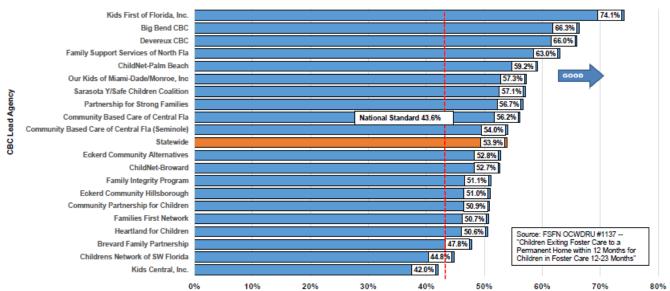




Stratification by CBC Lead Agency

Statewide performance continues to exceed the national average with 19 of 20 CBCs achieving standard.





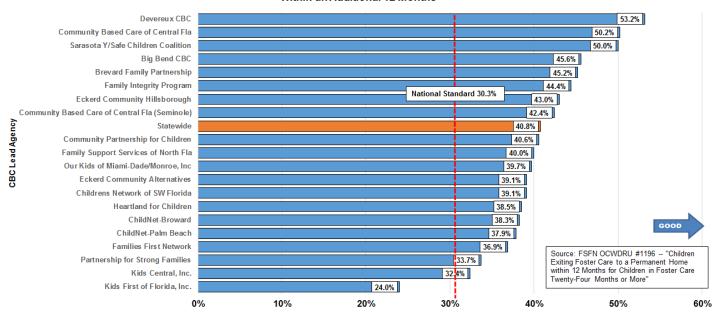
Permanency Within 12 Months for Children in Care 24+ Months Stratification by CBC Lead Agency





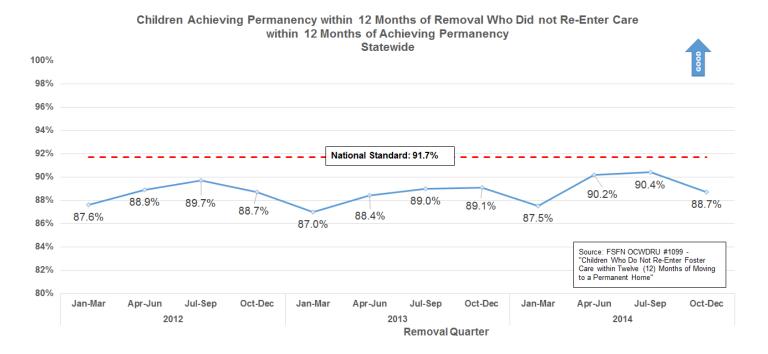
Statewide performance of 40.8% is high with all but one area meeting the 30.3% national standard.

Children in Care 24+ Months on 1/1/2016 Who Achieved Permanency Within an Additional 12 Months

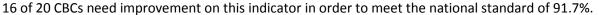


Statewide Trend: Re-Entry into OHC Within 12 Months of Achieving Permanency

Statewide performance for the most recent available quarter (entries two years ago) declined for the October-December quarter. However, performance has remained below the national standard of 91.7% for entries since 2012. This new federal measure presents an incomplete picture of re-entry, selecting only children removed two years ago who achieved permanency within 12 months and did not return to out-of-home care within 12 months of achieving permanency.



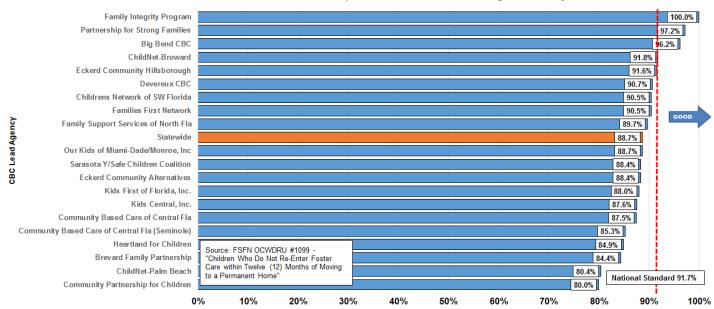
Stratification by CBC Lead Agency







Children Removed October Through December 2014 Who Achieved Permanency within 12 Months and Did Not Re-Enter Care within the Subsequent 12 Months After Achieving Permanency



Timeliness of Judicial Handling

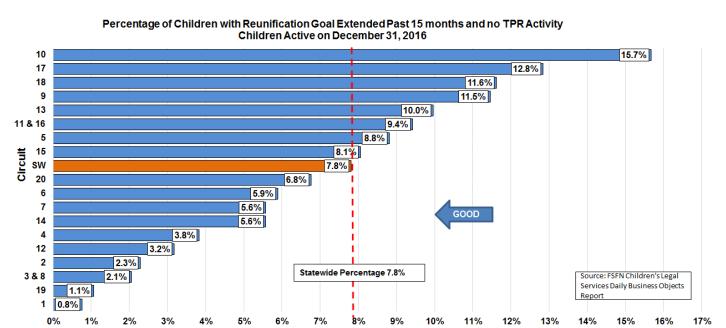
These Children's Legal Services indicators are directly related to the indicators of timely permanency.

Reunification Goal After 15 Months and No Termination of Parental Rights Activity





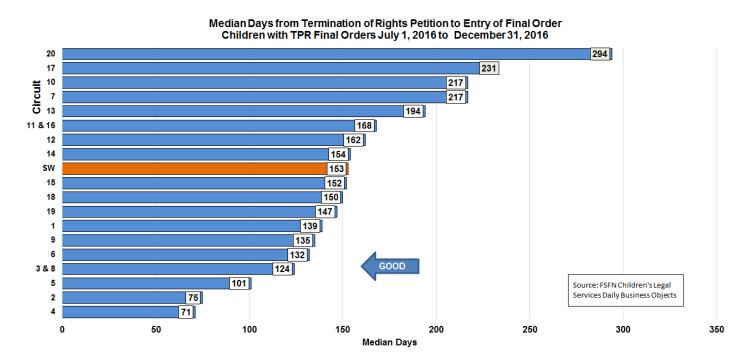
The statewide average was 7.8% on December 31, 2016. Circuit goals are set for each period after review of baseline information.



Timeliness of Termination of Parental Rights, from Petition to Order

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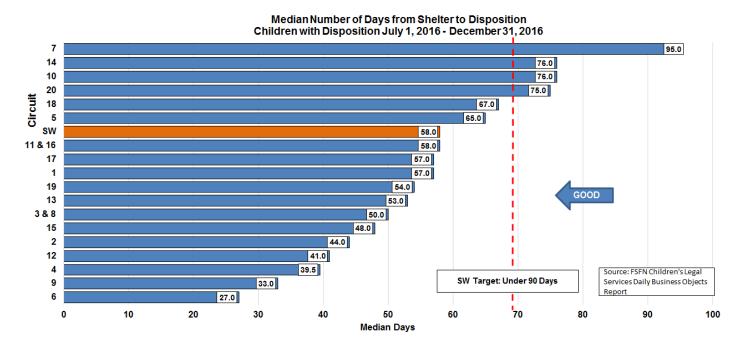
The statewide median was 153 days in July through December. Circuit goals are set for each period after review of baseline information.



Time from Removal Date to Disposition Order



The statewide median is 58 days, much better than the statewide target of less than 90 days. Circuit goals are set for each six-month period after review of baseline information.



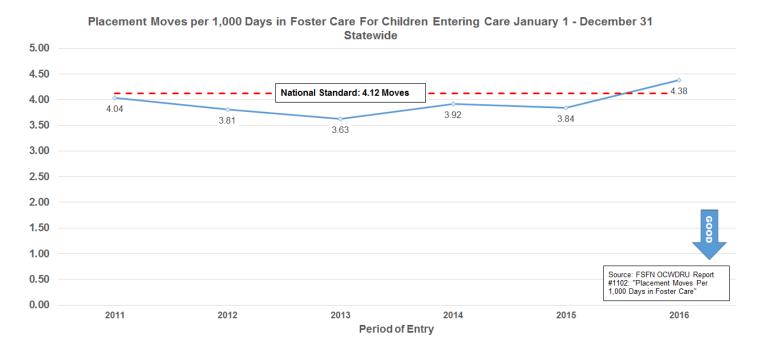
Maintaining Connections in Placement





Statewide Trend: Placement Stability

Statewide performance has been slightly better than the national standard of 4.12 moves per 1,000 days in foster care over the last few years, until increasing to 4.38 moves per 1,000 days in the last four quarters.



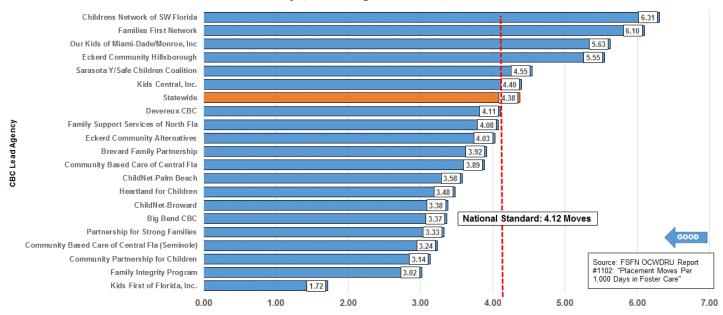
Stratification by CBC Lead Agency





Statewide performance, currently at 4.38 moves per 1,000 days in foster care, does not meet the national standard of 4.12 moves. There is wide variation among the lead agencies, with most meeting the standard.

Placement Moves Per 1,000 Days in Foster Care for Children Entering Foster Care January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2016

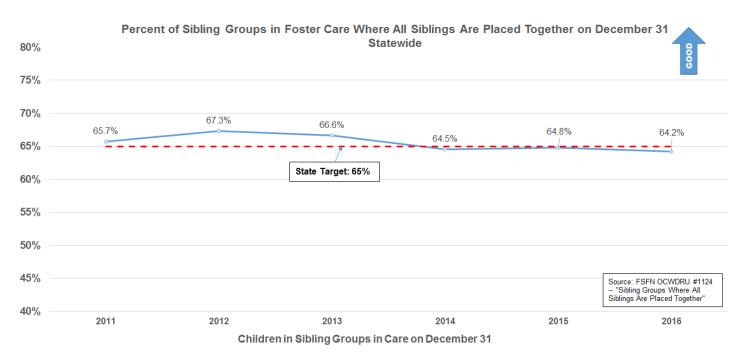


Statewide Trend: Placement of Siblings Group Together





Statewide performance has declined slightly over the last few years from around 66% to around 64%.





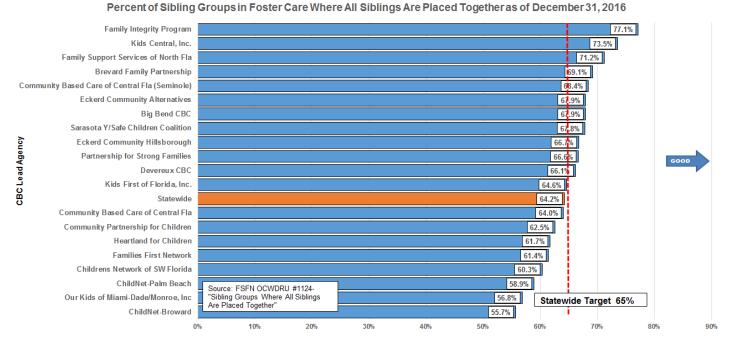
Stratification by CBC Lead Agency







Although statewide performance was at 64.2% on December 31, there is variation among the lead agencies.



Proximity of Placement to Maintain Connections



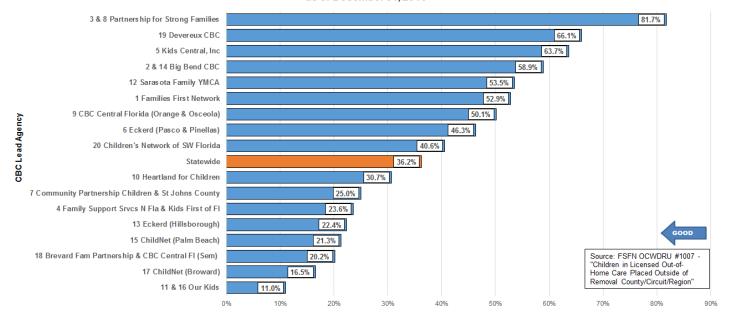




Children Placed Outside Removal County

36.2% of children are currently placed outside of their removal county, but there is wide variation across CBCs.

Percent of Children in Licensed Out-of-Home Care Placed Outside of Removal County as of December 31, 2016



Children Placed Outside the Removal Circuit

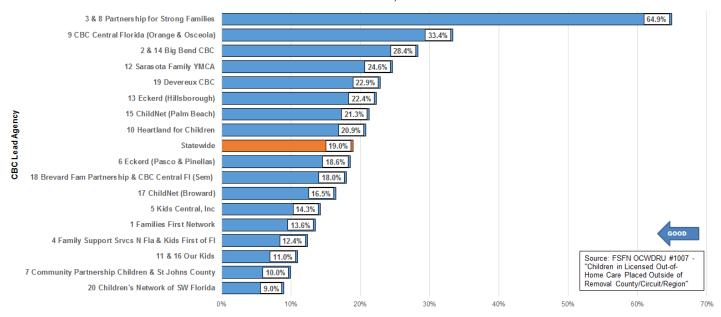






The 19.0% currently placed outside of their removal circuit is lower than for the out-of-county indicator, as many children that are not placed in their home county are placed within their home circuit.

Percent of Children in Licensed Out-of-Home Care Placed Outside of Removal Circuit as of December 31, 2016



Placement in Family Settings



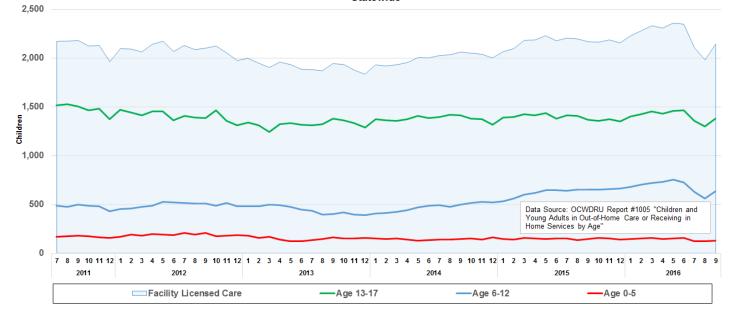




Trends in Group Care by Age Report

The number of children aged 6-12 in group care has increased sharply since 2014. There was an observed increase in group care for September in both the 6-12 and 13-17 age groups.







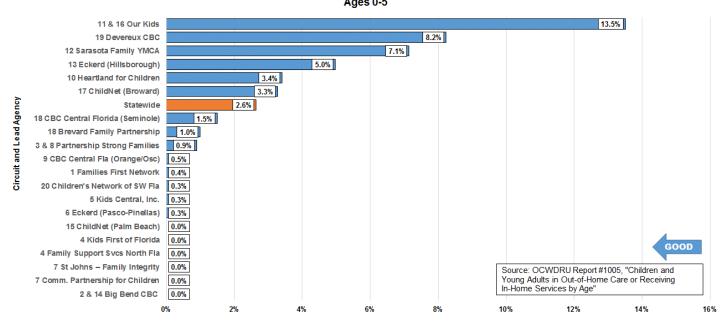






Percent of Children in Licensed Care Who Were Placed in Group Care as of 12/31/2016

Thirteen lead agencies had 1.0% or less of these very young children placed in group care on December 31.



Children in Group Care by Age Group: Ages 6-12

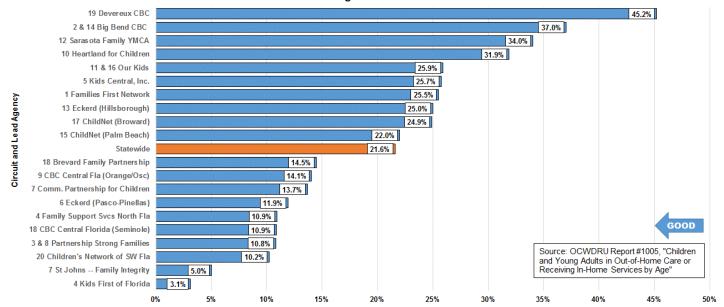






The percentage of children in group care increases with age, with one CBC having more than twice the percentage of children aged 6-12 in group care compared to the statewide level.

Percent of Children in Licensed Care Who Were Placed in Group Care as of 12/31/2016 Ages 6-12



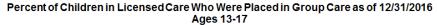
Children in Group Care by Age Group: Ages 13-17

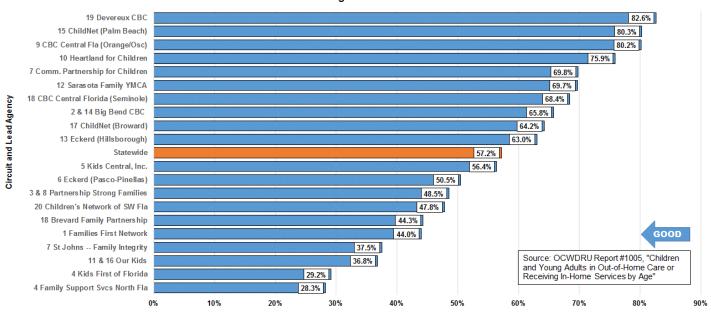






Most CBC lead agencies have 50% or more children in this age range placed in a group home environment, with three CBCs having over 80%.





Children in Group Care by Age Group: Ages 0-17

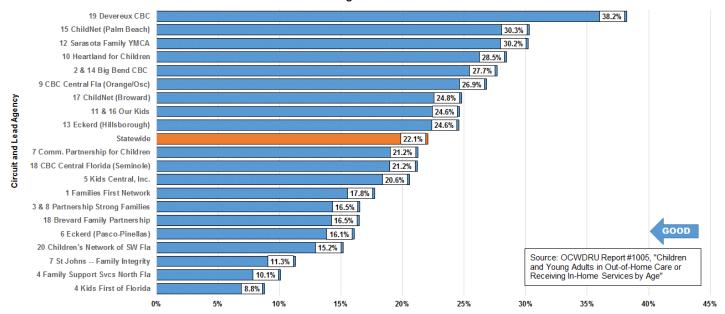






Statewide, almost one quarter of all children in licensed care aged 0-17 were placed in group care on December 31.

Percent of Children in Licensed Care Who Were Placed in Group Care as of 12/31/2016 Ages 0-17



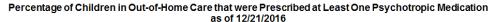
Prescribed Psychotropic Medications

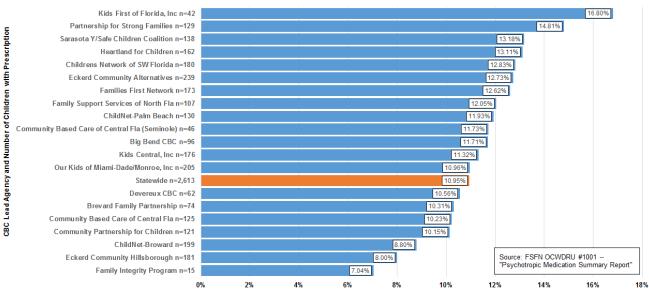
Children in Out-of-Home Care with Prescribed Psychotropic Medications





The statewide percentage of children in out-of-home care with at least one prescribed psychotropic medication on February 1^{st} was 10.93%. This chart provides the number and percentage with psychotropic medications.





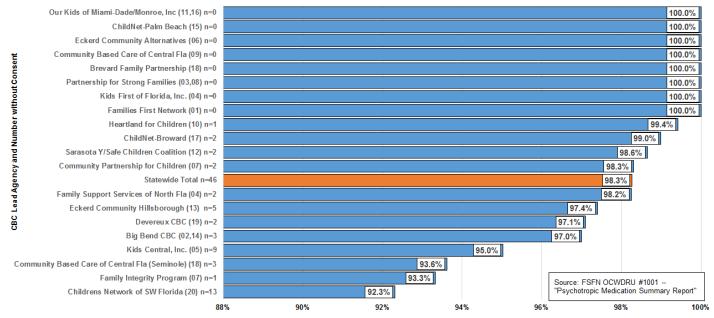
Children with Consent for Prescribed Psychotropic Medications





In order to administer psychotropic medication to a foster child, parental consent or a court order must be obtained, unless the child is receiving inpatient services or a physician certifies that delay would be likely to harm the child. The statewide percentage of children with at least one prescribed psychotropic medication on February was 98.3%. This chart provides the number with no consent and percentage with consent.

Children in Out-of-Home Care that Were Prescribed at Least One Psychotropic Medication Percent with Consent Obtained as of 2/1/2017



Dental Services

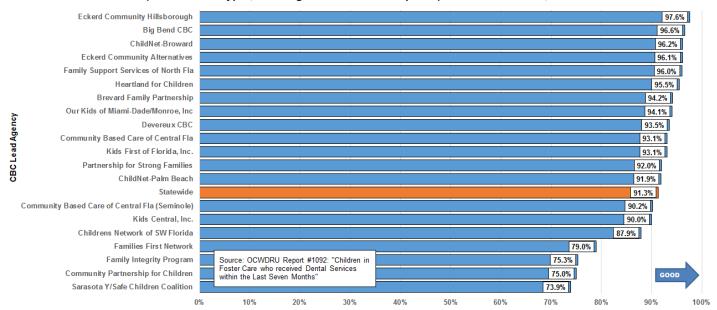
Children Receiving Dental Services in Last Seven Months





Considerable progress has been made in the last few years with medical and dental services, with the statewide percent of children receiving recent dental services at 91.3% as of December 31st.

Percent of Children in Out-of-Home Care Who Received Dental Services within the Last Seven Months (All Placement Types, including Licensed and Kinship Care) -- as of December 31, 2016



Education Program Enrollment

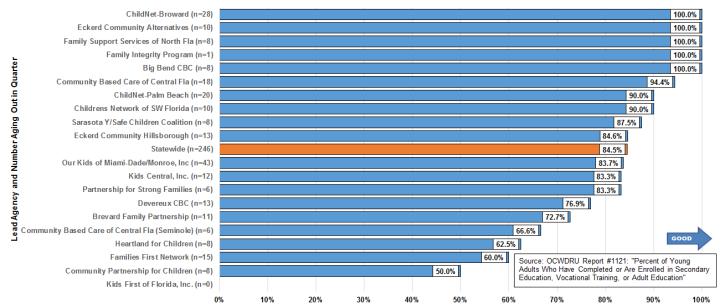




Young Adults Aging Out Enrolled in Education Programs

For children who don't achieve permanency prior to reaching adulthood, it is crucial that they are prepared for life after foster care by the time they "age out" of care. This is one indicator of that preparation for adulthood, but does not control for any of the many variables that influence this preparation, including time in care and the child's educational level when entering care.

Percent of Young Adults Aging Out of Foster Care Who Have Completed or are Enrolled in Secondary Education, Vocational Training, or Adult Education -- for Young Adults Aging Out between October1 and December 31, 2016



Dually Served Youth

decreased to 840, surpassing the 799 youth in January of 2016.





Statewide Trend: Youths Served by CBC Lead Agencies and Juvenile Justice The number of youths served by both the child welfare system and the juvenile justice system in January of 2017



Stratification by CBC Lead Agency





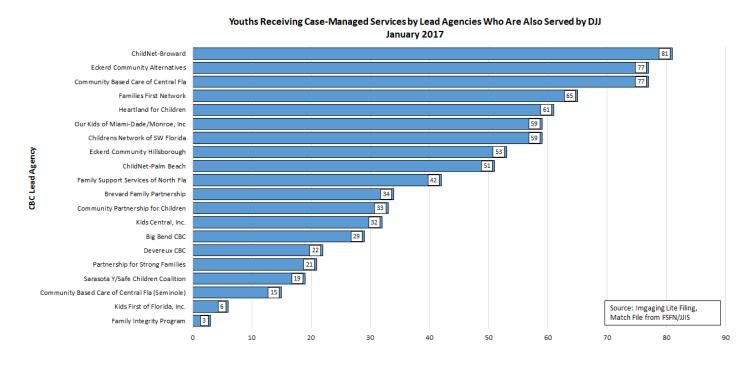
The number of youths served by both systems is variable among the lead agencies, but is related to the total number of youths served by each lead agency.

→In Home

→Independent Living

→—Out of Home

→Statewide



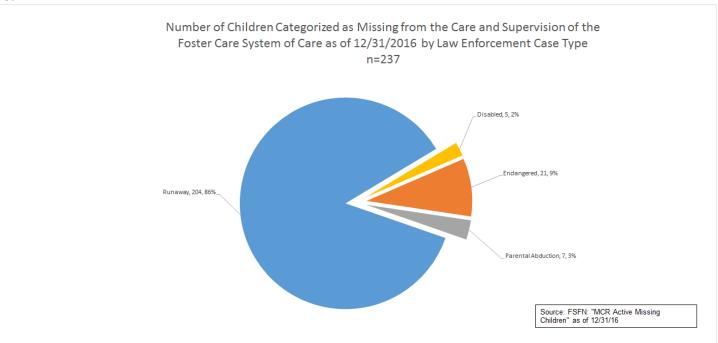
Missing Child

Children Categorized as Missing from Care and Supervision



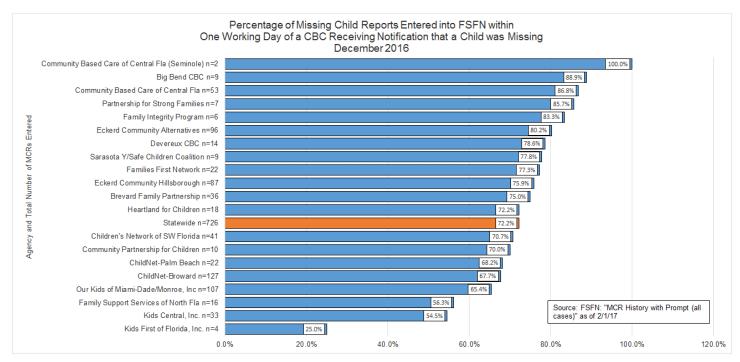


As of December 31, 2016 a total of 237 children were categorized as missing from the care and supervision of the of the Florida foster care system. 204 of these children were categorized as being a "Runaway" by local law enforcement (86%). Both the total number and percentage of children categorized as missing by category were typical for this time of year.



Child Reports Entered into FSFN

There is wide variance in the total number of missing child reports that were entered within FSFN and the percentage of missing child reports entered into FSFN within one working day of a CBC learning that a child was missing across the CBCs. On average, of the 726 missing child reports that were attached to 389 children 72.2% were entered into FSFN within one day of a CBC learning that a child was missing.

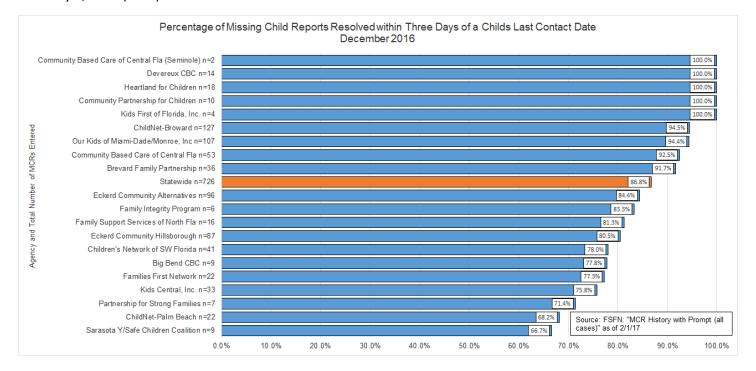


Resolution of reports within 3 days





The majority of missing child episodes are generally resolved quickly. Of the 726 missing child report that were entered into FSFN in November 86.6% of these were resolved within three days and only 26 remained active within FSFN as of February 1, 2017 (3.6%).



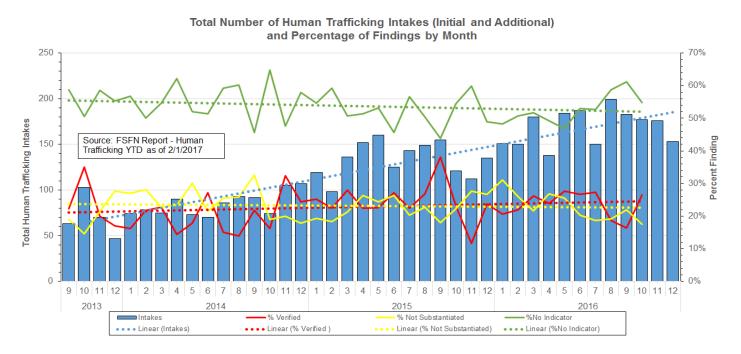
Human Trafficking





Human Trafficking Intakes Trend

The trend in monthly number of Human Trafficking Reports (Initial and Additional) accepted by the Hotline continued to increase, while the trend in percent with no indicators continued the long-term gradual decline, despite the two consecutive month increase in the percent of no indicator.



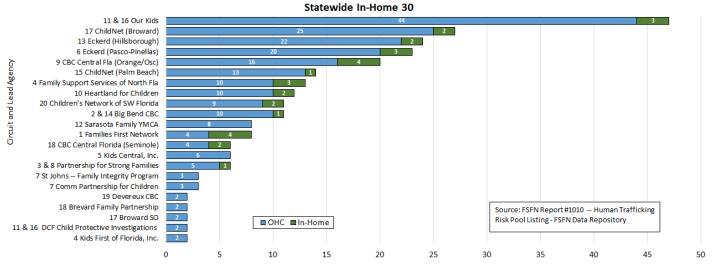
Children with Indication of Human Trafficking by CBC Lead Agency





The number of children in out-of-home care or receiving in-home services with at least one FSFN indicator of being a victim of Human Trafficking remains concentrated within Florida's most urban centers, primarily in the Gold Coast and Tampa Bay areas.

Children in Out-of-Home Care or Receiving In-Home Services on 2-1-2017 with at Least One Indicator of Human Trafficking Documented within FSFN Statewide Out of Home= 222





Child Care and Domestic Violence

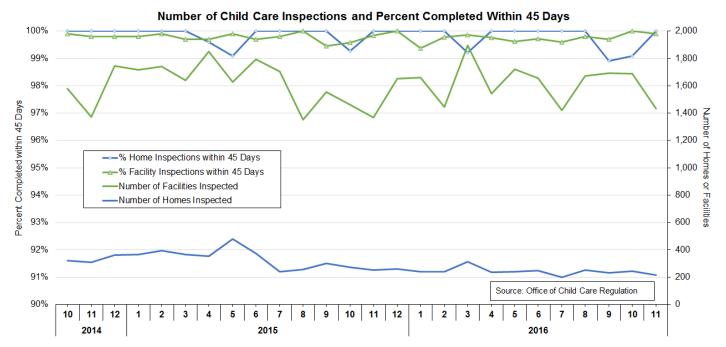
Child Care Regulation

Child Care Inspections per Month





Timely home inspections achieved 100.0% and timely facility inspections 99.9% for November 2016.



Domestic Violence





Percent Victims Leaving a Shelter with a Family Safety and Security Plan

The number of children in out-of-home care or receiving in-home services with at least one FSFN indicator of being a victim of Human Trafficking remains concentrated within Florida's most urban centers, primarily in the Gold Coast and Tampa Bay areas.

