## 2016 Florida Youth Substance Abuse Survey

Table 1. Major demographic characteristics of surveyed Union and Florida Statewide, 2016

	Un	ion	Florida S	tatewide
	N	%	N	%
Sex				
Female	205	50.6	31,515	47.9
Male	195	48.1	32,905	50.0
Race/Ethnic group				
African American	47	11.6	14,666	22.3
American Indian	9	2.2	568	0.9
Asian	0	0.0	743	1.1
Hispanic/Latino	11	2.7	13,174	20.0
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	1	0.2	144	0.2
Other/Multiple	45	11.1	7,523	11.4
White, non-Hispanic	287	70.9	28,309	43.0
Age				
10	0	0.0	65	0.1
11	23	5.7	3,856	5.9
12	59	14.6	8,338	12.7
13	62	15.3	9,230	14.0
14	50	12.3	9,454	14.4
15	68	16.8	10,070	15.3
16	57	14.1	9,684	14.7
17	61	15.1	9,348	14.2
18	22	5.4	4,799	7.3
19 or older	2	0.5	618	0.9
Grade				
6th	67	16.5	9,301	14.1
7th	69	17.0	9,215	14.0
8th	58	14.3	9,326	14.2
9th	58	14.3	10,140	15.4
10th	57	14.1	9,834	15.0
11th	62	15.3	9,254	14.1
12th	34	8.4	8,705	13.2
Overall Middle School	194	47.9	27,678	42.1
Overall High School	211	52.1	37,765	57.4
Total	405	100.0	65,776	100.0

Note: Some categories do not sum to 100% of the total due to missing values (e.g., not all survey questions were answered). In addition, rounding can produce totals that do not equal 100%. "N" represents the number of valid cases. In this table, county data are unweighted while statewide data are weighted.

Table 2. Percentages of Union and Florida Statewide youth who reported having used various drugs in their lifetimes, 2016

				Union						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Alcohol	27.3	54.8	46.4	38.8	28.9	51.7	42.1	21.8	51.4	41.3	37.1	23.6	51.5	39.1
Blacking Out		18.9	20.4	18.1		17.1	18.9		15.9	16.5	15.4		16.1	15.9
Cigarettes	14.6	31.8	20.7	27.3	15.2	28.2	23.8	8.0	18.5	14.0	14.1	8.2	18.5	14.1
Vaporizer/E-Cigarette	14.4	32.2	21.5	26.7	16.3	28.4	23.9	14.6	33.9	24.4	27.1	15.7	34.5	25.8
Marijuana or Hashish	7.1	25.3	15.5	18.2	6.6	22.9	16.9	7.0	31.7	21.4	21.3	8.1	31.8	21.3
Synthetic Marijuana		5.0	3.4	6.6		5.0	5.0		4.9	4.8	5.0		4.8	4.9
Inhalants	4.0	3.9	6.2	1.9	4.6	3.9	3.9	6.4	4.6	6.1	4.7	6.4	4.7	5.4
Flakka		1.0	1.2	0.8		1.2	1.0		1.0	0.9	1.1		1.0	1.0
Club Drugs	1.0	2.5	1.7	1.9	1.0	1.8	1.8	0.7	3.0	1.9	2.2	0.8	2.9	2.1
LSD, PCP or Mushrooms	0.5	1.4	0.6	1.3	0.5	1.6	1.0	1.0	4.8	2.7	3.7	1.1	4.9	3.2
Methamphetamine	0.0	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.0	1.1	0.5	0.5	0.8	0.6	0.8	0.5	0.8	0.7
Cocaine or Crack Cocaine	1.0	1.8	1.4	1.4	1.0	2.0	1.4	0.8	2.5	1.6	1.9	0.8	2.3	1.8
Heroin	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Depressants	2.7	2.4	2.2	2.9	3.3	2.2	2.6	2.2	6.5	5.3	4.1	2.4	6.6	4.7
Prescription Pain Relievers	2.8	2.2	2.0	3.1	3.4	2.0	2.5	3.3	5.8	5.3	4.2	3.5	5.7	4.8
Prescription Amphetamines	1.0	3.1	0.4	3.8	1.0	3.2	2.1	1.3	4.7	3.3	3.2	1.4	4.6	3.2
Steroids (without a doctor's order)	0.5	0.7	0.0	1.2	0.5	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5
Over-the-Counter Drugs	4.4	3.3	2.8	4.7	4.4	2.8	3.8	3.2	5.3	4.7	4.2	3.4	5.4	4.4
Needle to Inject Illegal Drugs		0.9	0.0	1.7		1.1	0.9		0.8	0.6	0.8		0.8	0.8
Any illicit drug	16.1	32.9	23.1	27.0	17.4	29.0	25.0	15.7	36.4	29.0	26.4	16.6	36.6	27.7
Any illicit drug other than marijuana	11.7	13.7	10.9	14.7	13.5	12.0	12.7	12.0	17.7	16.4	14.2	12.3	17.7	15.3
Alcohol only	14.8	28.8	27.0	18.5	15.7	27.8	22.3	12.5	21.0	18.1	17.0	13.4	21.0	17.5
Alcohol or any illicit drug	30.3	61.4	49.7	45.0	32.7	56.3	46.8	27.8	57.2	46.8	43.1	29.6	57.4	44.8
Any illicit drug, but no alcohol	4.2	6.3	3.1	7.6	4.8	4.7	5.3	6.5	6.1	6.0	6.5	6.5	6.1	6.3

Note: The first 19 data rows show results for alcohol, cigarettes, and other drugs. The last five data rows show results for various combinations of drugs. Respondents were asked on how many occasions in their lifetime they woke up after a night of drinking and did not remember the things they did or the places they went. Ecstasy, Rohypnol, GHB and ketamine are provided as examples in the question about club drugs. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 3. Percentages of Union and Florida Statewide youth who reported having used various drugs in the past 30 days, 2016

				Union						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Alcohol	9.8	20.6	14.5	16.7	10.9	19.1	15.6	8.3	25.5	19.9	17.0	9.1	25.2	18.3
Binge Drinking	6.6	11.2	4.2	13.6	7.3	10.7	9.1	3.2	10.9	7.9	7.7	3.4	10.8	7.7
Cigarettes	1.1	5.2	2.3	4.3	0.6	6.6	3.3	1.4	4.8	3.3	3.5	1.5	4.6	3.4
Vaporizer/E-Cigarette	4.1	10.1	7.3	7.4	3.7	10.3	7.3	5.1	12.8	8.4	10.6	5.5	12.9	9.6
Marijuana or Hashish	4.2	11.6	6.1	10.3	3.7	11.9	8.2	3.2	17.0	10.9	11.5	3.9	16.9	11.2
Synthetic Marijuana		1.0	1.2	0.8		1.2	1.0		1.0	0.9	1.2		1.1	1.0
Inhalants	1.6	1.0	1.7	0.9	1.6	1.1	1.3	2.2	1.2	1.9	1.4	2.1	1.2	1.6
Flakka		1.0	1.2	0.8		1.2	1.0		0.5	0.4	0.7		0.5	0.5
Club Drugs	1.0	0.6	1.1	0.5	1.0	0.7	0.8	0.3	0.8	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.7	0.6
LSD, PCP or Mushrooms	0.0	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.0	1.1	0.5	0.3	1.4	0.7	1.1	0.3	1.4	0.9
Methamphetamine	0.0	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.0	1.1	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4
Cocaine or Crack Cocaine	0.5	1.0	1.1	0.4	0.5	1.1	0.8	0.3	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.8	0.6
Heroin	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2
Depressants	0.4	1.4	1.1	0.9	0.5	1.6	1.0	0.8	2.4	2.0	1.5	0.9	2.5	1.8
Prescription Pain Relievers	1.7	0.0	1.1	0.5	1.7	0.0	0.8	1.6	2.0	2.2	1.5	1.6	2.1	1.8
Prescription Amphetamines	0.0	1.7	0.0	1.8	0.0	2.0	0.9	0.5	1.6	1.1	1.2	0.6	1.7	1.2
Steroids (without a doctor's order)	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.9	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Over-the-Counter Drugs	2.7	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.7	1.8	2.5	1.8	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.8	2.1	2.0
Any illicit drug	8.8	14.3	10.0	13.7	8.5	14.1	11.8	7.5	20.0	15.1	14.2	8.1	20.0	14.7
Any illicit drug other than marijuana	6.2	5.3	5.5	6.0	6.3	5.1	5.7	5.6	7.7	7.3	6.2	5.7	7.7	6.8
Alcohol only	3.7	12.8	8.5	8.6	5.3	10.5	8.6	5.2	13.4	11.1	9.1	5.6	13.3	10.0
Alcohol or any illicit drug	12.6	26.9	18.4	21.9	13.7	24.3	20.2	12.5	32.9	25.8	22.9	13.5	32.9	24.3
Any illicit drug, but no alcohol	3.4	5.7	3.3	6.0	3.4	4.6	4.6	4.5	7.8	6.4	6.3	4.7	8.0	6.4

Note: The first 18 data rows show results for alcohol, cigarettes, and other drugs. The last five data rows show results for various combinations of drugs. Binge drinking is defined as having had five or more alcoholic drinks in a row in the past two weeks. Ecstasy, Rohypnol, GHB and ketamine are provided as examples in the question about club drugs. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 4. Lifetime trend in alcohol, tobacco and other drug use for Union, 2006 to 2016

		2006			2008			2010			2012			2014			2016	
	Middle School	U	Total	Middle School		Total	Middle School		Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	O	Total	Middle School	U	Total
Alcohol	45.2	72.7	59.9	35.8	62.9	50.4	30.7	61.6	47.3	34.5	63.1	49.6	25.1	61.4	44.6	27.3	54.8	42.1
Blacking Out														31.2	31.2		18.9	18.9
Cigarettes	32.4	48.0	40.6	26.7	39.4	33.6	23.2	35.8	29.9	25.6	40.8	33.6	15.7	35.3	26.2	14.6	31.8	23.8
Vaporizer/E-Cigarette																14.4	32.2	23.9
Marijuana or Hashish	12.0	28.8	20.9	10.7	26.3	19.1	12.5	31.5	22.7	11.2	31.6	22.0	10.1	30.6	21.2	7.1	25.3	16.9
Synthetic Marijuana											8.1	8.1		11.0	11.0		5.0	5.0
Inhalants	12.0	11.6	11.8	11.5	8.8	10.0	8.1	9.2	8.7	6.5	5.3	5.9	5.1	5.6	5.4	4.0	3.9	3.9
Flakka																	1.0	1.0
Club Drugs				0.6		0.6	0.9	5.0	3.1	1.7	3.9	2.9	0.3	3.3	1.9	1.0	2.5	1.8
LSD, PCP or Mushrooms				2.2		2.2	0.4	4.4	2.6	4.2	4.4	4.3	0.6	7.9	4.5	0.5	1.4	1.0
Methamphetamine	3.3	0.9	2.0	0.5	1.3	0.9	0.4	1.1	0.8	1.1	2.1	1.6	0.9	1.8	1.4	0.0	1.0	0.5
Cocaine or Crack Cocaine				2.5		2.5	0.9	4.1	2.7	1.2	3.3	2.3	0.9	4.7	3.0	1.0	1.8	1.4
Heroin	0.6	0.9	0.8	1.4	1.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.2
Depressants	1.1	8.4	5.0	2.7	7.4	5.2	2.9	7.4	5.3	2.2	5.5	4.0	2.6	8.1	5.6	2.7	2.4	2.6
Prescription Pain Relievers	8.6	9.2	8.9	7.0	12.4	9.9	1.9	11.9	7.2	4.8	11.3	8.2	3.0	8.6	6.1	2.8	2.2	2.5
Prescription Amphetamines	2.2	0.9	1.5	1.9	3.7	2.9	0.8	2.7	1.8	1.0	3.2	2.2	1.5	4.7	3.3	1.0	3.1	2.1
Steroids (without a doctor's order)	2.7	0.5	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.7	1.2	0.0	0.5	0.5	1.5	1.0	0.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.7	0.6
Over-the-Counter Drugs				5.7		5.7	3.4	7.7	5.7	4.0	6.1	5.1	2.5	5.8	4.3	4.4	3.3	3.8
Needle to Inject Drugs																	0.9	0.9
Any illicit drug	24.7	35.0	29.9	22.1	36.3	29.8	20.0	35.5	28.3	19.6	36.9	28.7	16.0	33.5	25.4	16.1	32.9	25.0
Any illicit drug other than marijuana	21.8	20.8	21.2	19.1	23.9	21.7	13.5	20.7	17.4	13.2	20.4	16.9	9.0	17.7	13.7	11.7	13.7	12.7
Alcohol only	23.2	40.5	32.7	17.5	30.6	24.6	17.1	29.3	23.7	20.4	28.1	24.4	15.4	29.7	23.1	14.8	28.8	22.3
Alcohol or any illicit drug	47.6	75.4	62.3	40.0	66.8	54.4	37.0	64.8	51.8	39.9	65.0	53.1	31.3	63.6	48.7	30.3	61.4	46.8
Any illicit drug, but no alcohol	3.2	3.1	3.1	4.6	3.7	4.1	6.8	3.2	4.8	5.5	1.9	3.6	6.3	2.2	4.1	4.2	6.3	5.3

Note: The first 19 data rows show results for alcohol, cigarettes, and other drugs. The last five data rows show results for various combinations of drugs. Respondents were asked on how many occasions in their lifetime they woke up after a night of drinking and did not remember the things they did or the places they went. Ecstasy, Rohypnol, GHB and ketamine are provided as examples in the question about club drugs. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

2016 Florida Youth Substance Abuse Survey - Union Report

Table 5. Past-30-day trend in alcohol, tobacco and other drug use for Union, 2006 to 2016

		2006			2008			2010			2012			2014			2016	
	Middle School	0	Total	Middle School	0	Total	Middle School	U	Total	Middle School		Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	High School	Total
Alcohol	16.7	41.5	29.7	13.4	43.6	29.7	14.2	28.8	22.0	18.2	38.7	29.0	9.5	40.6	26.1	9.8	20.6	15.6
Binge Drinking	8.3	19.3	14.0	8.0	29.9	19.6	4.4	17.2	11.3	8.3	23.7	16.5	3.3	23.0	13.8	6.6	11.2	9.1
Cigarettes	6.4	23.7	15.4	10.9	16.2	13.8	4.9	11.1	8.2	6.8	16.4	11.9	4.4	15.9	10.5	1.1	5.2	3.3
Vaporizer/E-Cigarette																4.1	10.1	7.3
Marijuana or Hashish	5.3	9.9	7.7	8.2	14.3	11.4	5.6	13.2	9.7	7.2	17.8	12.8	3.9	20.0	12.5	4.2	11.6	8.2
Synthetic Marijuana											3.5	3.5		2.8	2.8		1.0	1.0
Inhalants	5.2	1.2	3.1	6.4	2.5	4.3	3.8	2.0	2.8	3.7	2.7	3.1	1.4	2.8	2.1	1.6	1.0	1.3
Flakka																	1.0	1.0
Club Drugs				0.0		0.0	0.5	1.5	1.0	1.4	1.5	1.5	0.3	1.3	0.8	1.0	0.6	0.8
LSD, PCP or Mushrooms				0.5		0.5	0.0	0.6	0.3	1.5	2.3	1.9	0.3	1.7	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.5
Methamphetamine	1.1	0.0	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.2	0.5	0.0	0.2	1.6	0.5	1.0	0.0	1.2	0.7	0.0	1.0	0.5
Cocaine or Crack Cocaine				1.1		1.1	0.5	0.0	0.2	0.3	2.2	1.3	0.0	1.9	1.0	0.5	1.0	0.8
Heroin	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	1.1	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.2
Depressants	0.5	3.0	1.9	1.6	1.8	1.7	0.5	3.4	2.1	1.6	3.2	2.5	1.2	2.9	2.1	0.4	1.4	1.0
Prescription Pain Relievers	2.3	3.4	2.9	4.2	8.4	6.4	1.5	5.5	3.7	2.2	6.4	4.5	1.4	4.1	2.8	1.7	0.0	0.8
Prescription Amphetamines	0.6	0.5	0.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	0.0	1.2	0.7	0.3	0.5	0.4	1.0	2.7	1.9	0.0	1.7	0.9
Steroids (without a doctor's order)	1.2	0.0	0.6	0.0	1.4	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.4
Over-the-Counter Drugs				2.0		2.0	1.7	4.7	3.3	0.3	3.3	1.9	0.9	3.8	2.4	2.7	2.3	2.5
Any illicit drug	10.1	13.4	11.8	14.5	20.1	17.5	9.8	17.5	13.9	11.7	22.3	17.3	6.7	22.9	15.3	8.8	14.3	11.8
Any illicit drug other than marijuana	8.3	6.9	7.5	10.9	12.4	11.7	6.3	10.4	8.5	7.1	11.6	9.5	4.1	10.3	7.4	6.2	5.3	5.7
Alcohol only	11.6	29.8	21.4	5.1	27.2	17.0	7.9	16.8	12.7	11.6	22.4	17.3	6.4	24.0	15.7	3.7	12.8	8.6
Alcohol or any illicit drug	21.5	42.7	32.6	20.0	47.4	34.8	17.3	34.1	26.2	23.2	44.8	34.6	13.0	45.9	30.6	12.6	26.9	20.2
Any illicit drug, but no alcohol	5.4	2.1	3.6	7.0	3.7	5.2	3.5	5.0	4.3	5.4	6.5	6.0	3.7	5.6	4.7	3.4	5.7	4.6

Note: The first 18 data rows show results for alcohol, cigarettes, and other drugs. The last five data rows show results for various combinations of drugs. Binge drinking is defined as having had five or more alcoholic drinks in a row in the past two weeks. Ecstasy, Rohypnol, GHB and ketamine are provided as examples in the question about club drugs. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 6. Percentages of Union and Florida Statewide youth who reported early ATOD use, perceived risk of harm, personal disapproval, parental disapproval and peer disapproval, 2016

				Union						Flori	da State	ewide		
	Middle School		Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Early ATOD use														
More than a sip of alcohol		24.2	18.7	29.3		25.3	24.2		19.4	18.3	20.2		19.3	19.4
Drinking at least once a month		4.1	3.1	5.0		3.3	4.1		3.5	3.7	3.4		3.5	3.5
Smoke cigarettes		19.4	17.3	22.0		18.7	19.4		9.3	8.6	9.8		9.4	9.3
Smoke marijuana		8.1	6.6	9.7		8.1	8.1		10.6	9.0	12.0		10.8	10.6
Great risk of harm														
1 or 2 drinks nearly every day	41.5	44.5	53.1	33.9	41.8	45.9	43.1	45.7	40.7	46.4	39.3	45.9	40.0	42.8
5+ drinks once or twice a week	55.8	51.1	61.1	46.4	56.6	52.1	53.3	58.1	52.3	58.4	51.2	58.4	51.8	54.7
1+ packs of cigarettes per day	68.7	68.6	72.3	66.3	69.2	67.9	68.6	67.9	68.8	68.4	68.5	68.7	68.2	68.4
Marijuana once or twice a week	53.5	34.4	47.7	39.4	53.0	36.5	43.2	51.7	25.2	37.5	35.2	50.1	24.4	36.3
Try marijuana once or twice	34.5	27.6	36.1	26.5	33.3	29.0	30.8	36.1	16.8	24.8	25.0	34.7	16.4	24.9
Use prescription drugs	70.6	72.4	79.7	65.4	70.1	75.5	71.6	69.1	68.2	70.0	67.3	69.4	67.9	68.5
Think it would be wrong to														
Smoke cigarettes	95.2	85.3	91.7	87.9	96.2	85.1	89.9	95.6	87.7	91.1	91.0	95.3	88.9	91.0
Drink alcohol regularly	80.1	69.5	73.7	74.8	81.3	67.5	74.4	88.8	64.5	74.1	75.2	87.6	64.8	74.7
Smoke marijuana	90.5	74.2	84.7	78.7	90.4	74.4	81.6	89.7	62.3	74.4	73.3	88.1	62.3	73.8
Smoke synthetic marijuana	94.5	90.5	94.2	90.4	94.6	91.3	92.3	93.1	88.6	90.1	90.9	92.7	88.6	90.5
Use other illicit drugs	96.7	97.5	98.3	96.0	96.6	97.1	97.1	97.5	93.6	95.8	94.7	97.3	93.6	95.2
Parents think it would be wrong to														
1 or 2 drinks nearly every day	96.2	93.3	94.9	94.4	96.1	94.3	94.7	97.3	93.8	95.4	95.1	97.2	94.1	95.2
Smoke cigarettes	100.0	97.3	99.0	98.2	100.0	96.9	98.6	98.6	96.8	97.6	97.5	98.6	97.3	97.6
Smoke marijuana	97.2	91.2	94.3	93.7	97.3	90.7	94.1	97.0	88.6	92.3	92.0	96.6	88.9	92.1
Use prescription drugs	98.2	98.0	98.7	97.5	98.7	97.2	98.1	98.2	97.3	97.4	97.9	98.1	97.4	97.7
Friends think it would be wrong to														
1 or 2 drinks nearly every day	86.6	72.3	85.9	72.9	86.6	72.2	78.9	91.3	79.0	85.6	82.9	90.7	79.1	84.2
Smoke tobacco	95.0	83.1	91.5	85.9	95.8	81.2	88.7	94.8	87.0	91.1	89.5	94.4	87.8	90.3
Smoke marijuana	88.6	73.7	83.3	77.8	89.2	73.9	80.6	88.6	59.9	72.6	71.3	86.6	59.8	72.0
Use prescription drugs	96.7	93.2	95.5	94.1	97.4	92.0	94.8	95.7	90.6	93.4	92.2	95.5	90.3	92.7

Note: Early ATOD use is defined as the percentage of high school students who started using at age 13 or younger. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

2016 Florida Youth Substance Abuse Survey - Union Report

Table 7. Trends in early ATOD use and attitudes toward substance use for Union, 2006 to 2016

		2006			2008			2010			2012			2014			2016	
	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School		Total	Middle School		Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	High School	Total
Early ATOD use																		
Try alcohol		32.7	32.7		43.8	43.8		29.3	29.3		33.4	33.4		26.5	26.5		24.2	24.2
Drink monthly		5.9	5.9		5.1	5.1		4.2	4.2		8.3	8.3		8.0	8.0		4.1	4.1
Smoke cigarettes		29.6	29.6		32.0	32.0		23.2	23.2		20.6	20.6		22.3	22.3		19.4	19.4
Smoke marijuana		6.1	6.1		8.9	8.9		11.4	11.4		15.7	15.7		16.8	16.8		8.1	8.1
Great risk of harm																		
Daily alcohol use	37.2	40.4	39.1	48.2	38.2	42.9	52.4	38.3	44.9	48.9	33.3	40.7	42.1	34.8	38.3	41.5	44.5	43.1
5+ drinks weekly													59.8	39.2	48.8	55.8	51.1	53.3
Daily cigarette use	70.6	56.4	62.9	67.9	62.0	64.8	69.2	60.3	64.5	71.3	61.9	66.3	68.1	68.1	68.1	68.7	68.6	68.6
Marijuana weekly*													53.1	30.9	41.1	53.5	34.4	43.2
Try marijuana	39.9	27.6	33.7	40.3	31.8	35.8	49.4	30.1	39.1	48.8	25.6	36.5	42.4	23.5	32.3	34.5	27.6	30.8
Prescription drugs											69.5	69.5	78.2	69.4	73.5	70.6	72.4	71.6
Think it wrong																		
Smoke cigarettes	85.5	63.5	74.1	84.5	71.3	77.5	90.5	69.9	79.5	87.1	76.2	81.4	91.1	72.5	81.2	95.2	85.3	89.9
Drink regularly	72.7	49.3	60.6	81.6	55.8	67.9	85.0	60.2	71.8	80.3	58.2	68.6	86.9	50.5	67.6	80.1	69.5	74.4
Smoke marijuana	87.1	78.7	82.9	91.2	77.9	84.1	86.7	68.9	77.3	85.8	72.9	78.9	89.1	60.0	73.6	90.5	74.2	81.6
Smoke synthetic marijuana																94.5	90.5	92.3
Use other illicit drugs	94.6	95.3	95.0	96.0	96.0	96.0	94.7	93.9	94.3	94.9	95.1	95.0	98.1	89.9	93.8	96.7	97.5	97.1
Parents think it wrong																		
Daily alcohol use*													98.1	84.4	90.2	96.2	93.3	94.7
Smoke cigarettes	95.7	88.1	91.7	94.3	89.7	91.8	97.4	87.8	92.3	95.3	90.9	93.1	97.8	90.1	93.3	100.0	97.3	98.6
Smoke marijuana	94.9	93.7	94.3	95.7	92.8	94.1	95.9	93.2	94.5	97.9	92.4	95.1	97.1	87.5	91.5	97.2	91.2	94.1
Prescription drugs													98.6	95.0	96.5	98.2	98.0	98.1
Friends think it wrong																		
Daily alcohol use													85.2	62.2	72.8	86.6	72.3	78.9
Smoke tobacco													92.0	68.3	79.4	95.0	83.1	88.7
Smoke marijuana													90.4	65.1	76.8	88.6	73.7	80.6
Prescription drugs													97.4	90.2	93.6	96.7	93.2	94.8

Note: Early ATOD use is defined as the percentage of high school students who started using at age 13 or younger. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

<sup>\*</sup> In 2014, the description of marijuana use in the risk of harm question was changed from "regularly" to "once or twice a week." Also, in 2014, the description of alcohol use in the parent disapproval question was changed from "regularly" to "nearly every day." For these items, care should be exercised when comparing 2014 data to previous years.

Table 8. Among  $\underline{\text{high school}}$  drinkers, usual source of alcohol within the past 30 days, Union and Florida Statewide youth, 2016

				Union						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Bought in a store		17.9	0.0	29.1		19.7	17.9		8.3	5.0	12.4		7.3	8.3
Bought in a restaurant, bar, or club		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		1.6	1.2	2.1		1.5	1.6
Bought at a public event		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		0.7	0.7	0.8		0.6	0.7
Someone bought it for me		18.5	21.7	13.8		18.7	18.5		14.7	13.3	16.3		14.5	14.7
Someone gave it to me		33.7	47.4	26.8		28.9	33.7		44.8	50.6	37.8		47.0	44.8
Took it from a store		2.5	0.0	4.1		3.4	2.5		0.3	0.2	0.4		0.4	0.3
Took it from a family member		13.1	22.9	7.8		14.9	13.1		11.7	14.2	8.7		12.4	11.7
Some other way		14.2	8.0	18.4		14.4	14.2		17.8	14.7	21.5		16.5	17.8

Table 9. Among  $\underline{\text{high school}}$  drinkers, usual drinking location within the past 30 days, Union and Florida Statewide youth, 2016

				Union						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
My home		22.8	32.9	16.9		26.9	22.8		37.7	39.2	35.9		37.1	37.7
Another person's home		43.0	50.3	35.9		42.5	43.0		40.0	41.0	38.9		40.8	40.0
Car or other vehicle		5.7	0.0	9.8		3.4	5.7		1.7	1.6	1.9		1.7	1.7
Restaurant, bar, or club		4.1	10.5	0.0		0.0	4.1		2.7	2.9	2.5		2.4	2.7
Public place		2.6	0.0	4.5		3.4	2.6		3.9	3.9	3.7		4.3	3.9
Public event		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		1.6	1.8	1.5		1.7	1.6
School property		2.5	6.3	0.0		3.2	2.5		1.3	0.7	2.0		1.4	1.3
Some other place		19.2	0.0	32.9		20.5	19.2		11.1	9.0	13.7		10.6	11.1

Table 10. Among <u>high school</u> drinkers, number of drinks usually consumed per day, on the days students drank in the past 30 days, Union and Florida Statewide youth, 2016

				Union						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
1		27.0	29.6	26.1		26.9	27.0		29.6	31.6	27.4		30.5	29.6
2		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		22.5	24.8	19.8		22.4	22.5
3		26.9	37.1	17.9		32.1	26.9		17.3	17.9	16.3		16.9	17.3
4		8.0	6.8	9.0		7.6	8.0		8.6	9.0	8.3		8.5	8.6
5 or more		38.2	26.5	47.0		33.4	38.2		22.0	16.7	28.2		21.8	22.0

Table 11. Percentages of Union and Florida Statewide youth who reported drinking alcohol, smoking marijuana, or using another drug to get high <u>before or during school</u> in the past 12 months, 2016

				Union						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Drinking alcohol	4.6	7.9	5.4	7.3	5.2	7.8	6.3	3.3	6.5	5.5	4.7	3.3	6.8	5.1
Smoking marijuana	3.5	7.8	4.3	7.2	3.6	7.8	5.7	3.2	12.2	8.1	8.7	3.7	12.3	8.5
Used another drug to get high	0.5	1.7	0.4	1.8	0.5	2.0	1.1	1.4	3.9	2.9	2.9	1.5	4.1	2.9

Table 12. Percentages of Union and Florida Statewide youth who reported engaging in delinquent behavior within the past 12 months, 2016

				Union						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Carrying a handgun	18.3	7.1	5.5	19.3	18.3	8.3	12.4	5.0	5.8	2.6	8.3	5.0	5.9	5.5
Selling drugs	2.2	5.4	1.9	5.9	1.7	4.7	3.9	1.6	6.0	3.0	5.4	1.8	6.1	4.2
Attempting to steal a vehicle	1.0	2.1	0.5	2.7	1.0	2.4	1.6	1.0	1.5	0.8	1.7	1.0	1.5	1.3
Being arrested	1.0	2.3	1.3	2.1	1.0	2.6	1.7	1.9	2.8	1.8	3.0	1.8	3.0	2.4
Taking a handgun to school	0.5	1.0	0.0	1.5	0.5	1.2	0.8	0.4	0.7	0.3	0.9	0.4	0.7	0.6
Getting suspended	8.8	8.5	2.4	14.8	7.7	9.2	8.6	10.6	9.1	7.0	12.5	10.1	9.8	9.8
Attacking someone with intent to harm	5.7	6.3	3.8	8.2	5.8	5.2	6.0	6.2	6.1	5.3	6.9	6.0	6.6	6.1

Table 13. Trends in delinquent behaviors for Union, 2006 to 2016

		2006			2008			2010			2012			2014			2016	
	Middle School	High School	Total		High School	Total												
Carrying a handgun	9.9	5.6	7.5	2.8	9.9	6.6	4.3	4.5	4.4	7.6	7.5	7.6	5.8	6.2	6.0	18.3	7.1	12.4
Selling drugs	2.7	3.7	3.2	1.8	8.0	5.1	2.7	8.5	5.8	3.5	8.8	6.2	1.5	10.6	6.8	2.2	5.4	3.9
Attempting to steal a vehicle	1.5	2.8	2.2	1.6	2.9	2.3	1.6	3.6	2.7	1.0	2.8	1.9	0.5	2.4	1.6	1.0	2.1	1.6
Being arrested	3.2	4.0	3.6	5.8	5.4	5.6	4.1	5.8	5.0	0.7	2.4	1.5	1.2	3.1	2.3	1.0	2.3	1.7
Taking a handgun to school	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.9	1.4	1.2	1.3	0.8	1.0	1.4	2.9	2.2	0.0	2.2	1.3	0.5	1.0	0.8
Getting suspended	20.3	10.0	14.9	19.3	17.2	18.1	13.3	13.7	13.5	11.9	12.0	12.0	9.1	11.8	10.7	8.8	8.5	8.6
Attacking someone with intent to harm	8.3	10.2	9.3	10.0	13.9	12.1	8.0	7.3	7.7	9.8	9.1	9.4	3.2	8.9	6.5	5.7	6.3	6.0

Table 14. Percentages of Union and Florida Statewide youth with family members who have been or are now in jail or friends who have been in trouble because of alcohol or drugs, 2016

				Union						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Family members who have been or are now in jail or prison	46.3	44.5	48.6	43.1	43.3	49.1	45.4	44.4	44.6	47.8	41.2	44.2	45.4	44.5
Friends who have have been or are in trouble because of alcohol or drugs	30.7	39.2	34.0	36.8	27.5	39.4	35.2	23.9	46.5	38.4	35.8	26.0	47.1	37.1

Table 15. Percentages of Union and Florida Statewide youth who reported involvement in bullying behavior, 2016

				Union						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Skipped school because of bullying	7.2	8.8	13.2	3.5	6.2	10.8	8.1	7.6	8.2	11.5	4.4	7.6	8.3	7.9
Was kicked or shoved in past 30 days	11.3	7.7	9.4	9.7	11.5	8.4	9.4	19.6	8.1	12.0	13.8	18.8	8.1	13.0
Was taunted or teased in past 30 days	32.3	21.5	29.8	24.0	29.4	25.9	26.5	35.3	22.5	30.1	25.6	34.4	22.8	27.9
Was victim of cyber bullying in past 30 days	6.4	6.3	10.4	2.2	5.2	8.6	6.4	7.8	7.6	10.2	5.2	7.8	7.9	7.7
Physically bullied others in past 30 days	3.5	4.5	2.6	5.4	3.5	4.7	4.0	7.6	4.9	5.0	7.0	7.2	5.2	6.1
Verbally bullied others in past 30 days	12.0	11.4	10.4	13.1	12.1	11.8	11.7	14.3	10.4	11.0	13.0	14.0	10.7	12.0
Cyber bullied others in past 30 days	3.7	2.5	4.5	1.8	3.2	3.6	3.1	3.6	4.1	4.0	3.7	3.7	4.1	3.9

Table 16. Percentages of Union and Florida Statewide youth who reported gang membership, 2016

				Union						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Have you ever belonged to a gang?	5.4	3.0	4.5	3.9	5.5	3.4	4.1	3.3	3.5	2.3	4.5	3.1	3.6	3.4
Did that gang have a name?	28.0	14.8	28.5	14.2	27.4	19.1	20.0	23.4	14.1	13.1	19.7	21.9	14.4	16.9
Are you a gang member now?		2.9	1.6	4.2		3.6	2.9		2.0	1.1	2.8		2.0	2.0

Note: The prevalence rates for "Did that gang have a name?" exclude students who reported that they have never belonged to a gang. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 17. Reasons for joining a gang, reported by  $\underline{\text{high school students who have belonged to a gang}}$ , among Union and Florida Statewide youth, 2016

				Union						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Fun and excitement		4.3	0.0	7.1		5.9	4.3		5.0	4.3	5.5		5.0	5.0
Protection		6.2	16.3	0.0		8.6	6.2		4.2	2.6	5.4		4.5	4.2
Friend or relative in a gang		4.4	0.0	7.3		6.1	4.4		4.1	2.9	4.9		4.1	4.1
Forced to join		7.1	10.7	5.0		9.8	7.1		1.1	1.1	1.2		1.2	1.1
To get respect		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		3.5	2.0	4.7		3.5	3.5
Money		8.2	10.7	6.8		11.3	8.2		3.8	2.5	4.8		4.1	3.8
To fit in better		2.0	0.0	3.3		2.7	2.0		1.2	1.1	1.4		1.2	1.2
Other reasons		9.0	10.7	8.2		8.5	9.0		5.9	4.5	7.0		5.6	5.9

Table 18. Percentages of Union and Florida Statewide youth who reported participation in extracurricular activities, 2016

				Union						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
School Sports	42.2	39.9	32.5	49.6	41.4	41.8	41.0	36.0	40.4	34.5	42.5	36.4	41.4	38.5
Organized Sports Outside of School	39.6	18.6	27.2	29.8	40.5	20.4	28.4	41.6	22.4	28.2	32.9	40.1	22.8	30.5
School Band	19.8	11.7	19.8	11.3	20.6	13.0	15.5	16.7	8.1	12.3	11.1	16.2	8.1	11.7
School Club(s)	19.5	51.6	45.6	27.9	22.8	50.2	36.6	22.1	31.8	35.4	20.4	22.8	31.6	27.6
Community Club(s)	7.0	10.8	11.6	6.9	7.7	9.3	9.0	9.3	12.8	14.6	8.2	9.4	12.6	11.3

Table 19. Percentages of <u>high school</u> students who reported *riding in* a vehicle within the past 30 days driven by someone who had been drinking alcohol or using marijuana, or *driving* a vehicle within the past 30 days after drinking alcohol or using marijuana, among Union and Florida Statewide youth, 2016

				Union						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Riding in a vehicle														
Alcohol		23.5	18.4	28.3		23.2	23.5		16.4	17.5	15.3		16.3	16.4
Marijuana		19.7	22.2	18.1		19.5	19.7		22.7	23.7	21.7		22.9	22.7
Driving a vehicle														
Alcohol		11.2	8.7	13.1		10.3	11.2		5.4	5.0	5.8		5.2	5.4
Marijuana		9.2	8.7	10.0		8.7	9.2		10.3	9.1	11.4		9.9	10.3

Table 20. Trends for <u>high school</u> students *riding in* a vehicle within the past 30 days driven by someone who had been drinking alcohol or using marijuana, or *driving* a vehicle within the past 30 days after drinking alcohol or using marijuana, for Union, 2012 and 2016

		2006			2008			2010			2012			2014			2016	
	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	O	Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	U		Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	High School	Total
Riding in a vehicle																		
Alcohol											25.0	25.0		35.6	35.6		23.5	23.5
Marijuana											23.9	23.9		32.0	32.0		19.7	19.7
Driving a vehicle																		
Alcohol											9.4	9.4		16.8	16.8		11.2	11.2
Marijuana											13.1	13.1		15.2	15.2		9.2	9.2

Table 21. Protective factor prevalence rates for Union, Florida Statewide youth and the national normative database, 2016

Domain	Scale	Un	ion	Florida S	Statewide	Nationa	l Norms
		Middle School	High School	Middle School	High School	Middle School	High School
Community	Community Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	57	73	46	69	56	63
Family	Family Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	68	59	60	59	59	54
	Family Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	55	53	56	56	54	55
School	School Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	63	63	53	63	57	60
	School Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	53	65	49	59	53	58
Peer and Individual	Religiosity	66	71	49	57	56	62
Average Prevalence R	ate	60	64	52	61	56	59

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values.

Table 22. Risk factor prevalence rates for Union, Florida Statewide youth and the national normative database, 2016

Domain	Scale	Un	ion	Florida S	Statewide	Nationa	l Norms
		Middle School	High School	Middle School	High School	Middle School	High School
Community	Community Disorganization	43	40	42	44	47	47
	Transitions and Mobility	49	50	59	61	47	46
	Laws and Norms Favorable to Drug Use	47	37	37	31	42	42
	Perceived Availability of Drugs	38	28	37	27	45	45
	Perceived Availability of Handguns	40	49	24	36	25	42
Family	Poor Family Management	39	33	40	38	44	45
	Family Conflict	32	33	38	33	42	37
School	Poor Academic Performance	46	48	42	44	45	48
	Lack of Commitment to School	66	66	53	54	47	46
Peer and	Favorable Attitudes toward Antisocial Behavior	38	33	39	35	40	46
Individual	Favorable Attitudes toward ATOD Use	38	33	32	36	39	45
	Early Initiation of Drug Use	28	28	23	22	41	46
Average Preva	lence Rate	42	40	39	38	42	45

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 23. Protective factor prevalence rate trends among middle school students for Union, 2006 to 2016

Domain	Scale			Un	ion		
		2006	2008	2010	2012	2014	2016
Community	Community Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	55	58	59	61	64	57
Family	Family Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	57	68	61	63	65	68
	Family Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	51	55	50	61	65	55
School	School Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	57	57	56	57	61	63
	School Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	49	51	53	58	59	53
Peer and Individual	Religiosity	67	66	57	62	66	66
Average Prevalence R	ate	56	59	56	60	63	60

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 24. Risk factor prevalence rate trends among middle school students for Union, 2006 to 2016

Domain	Scale			Un	ion		
		2006	2008	2010	2012	2014	2016
Community	Community Disorganization	43	45	43	42	44	43
	Transitions and Mobility	47	44	45	37	49	49
	Laws and Norms Favorable to Drug Use	53	52	45	46	43	47
	Perceived Availability of Drugs	54	48	41	37	35	38
	Perceived Availability of Handguns	49	39	34	30	36	40
Family	Poor Family Management	52	43	43	38	37	39
	Family Conflict	41	40	35	29	39	32
School	Poor Academic Performance	50	46	41	37	39	46
	Lack of Commitment to School	53	54	57	49	53	66
Peer and	Favorable Attitudes toward Antisocial Behavior	41	35	33	36	34	38
Individual	Favorable Attitudes toward ATOD Use	47	39	35	39	38	38
	Early Initiation of Drug Use	56	39	33	41	31	28
Average Preval	lence Rate	47	43	39	40	40	42

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values.

Table 25. Protective factor prevalence rate trends among high school students for Union, 2006 to 2016

Domain	Scale	Union					
		2006	2008	2010	2012	2014	2016
Community	Community Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	76	67	69	72	62	73
Family	Family Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	59	53	60	58	60	59
	Family Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	58	56	54	53	53	53
School	School Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	63	66	65	63	62	63
	School Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	59	57	69	65	62	65
Peer and Individual	Religiosity	78	69	74	67	72	71
Average Prevalence Rate		66	61	65	63	62	64

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 26. Risk factor prevalence rate trends among high school students for Union, 2006 to 2016

Domain	Scale	Union						
		2006	2008	2010	2012	2014	2016	
Community	Community Disorganization	36	42	40	45	41	40	
	Transitions and Mobility	51	48	53	55	46	50	
	Laws and Norms Favorable to Drug Use	42	46	36	37	35	37	
	Perceived Availability of Drugs	35	41	39	32	34	28	
	Perceived Availability of Handguns	53	60	45	52	53	49	
Family	Poor Family Management	47	57	47	47	38	33	
	Family Conflict	36	37	31	32	35	33	
School	Poor Academic Performance	45	44	45	38	40	48	
	Lack of Commitment to School	53	55	56	43	58	66	
Peer and	Favorable Attitudes toward Antisocial Behavior	36	42	33	33	39	33	
Individual	Favorable Attitudes toward ATOD Use	47	36	38	37	47	33	
	Early Initiation of Drug Use	45	39	32	38	33	28	
Average Prevalence Rate		46	44	42	41	42	40	

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values.