2016 Florida Youth Substance Abuse Survey

Washington Data Tables

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	Wash	nington	Florida S	tatewide
	N	%	Ν	%
Sex				
Female	274	45.7	31,515	47.9
Male	317	52.9	32,905	50.0
Race/Ethnic group				
African American	92	15.4	14,666	22.3
American Indian	22	3.7	568	0.9
Asian	3	0.5	743	1.1
Hispanic/Latino	14	2.3	13,174	20.0
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	3	0.5	144	0.2
Other/Multiple	88	14.7	7,523	11.4
White, non-Hispanic	373	62.3	28,309	43.0
Age				
10	1	0.2	65	0.1
11	35	5.8	3,856	5.9
12	99	16.5	8,338	12.7
13	75	12.5	9,230	14.0
14	113	18.9	9,454	14.4
15	88	14.7	10,070	15.3
16	74	12.4	9,684	14.7
17	68	11.4	9,348	14.2
18	39	6.5	4,799	7.3
19 or older	7	1.2	618	0.9
Grade				
6th	106	17.7	9,301	14.1
7th	100	16.7	9,215	14.0
8th	97	16.2	9,326	14.2
9th	91	15.2	10,140	15.4
10th	91	15.2	9,834	15.0
11th	61	10.2	9,254	14.1
12th	53	8.8	8,705	13.2
Overall Middle School	303	50.6	27,678	42.1
Overall High School	296	49.4	37,765	57.4
Total	599	100.0	65,776	100.0

Table 1. Major demographic characteristics of surveyed Washington and Florida Statewide, 2016

Note: Some categories do not sum to 100% of the total due to missing values (e.g., not all survey questions were answered). In addition, rounding can produce totals that do not equal 100%. "N" represents the number of valid cases. In this table, county data are unweighted while statewide data are weighted.

Table 2. Percentages of Washington and Florida Statewide youth who reported having used various drugs in their lifetimes,2016

			W	ashingt	on					Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Alcohol	28.9	55.1	40.2	46.4	30.6	56.0	43.8	21.8	51.4	41.3	37.1	23.6	51.5	39.1
Blacking Out		19.4	18.3	19.0		19.6	19.4		15.9	16.5	15.4		16.1	15.9
Cigarettes	16.5	35.8	27.8	27.1	16.7	32.3	27.4	8.0	18.5	14.0	14.1	8.2	18.5	14.1
Vaporizer/E-Cigarette	24.0	42.9	31.7	37.3	26.9	40.6	34.5	14.6	33.9	24.4	27.1	15.7	34.5	25.8
Marijuana or Hashish	12.9	34.7	22.8	27.5	14.3	31.7	25.1	7.0	31.7	21.4	21.3	8.1	31.8	21.3
Synthetic Marijuana		9.3	11.4	7.6		7.7	9.3		4.9	4.8	5.0		4.8	4.9
Inhalants	8.4	6.6	7.9	7.2	8.9	4.7	7.4	6.4	4.6	6.1	4.7	6.4	4.7	5.4
Flakka		3.6	3.3	3.9		3.4	3.6		1.0	0.9	1.1		1.0	1.0
Club Drugs	0.2	3.6	2.2	2.1	0.5	2.8	2.1	0.7	3.0	1.9	2.2	0.8	2.9	2.1
LSD, PCP or Mushrooms	0.6	5.6	2.2	4.6	1.0	5.8	3.4	1.0	4.8	2.7	3.7	1.1	4.9	3.2
Methamphetamine	0.8	2.9	2.5	1.5	0.8	2.0	2.0	0.5	0.8	0.6	0.8	0.5	0.8	0.7
Cocaine or Crack Cocaine	1.5	2.4	1.0	2.5	1.9	1.4	2.0	0.8	2.5	1.6	1.9	0.8	2.3	1.8
Heroin	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.9	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Depressants	3.4	6.0	4.3	5.1	3.3	6.1	4.9	2.2	6.5	5.3	4.1	2.4	6.6	4.7
Prescription Pain Relievers	5.5	4.2	4.2	5.5	5.8	3.2	4.8	3.3	5.8	5.3	4.2	3.5	5.7	4.8
Prescription Amphetamines	2.4	7.2	5.9	4.6	2.8	5.1	5.1	1.3	4.7	3.3	3.2	1.4	4.6	3.2
Steroids (without a doctor's order)	0.7	1.7	0.9	1.6	0.6	1.3	1.3	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5
Over-the-Counter Drugs	4.0	5.7	5.5	4.6	4.8	4.4	4.9	3.2	5.3	4.7	4.2	3.4	5.4	4.4
Needle to Inject Illegal Drugs		2.3	1.8	2.7		1.8	2.3		0.8	0.6	0.8		0.8	0.8
Any illicit drug	22.6	38.6	31.1	32.5	24.6	33.5	31.6	15.7	36.4	29.0	26.4	16.6	36.6	27.7
Any illicit drug other than marijuana	15.1	18.9	18.8	15.9	16.9	14.5	17.2	12.0	17.7	16.4	14.2	12.3	17.7	15.3
Alcohol only	14.4	22.7	16.3	20.8	14.4	25.4	19.1	12.5	21.0	18.1	17.0	13.4	21.0	17.5
Alcohol or any illicit drug	36.4	61.1	47.1	52.9	38.5	58.7	50.3	27.8	57.2	46.8	43.1	29.6	57.4	44.8
Any illicit drug, but no alcohol	9.0	6.4	7.7	7.6	9.3	3.2	7.5	6.5	6.1	6.0	6.5	6.5	6.1	6.3

Note: The first 19 data rows show results for alcohol, cigarettes, and other drugs. The last five data rows show results for various combinations of drugs. Respondents were asked on how many occasions in their lifetime they woke up after a night of drinking and did not remember the things they did or the places they went. Ecstasy, Rohypnol, GHB and ketamine are provided as examples in the question about club drugs. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 3. Percentages of Washington and Florida Statewide youth who reported having used various drugs in the past 30 days,2016

			W	ashingt	on					Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Alcohol	10.0	28.4	18.1	22.4	11.7	27.1	20.4	8.3	25.5	19.9	17.0	9.1	25.2	18.3
Binge Drinking	3.6	16.1	8.0	12.9	3.9	13.7	10.7	3.2	10.9	7.9	7.7	3.4	10.8	7.7
Cigarettes	2.7	14.5	9.4	9.3	3.1	12.2	9.4	1.4	4.8	3.3	3.5	1.5	4.6	3.4
Vaporizer/E-Cigarette	9.5	16.2	9.4	16.7	10.6	14.0	13.2	5.1	12.8	8.4	10.6	5.5	12.9	9.6
Marijuana or Hashish	4.1	19.8	12.0	14.2	5.2	18.9	12.9	3.2	17.0	10.9	11.5	3.9	16.9	11.2
Synthetic Marijuana		3.4	4.9	2.1		3.1	3.4		1.0	0.9	1.2		1.1	1.0
Inhalants	2.0	1.3	1.8	1.4	1.9	1.1	1.6	2.2	1.2	1.9	1.4	2.1	1.2	1.6
Flakka		1.2	1.1	1.4		1.0	1.2		0.5	0.4	0.7		0.5	0.5
Club Drugs	0.2	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.8	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.7	0.6
LSD, PCP or Mushrooms	0.7	2.2	1.3	1.8	0.6	2.9	1.5	0.3	1.4	0.7	1.1	0.3	1.4	0.9
Methamphetamine	0.4	0.3	0.0	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4
Cocaine or Crack Cocaine	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.8	0.6
Heroin	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2
Depressants	1.5	2.4	2.4	1.7	1.4	2.5	2.0	0.8	2.4	2.0	1.5	0.9	2.5	1.8
Prescription Pain Relievers	0.9	2.1	1.2	2.0	0.8	1.5	1.6	1.6	2.0	2.2	1.5	1.6	2.1	1.8
Prescription Amphetamines	1.3	2.8	1.7	2.5	1.7	1.8	2.1	0.5	1.6	1.1	1.2	0.6	1.7	1.2
Steroids (without a doctor's order)	0.0	0.3	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Over-the-Counter Drugs	0.6	2.1	1.5	1.4	1.1	0.7	1.4	1.8	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.8	2.1	2.0
Any illicit drug	6.4	21.1	13.8	16.0	7.3	19.9	14.7	7.5	20.0	15.1	14.2	8.1	20.0	14.7
Any illicit drug other than marijuana	5.1	6.8	5.4	6.9	5.3	6.5	6.1	5.6	7.7	7.3	6.2	5.7	7.7	6.8
Alcohol only	7.0	14.3	9.6	12.4	8.2	14.0	11.2	5.2	13.4	11.1	9.1	5.6	13.3	10.0
Alcohol or any illicit drug	13.5	35.2	23.0	28.3	15.5	33.8	25.7	12.5	32.9	25.8	22.9	13.5	32.9	24.3
Any illicit drug, but no alcohol	4.1	7.1	5.3	6.5	4.4	7.1	5.9	4.5	7.8	6.4	6.3	4.7	8.0	6.4

Note: The first 18 data rows show results for alcohol, cigarettes, and other drugs. The last five data rows show results for various combinations of drugs. Binge drinking is defined as having had five or more alcoholic drinks in a row in the past two weeks. Ecstasy, Rohypnol, GHB and ketamine are provided as examples in the question about club drugs. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

		2006			2008			2010			2012			2014			2016	
	Middle School	0	Total	Middle School	.0	Total	Middle School		Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School		Total	Middle School	High School	Total
Alcohol	37.4	68.9	54.2	48.1	60.8	55.0	41.7	64.5	53.6	36.9	64.8	52.0	35.4	59.9	48.3	28.9	55.1	43.8
Blacking Out														27.9	27.9		19.4	19.4
Cigarettes	30.0	45.1	38.1	37.7	41.7	39.9	31.4	48.2	40.2	22.7	44.0	34.2	21.2	48.6	35.6	16.5	35.8	27.4
Vaporizer/E-Cigarette																24.0	42.9	34.5
Marijuana or Hashish	9.8	29.0	20.2	18.4	33.3	26.5	12.8	37.6	25.9	10.1	38.2	25.4	11.1	44.0	28.5	12.9	34.7	25.1
Synthetic Marijuana											15.8	15.8		15.7	15.7		9.3	9.3
Inhalants	14.5	6.4	10.1	16.0	14.9	15.4	17.4	11.3	14.2	13.5	8.1	10.5	12.8	5.2	8.8	8.4	6.6	7.4
Flakka																	3.6	3.6
Club Drugs				3.2		3.2	2.4	5.1	3.8	1.2	2.0	1.6	0.9	6.1	3.6	0.2	3.6	2.1
LSD, PCP or Mushrooms				4.2		4.2	1.6	3.1	2.4	1.3	4.9	3.2	2.5	8.1	5.4	0.6	5.6	3.4
Methamphetamine	1.0	3.9	2.6	1.0	2.2	1.7	2.1	2.1	2.1	1.7	2.3	2.0	0.5	3.1	1.9	0.8	2.9	2.0
Cocaine or Crack Cocaine				2.0		2.0	1.7	5.6	3.7	2.0	5.2	3.7	1.3	5.2	3.4	1.5	2.4	2.0
Heroin	0.4	1.5	1.0	1.1	0.9	1.0	2.0	1.1	1.5	1.1	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	0.5
Depressants	2.1	12.2	7.5	6.0	12.1	9.4	3.8	14.3	9.4	3.3	8.4	6.1	3.8	12.1	8.2	3.4	6.0	4.9
Prescription Pain Relievers	5.0	12.1	8.7	11.2	15.1	13.3	5.9	16.2	11.4	7.0	11.7	9.5	5.9	13.0	9.6	5.5	4.2	4.8
Prescription Amphetamines	2.4	7.3	5.0	3.8	11.2	7.8	2.9	10.0	6.7	2.5	6.3	4.6	2.8	7.8	5.4	2.4	7.2	5.1
Steroids (without a doctor's order)	0.9	2.1	1.5	1.1	1.5	1.3	1.1	2.3	1.7	1.9	0.8	1.3	1.1	2.4	1.8	0.7	1.7	1.3
Over-the-Counter Drugs				7.0		7.0	7.1	14.1	10.8	5.1	7.2	6.3	4.5	7.8	6.2	4.0	5.7	4.9
Needle to Inject Drugs																	2.3	2.3
Any illicit drug	23.6	38.7	31.8	33.1	42.7	38.4	29.8	46.5	38.5	22.7	46.2	35.4	24.4	48.3	37.0	22.6	38.6	31.6
Any illicit drug other than marijuana	20.7	25.1	22.9	25.7	32.4	29.4	24.9	35.5	30.4	20.1	25.7	23.1	20.1	24.8	22.6	15.1	18.9	17.2
Alcohol only	19.9	31.4	25.9	20.3	23.0	21.8	16.9	21.2	19.1	19.9	22.9	21.5	20.0	18.4	19.2	14.4	22.7	19.1
Alcohol or any illicit drug	42.7	70.1	57.3	52.9	65.6	59.9	46.5	67.6	57.5	42.2	69.0	56.7	44.4	66.6	56.1	36.4	61.1	50.3
Any illicit drug, but no alcohol	5.4	1.4	3.2	4.9	4.9	4.9	5.0	3.0	3.9	5.7	4.4	5.0	9.0	6.6	7.8	9.0	6.4	7.5

Table 4. Lifetime trend in alcohol, tobacco and other drug use for Washington, 2006 to 2016

Note: The first 19 data rows show results for alcohol, cigarettes, and other drugs. The last five data rows show results for various combinations of drugs. Respondents were asked on how many occasions in their lifetime they woke up after a night of drinking and did not remember the things they did or the places they went. Ecstasy, Rohypnol, GHB and ketamine are provided as examples in the question about club drugs. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

		2006			2008			2010			2012			2014			2016	
	Middle School		Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School		Total	Middle School		Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	High School	Total
Alcohol	17.4	35.9	27.4	22.4	37.2	30.5	20.0	41.8	31.4	19.1	42.5	31.8	15.1	37.3	26.8	10.0	28.4	20.4
Binge Drinking	11.6	19.8	16.2	10.7	23.9	17.9	9.2	26.3	18.1	8.1	21.5	15.4	5.1	23.3	14.7	3.6	16.1	10.7
Cigarettes	9.1	17.3	13.7	12.8	18.6	16.0	7.7	23.6	16.0	7.2	19.5	13.9	6.9	26.2	17.0	2.7	14.5	9.4
Vaporizer/E-Cigarette																9.5	16.2	13.2
Marijuana or Hashish	5.3	11.5	8.6	7.6	18.6	13.6	6.6	19.8	13.6	6.0	17.6	12.4	4.3	27.7	16.6	4.1	19.8	12.9
Synthetic Marijuana											6.8	6.8		4.5	4.5		3.4	3.4
Inhalants	5.1	0.8	2.8	7.3	4.2	5.6	8.3	3.9	6.0	5.7	1.4	3.3	5.3	1.9	3.5	2.0	1.3	1.6
Flakka																	1.2	1.2
Club Drugs				1.5		1.5	0.0	1.8	0.9	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	1.5	0.9	0.2	0.8	0.5
LSD, PCP or Mushrooms				1.7		1.7	0.4	0.0	0.2	0.5	1.4	1.0	1.6	1.9	1.7	0.7	2.2	1.5
Methamphetamine	0.3	0.8	0.6	0.8	0.0	0.4	0.8	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.3
Cocaine or Crack Cocaine				1.1		1.1	0.3	1.2	0.8	0.8	0.3	0.5	0.4	1.9	1.2	0.0	0.3	0.2
Heroin	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.6	0.0	0.3	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
Depressants	0.9	2.9	2.0	3.6	6.5	5.2	2.0	4.6	3.4	1.4	3.8	2.7	0.5	7.3	4.1	1.5	2.4	2.0
Prescription Pain Relievers	1.4	4.2	2.8	5.6	5.9	5.8	3.0	5.9	4.6	1.7	3.7	2.8	3.0	7.2	5.2	0.9	2.1	1.6
Prescription Amphetamines	0.7	1.2	0.9	1.5	3.5	2.6	1.0	2.4	1.7	1.0	1.5	1.3	1.8	3.3	2.6	1.3	2.8	2.1
Steroids (without a doctor's order)	0.9	0.3	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.3	0.2
Over-the-Counter Drugs				4.1		4.1	3.0	8.3	5.8	2.0	1.9	1.9	2.9	3.3	3.1	0.6	2.1	1.4
Any illicit drug	9.5	14.1	11.9	17.8	25.0	21.8	15.0	24.7	20.1	12.6	23.7	18.7	12.2	30.4	21.7	6.4	21.1	14.7
Any illicit drug other than marijuana	7.2	7.6	7.4	13.9	15.1	14.6	11.4	15.6	13.6	8.6	9.7	9.2	10.8	12.9	11.9	5.1	6.8	6.1
Alcohol only	11.9	25.3	19.2	12.4	18.0	15.5	12.7	19.4	16.2	11.3	24.4	18.5	9.2	17.8	13.8	7.0	14.3	11.2
Alcohol or any illicit drug	20.7	38.9	30.5	29.2	42.6	36.6	27.4	43.5	35.8	23.3	47.3	36.3	21.4	47.4	35.1	13.5	35.2	25.7
Any illicit drug, but no alcohol	3.8	3.5	3.6	7.0	5.5	6.1	7.8	1.5	4.5	4.8	4.7	4.7	6.9	10.0	8.5	4.1	7.1	5.9

Table 5. Past-30-day trend in alcohol, tobacco and other drug use for Washington, 2006 to 2016

Note: The first 18 data rows show results for alcohol, cigarettes, and other drugs. The last five data rows show results for various combinations of drugs. Binge drinking is defined as having had five or more alcoholic drinks in a row in the past two weeks. Ecstasy, Rohypnol, GHB and ketamine are provided as examples in the question about club drugs. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

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Table 6. Percentages of Washington and Florida Statewide youth who reported early ATOD use, perceived risk of harm,personal disapproval, parental disapproval and peer disapproval, 2016

			W	ashingto	on					Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Early ATOD use														
More than a sip of alcohol		29.6	28.2	29.1		27.5	29.6		19.4	18.3	20.2		19.3	19.4
Drinking at least once a month		6.6	5.6	7.7		5.2	6.6		3.5	3.7	3.4		3.5	3.5
Smoke cigarettes		21.8	22.4	21.1		23.0	21.8		9.3	8.6	9.8		9.4	9.3
Smoke marijuana		18.4	17.6	19.7		17.3	18.4		10.6	9.0	12.0		10.8	10.6
Great risk of harm														
1 or 2 drinks nearly every day	45.3	32.9	39.5	36.5	46.7	36.0	38.2	45.7	40.7	46.4	39.3	45.9	40.0	42.8
5+ drinks once or twice a week	60.3	45.4	54.2	49.3	60.5	47.1	51.9	58.1	52.3	58.4	51.2	58.4	51.8	54.7
1+ packs of cigarettes per day	64.6	60.4	66.4	58.3	64.4	62.8	62.2	67.9	68.8	68.4	68.5	68.7	68.2	68.4
Marijuana once or twice a week	50.1	29.3	39.0	36.8	49.7	30.8	38.4	51.7	25.2	37.5	35.2	50.1	24.4	36.3
Try marijuana once or twice	37.1	25.4	28.9	31.0	35.3	29.0	30.4	36.1	16.8	24.8	25.0	34.7	16.4	24.9
Use prescription drugs	71.9	62.8	67.3	65.8	69.7	66.5	66.7	69.1	68.2	70.0	67.3	69.4	67.9	68.5
Think it would be wrong to														
Smoke cigarettes	90.6	72.8	81.1	80.0	89.4	77.3	80.4	95.6	87.7	91.1	91.0	95.3	88.9	91.0
Drink alcohol regularly	82.4	54.8	71.1	63.0	79.6	57.7	66.6	88.8	64.5	74.1	75.2	87.6	64.8	74.7
Smoke marijuana	86.2	56.7	71.9	66.8	82.4	60.8	69.3	89.7	62.3	74.4	73.3	88.1	62.3	73.8
Smoke synthetic marijuana	90.4	90.9	90.7	90.5	90.7	91.6	90.7	93.1	88.6	90.1	90.9	92.7	88.6	90.5
Use other illicit drugs	96.9	92.0	95.1	93.4	96.6	92.2	94.1	97.5	93.6	95.8	94.7	97.3	93.6	95.2
Parents think it would be wrong to														
1 or 2 drinks nearly every day	94.4	91.2	93.0	92.5	94.8	90.2	92.6	97.3	93.8	95.4	95.1	97.2	94.1	95.2
Smoke cigarettes	97.1	93.6	95.3	94.9	97.3	92.6	95.2	98.6	96.8	97.6	97.5	98.6	97.3	97.6
Smoke marijuana	94.7	87.0	90.7	89.8	93.5	87.8	90.4	97.0	88.6	92.3	92.0	96.6	88.9	92.1
Use prescription drugs	96.3	97.4	97.0	96.8	96.6	96.5	97.0	98.2	97.3	97.4	97.9	98.1	97.4	97.7
Friends think it would be wrong to														
1 or 2 drinks nearly every day	84.3	65.8	78.1	70.0	82.1	68.3	73.8	91.3	79.0	85.6	82.9	90.7	79.1	84.2
Smoke tobacco	90.2	70.4	82.5	75.8	86.3	74.6	79.1	94.8	87.0	91.1	89.5	94.4	87.8	90.3
Smoke marijuana	85.1	54.0	70.0	65.6	81.3	57.8	67.6	88.6	59.9	72.6	71.3	86.6	59.8	72.0
Use prescription drugs	91.4	81.0	87.0	83.8	89.0	84.4	85.5	95.7	90.6	93.4	92.2	95.5	90.3	92.7

Note: Early ATOD use is defined as the percentage of high school students who started using at age 13 or younger. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

		2006			2008			2010			2012			2014			2016	
	Middle School	0	Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	0	Total	Middle School		Total	Middle School	0	Total	Middle School	High School	Total
Early ATOD use																		
Try alcohol		33.8	33.8		32.3	32.3		29.6	29.6		32.9	32.9		31.1	31.1		29.6	29.6
Drink monthly		8.5	8.5		11.5	11.5		7.2	7.2		9.6	9.6		7.9	7.9		6.6	6.6
Smoke cigarettes		36.3	36.3		31.3	31.3		30.0	30.0		27.9	27.9		29.4	29.4		21.8	21.8
Smoke marijuana		15.7	15.7		13.5	13.5		16.9	16.9		13.7	13.7		19.1	19.1		18.4	18.4
Great risk of harm																		
Daily alcohol use	41.5	33.4	37.3	42.5	38.8	40.5	40.5	35.7	37.9	36.2	34.1	35.0	42.8	38.8	40.7	45.3	32.9	38.2
5+ drinks weekly													57.7	43.7	50.2	60.3	45.4	51.9
Daily cigarette use	60.7	58.0	59.3	71.5	60.9	65.7	60.7	59.9	60.3	65.6	66.9	66.3	69.8	63.2	66.3	64.6	60.4	62.2
Marijuana weekly*													54.3	32.5	42.7	50.1	29.3	38.4
Try marijuana	51.3	35.1	42.7	46.0	34.5	39.7	37.7	27.9	32.5	37.4	25.0	30.7	43.3	24.9	33.5	37.1	25.4	30.4
Prescription drugs											63.9	63.9	75.3	69.7	72.3	71.9	62.8	66.7
Think it wrong																		
Smoke cigarettes	86.2	69.4	77.2	83.8	67.1	74.7	84.2	63.1	72.9	85.5	72.0	78.1	88.2	65.7	76.2	90.6	72.8	80.4
Drink regularly	78.3	55.3	66.1	76.1	54.7	64.3	74.4	53.5	63.2	77.2	54.6	64.9	81.5	51.7	65.7	82.4	54.8	66.6
Smoke marijuana	91.4	78.2	84.2	88.2	73.2	79.9	83.5	70.6	76.6	85.4	67.7	75.7	87.6	60.8	73.3	86.2	56.7	69.3
Smoke synthetic marijuana																90.4	90.9	90.7
Use other illicit drugs	96.2	95.8	96.0	95.3	91.4	93.2	94.6	93.2	93.8	94.0	93.8	93.9	97.7	89.7	93.4	96.9	92.0	94.1
Parents think it wrong																		
Daily alcohol use*													93.9	88.2	90.9	94.4	91.2	92.6
Smoke cigarettes	93.6	87.2	89.9	95.6	85.4	90.0	93.9	88.2	90.9	97.7	86.8	91.8	96.0	88.9	92.3	97.1	93.6	95.2
Smoke marijuana	97.1	89.2	92.5	95.4	89.7	92.4	95.9	88.5	92.1	97.1	88.1	92.2	94.8	84.2	89.3	94.7	87.0	90.4
Prescription drugs													96.5	96.0	96.3	96.3	97.4	97.0
Friends think it wrong																		
Daily alcohol use													83.9	60.2	71.2	84.3	65.8	73.8
Smoke tobacco													87.7	57.1	71.4	90.2	70.4	79.1
Smoke marijuana													85.6	56.5	70.0	85.1	54.0	67.6
Prescription drugs													93.9	83.6	88.4	91.4	81.0	85.5

Table 7. Trends in early ATOD use and attitudes toward substance use for Washington, 2006 to 2016

Note: Early ATOD use is defined as the percentage of high school students who started using at age 13 or younger. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

* In 2014, the description of marijuana use in the risk of harm question was changed from "regularly" to "once or twice a week." Also, in 2014, the description of alcohol use in the parent disapproval question was changed from "regularly" to "nearly every day." For these items, care should be exercised when comparing 2014 data to previous years.

Table 8. Among <u>high school</u> drinkers, usual source of alcohol within the past 30 days, Washington and Florida Statewide youth, 2016

			W	ashingto	on					Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Bought in a store		3.7	0.0	6.4		5.5	3.7		8.3	5.0	12.4		7.3	8.3
Bought in a restaurant, bar, or club		1.9	0.0	3.4		2.9	1.9		1.6	1.2	2.1		1.5	1.6
Bought at a public event		0.8	2.0	0.0		1.3	0.8		0.7	0.7	0.8		0.6	0.7
Someone bought it for me		20.1	16.1	23.0		23.3	20.1		14.7	13.3	16.3		14.5	14.7
Someone gave it to me		40.0	46.6	35.1		40.9	40.0		44.8	50.6	37.8		47.0	44.8
Took it from a store		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		0.3	0.2	0.4		0.4	0.3
Took it from a family member		5.5	2.9	7.4		4.4	5.5		11.7	14.2	8.7		12.4	11.7
Some other way		28.0	32.4	24.7		21.7	28.0		17.8	14.7	21.5		16.5	17.8

Note: The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 9. Among <u>high school</u> drinkers, usual drinking location within the past 30 days, Washington and Florida Statewide youth, 2016

			W	ashingto	on					Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
My home		29.6	25.9	32.4		34.1	29.6		37.7	39.2	35.9		37.1	37.7
Another person's home		41.7	44.4	39.6		34.9	41.7		40.0	41.0	38.9		40.8	40.0
Car or other vehicle		6.0	7.6	4.7		9.2	6.0		1.7	1.6	1.9		1.7	1.7
Restaurant, bar, or club		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		2.7	2.9	2.5		2.4	2.7
Public place		2.3	0.0	4.1		1.6	2.3		3.9	3.9	3.7		4.3	3.9
Public event		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		1.6	1.8	1.5		1.7	1.6
School property		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		1.3	0.7	2.0		1.4	1.3
Some other place		20.4	22.1	19.2		20.2	20.4		11.1	9.0	13.7		10.6	11.1

Note: The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 10. Among high school drinkers, number of drinks usually consumed per day, on the days students drank in the past 30 days, Washington and Florida Statewide youth, 2016

			W	ashingt	on					Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
1		24.9	17.0	32.7		30.3	24.9		29.6	31.6	27.4		30.5	29.6
2		19.7	24.4	16.5		20.9	19.7		22.5	24.8	19.8		22.4	22.5
3		18.4	30.8	8.6		19.1	18.4		17.3	17.9	16.3		16.9	17.3
4		3.8	3.1	4.5		5.5	3.8		8.6	9.0	8.3		8.5	8.6
5 or more		33.3	24.7	37.7		24.3	33.3		22.0	16.7	28.2		21.8	22.0

Note: The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

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using another drug to get high <u>b</u>	elore o	r aurin	ig schoo	<u>) </u> in th	e past	12 mon	i tns , 20	10						
			W	ashingto	on					Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Drinking alcohol	3.6	7.1	3.7	6.3	3.6	7.2	5.5	3.3	6.5	5.5	4.7	3.3	6.8	5.1

5.4

2.7

15.2

5.4

11.2

4.3

3.2

1.4

12.2

3.9

8.7

2.9

8.1

2.9

3.7

1.5

12.3

4.1

8.5

2.9

Table 11. Percentages of Washington and Florida Statewide youth who reported drinking alcohol, smoking marijuana, or using another drug to get high <u>before or during school</u> in the past 12 months, 2016

11.7

5.4

5.0

2.9

16.1

5.5

10.5

3.3

Smoking marijuana

Used another drug to get high

 Table 12. Percentages of Washington and Florida Statewide youth who reported engaging in delinquent behavior within the past 12 months, 2016

			W	ashingto	on					Flori	da State	ewide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Carrying a handgun	12.0	7.4	4.3	14.5	12.0	8.4	9.4	5.0	5.8	2.6	8.3	5.0	5.9	5.5
Selling drugs	3.0	9.6	5.9	7.6	3.9	8.4	6.7	1.6	6.0	3.0	5.4	1.8	6.1	4.2
Attempting to steal a vehicle	0.2	0.5	0.0	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.4	1.0	1.5	0.8	1.7	1.0	1.5	1.3
Being arrested	0.5	3.3	1.7	2.4	0.7	2.2	2.0	1.9	2.8	1.8	3.0	1.8	3.0	2.4
Taking a handgun to school	0.6	0.9	0.0	1.5	0.5	1.2	0.8	0.4	0.7	0.3	0.9	0.4	0.7	0.6
Getting suspended	10.0	10.9	9.3	11.9	10.5	11.4	10.5	10.6	9.1	7.0	12.5	10.1	9.8	9.8
Attacking someone with intent to harm	7.2	8.3	5.5	10.2	7.0	10.1	7.8	6.2	6.1	5.3	6.9	6.0	6.6	6.1

		2006			2008			2010			2012			2014			2016	
	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	0	Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	High School	Total
Carrying a handgun	4.2	3.3	3.6	6.3	6.4	6.3	9.3	4.7	6.9	10.5	6.0	8.0	10.9	14.7	12.9	12.0	7.4	9.4
Selling drugs	2.0	6.6	4.5	3.6	8.0	6.1	2.5	8.1	5.4	2.7	7.1	5.1	1.6	10.9	6.5	3.0	9.6	6.7
Attempting to steal a vehicle	1.0	4.5	2.9	3.5	2.7	3.1	1.4	2.8	2.1	0.9	1.5	1.2	1.7	3.7	2.7	0.2	0.5	0.4
Being arrested	4.1	6.5	5.4	5.9	4.4	5.1	3.4	5.9	4.7	2.4	3.3	2.9	2.3	5.4	4.0	0.5	3.3	2.0
Taking a handgun to school	1.0	1.5	1.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	2.1	1.3	0.8	0.6	0.7	0.4	1.6	1.0	0.6	0.9	0.8
Getting suspended	14.6	10.5	12.3	18.8	11.1	14.6	14.6	7.7	11.0	13.4	10.4	11.7	12.5	12.3	12.4	10.0	10.9	10.5
Attacking someone with intent to harm	12.0	10.2	11.2	14.9	15.7	15.3	12.5	14.0	13.2	9.4	8.4	8.9	8.8	11.4	10.1	7.2	8.3	7.8

Table 13. Trends in delinquent behaviors for Washington, 2006 to 2016

Table 14. Percentages of Washington and Florida Statewide youth with family members who have been or are now in jail or friends who have been in trouble because of alcohol or drugs, 2016

			W	ashingto	on					Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Family members who have been or are now in jail or prison	57.6	51.6	56.5	51.6	57.7	51.3	54.3	44.4	44.6	47.8	41.2	44.2	45.4	44.5
Friends who have have been or are in trouble because of alcohol or drugs	29.6	40.5	41.9	29.9	30.9	37.8	35.7	23.9	46.5	38.4	35.8	26.0	47.1	37.1

			W	ashingt	on					Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Skipped school because of bullying	9.3	10.9	17.2	4.5	8.8	12.2	10.3	7.6	8.2	11.5	4.4	7.6	8.3	7.9
Was kicked or shoved in past 30 days	17.9	8.3	10.2	14.3	17.3	9.7	12.4	19.6	8.1	12.0	13.8	18.8	8.1	13.0
Was taunted or teased in past 30 days	37.8	22.4	32.1	25.4	35.8	26.1	29.0	35.3	22.5	30.1	25.6	34.4	22.8	27.9
Was victim of cyber bullying in past 30 days	5.9	6.3	9.9	3.0	4.4	8.9	6.1	7.8	7.6	10.2	5.2	7.8	7.9	7.7
Physically bullied others in past 30 days	7.9	5.0	4.5	7.9	8.5	5.3	6.2	7.6	4.9	5.0	7.0	7.2	5.2	6.1
Verbally bullied others in past 30 days	15.6	12.4	11.8	15.9	16.8	11.9	13.7	14.3	10.4	11.0	13.0	14.0	10.7	12.0
Cyber bullied others in past 30 days	1.5	2.6	2.7	1.7	1.8	2.7	2.1	3.6	4.1	4.0	3.7	3.7	4.1	3.9

Table 15. Percentages of Washington and Florida Statewide youth who reported involvement in bullying behavior, 2016

			W	ashingt	on					Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Have you ever belonged to a gang?	7.1	4.4	3.7	7.5	6.6	4.6	5.6	3.3	3.5	2.3	4.5	3.1	3.6	3.4
Did that gang have a name?	54.3	14.8	19.1	27.3	46.9	16.3	23.8	23.4	14.1	13.1	19.7	21.9	14.4	16.9
Are you a gang member now?		4.1	2.3	5.9		4.6	4.1		2.0	1.1	2.8		2.0	2.0

Table 16. Percentages of Washington and Florida Statewide youth who reported gang membership, 2016

Note: The prevalence rates for "Did that gang have a name?" exclude students who reported that they have never belonged to a gang. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 17. Reasons for joining a gang, reported by <u>high school students who have belonged to a gang</u>, among Washington and Florida Statewide youth, 2016

			W	ashingto	on					Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Fun and excitement		5.3	2.9	6.9		3.9	5.3		5.0	4.3	5.5		5.0	5.0
Protection		4.0	1.8	5.5		2.5	4.0		4.2	2.6	5.4		4.5	4.2
Friend or relative in a gang		4.8	1.8	6.9		4.7	4.8		4.1	2.9	4.9		4.1	4.1
Forced to join		1.6	0.0	2.6		2.3	1.6		1.1	1.1	1.2		1.2	1.1
To get respect		6.4	5.1	7.3		5.5	6.4		3.5	2.0	4.7		3.5	3.5
Money		6.8	5.1	8.1		2.8	6.8		3.8	2.5	4.8		4.1	3.8
To fit in better		1.7	4.3	0.0		0.0	1.7		1.2	1.1	1.4		1.2	1.2
Other reasons		8.0	0.0	13.4		3.4	8.0		5.9	4.5	7.0		5.6	5.9

Note: The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

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Table 18. Percentages of Washington and Florida Statewide youth who reported participation in extracurricular activities,2016

			W	ashingt	on					Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
School Sports	47.4	42.5	45.6	44.1	48.3	41.5	44.6	36.0	40.4	34.5	42.5	36.4	41.4	38.5
Organized Sports Outside of School	26.5	9.8	13.9	19.7	25.8	9.9	16.9	41.6	22.4	28.2	32.9	40.1	22.8	30.5
School Band	27.0	14.5	25.4	14.6	25.3	14.7	19.8	16.7	8.1	12.3	11.1	16.2	8.1	11.7
School Club(s)	32.6	37.3	45.8	26.5	35.3	35.8	35.3	22.1	31.8	35.4	20.4	22.8	31.6	27.6
Community Club(s)	10.4	6.9	12.9	4.7	10.2	6.6	8.4	9.3	12.8	14.6	8.2	9.4	12.6	11.3

Table 19. Percentages of <u>high school</u> students who reported *riding in* a vehicle within the past 30 days driven by someone who had been drinking alcohol or using marijuana, or *driving* a vehicle within the past 30 days after drinking alcohol or using marijuana, among Washington and Florida Statewide youth, 2016

			W	ashingto	on					Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Riding in a vehicle														
Alcohol		25.1	28.2	22.0		22.8	25.1		16.4	17.5	15.3		16.3	16.4
Marijuana		27.1	25.4	26.9		25.5	27.1		22.7	23.7	21.7		22.9	22.7
Driving a vehicle														
Alcohol		9.3	4.8	12.6		9.3	9.3		5.4	5.0	5.8		5.2	5.4
Marijuana		15.5	12.7	17.7		12.9	15.5		10.3	9.1	11.4		9.9	10.3

Note: The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 20. Trends for <u>high school</u> students *riding in* a vehicle within the past 30 days driven by someone who had been drinking alcohol or using marijuana, or *driving* a vehicle within the past 30 days after drinking alcohol or using marijuana, for Washington, 2012 and 2016

		2006		2008		2010		2012			2014			2016	
	Middle School	High School	Middle School	High School	Middle School	High School	Middle School	0	Total	Middle School	High School		Middle School	High School	Total
Riding in a vehicle															
Alcohol			 		 		 	24.9	24.9		28.3	28.3		25.1	25.1
Marijuana			 		 		 	22.6	22.6		27.1	27.1		27.1	27.1
Driving a vehicle															
Alcohol			 		 		 	10.2	10.2		11.9	11.9		9.3	9.3
Marijuana			 		 		 	11.8	11.8		15.8	15.8		15.5	15.5

Note: The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

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Table 21. Protective factor prevalence rates for Washington, Florida Statewide youth and the national normative database,2016

Domain	Scale	Wash	ington	Florida S	Statewide	Nationa	l Norms
		Middle School	High School	Middle School	High School	Middle School	High School
Community	Community Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	48	75	46	69	56	63
Family	Family Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement Family Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	58 51	48 45	60 56	59 56	59 54	54 55
School	School Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement School Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	55 49	50 54	53 49	63 59	57 53	60 58
Peer and Individual	Religiosity	70	68	49	57	56	62
Average Prevalence R	ate	55	57	52	61	56	59

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values.

Domain	Scale	Wash	ington	Florida S	Statewide	Nationa	l Norms
		Middle School	High School	Middle School	High School	Middle School	High School
Community	Community Disorganization	48	50	42	44	47	47
	Transitions and Mobility	49	48	59	61	47	46
	Laws and Norms Favorable to Drug Use	47	37	37	31	42	42
	Perceived Availability of Drugs	48	29	37	27	45	45
	Perceived Availability of Handguns	41	55	24	36	25	42
Family	Poor Family Management	40	47	40	38	44	45
	Family Conflict	39	31	38	33	42	37
School	Poor Academic Performance	51	45	42	44	45	48
	Lack of Commitment to School	53	54	53	54	47	46
Peer and	Favorable Attitudes toward Antisocial Behavior	40	40	39	35	40	46
Individual	Favorable Attitudes toward ATOD Use	41	46	32	36	39	45
	Early Initiation of Drug Use	29	35	23	22	41	46
Average Preva	lence Rate	44	43	39	38	42	45

Table 22. Risk factor prevalence rates for Washington, Florida Statewide youth and the national normative database, 2016

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values. The symbol "---" indicates that data are not available.

Domain	Scale			Washi	ington	1	
		2006	2008	2010	2012	2014	2016
Community	Community Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	60	57	61	62	54	48
Family	Family Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	52	54	56	54	56	58
	Family Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	49	52	53	55	54	51
School	School Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	48	48	43	45	47	55
	School Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	50	50	45	48	49	49
Peer and Individual	Religiosity	68	66	67	63	64	70
Average Prevalence R	ate	55	55	54	55	54	55

Table 23. Protective factor prevalence rate trends among middle school students for Washington, 2006 to 2016

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values. The symbol "---" indicates that data are not available.

Domain	Scale			Wash	ington		
		2006	2008	2010	2012	2014	2016
Community	Community Disorganization	45	51	49	53	48	48
	Transitions and Mobility	51	45	46	41	51	49
	Laws and Norms Favorable to Drug Use	48	57	55	47	44	47
	Perceived Availability of Drugs	42	59	49	44	47	48
	Perceived Availability of Handguns	39	47	42	48	47	41
Family	Poor Family Management	49	50	46	48	39	40
	Family Conflict	43	40	38	42	41	39
School	Poor Academic Performance	53	50	42	43	50	51
	Lack of Commitment to School	53	57	62	58	61	53
Peer and	Favorable Attitudes toward Antisocial Behavior	48	50	55	49	41	40
Individual	Favorable Attitudes toward ATOD Use	45	47	49	47	37	41
	Early Initiation of Drug Use	45	50	49	36	34	29
Average Preva	lence Rate	45	49	52	47	45	44

Table 24. Risk factor prevalence rate trends among middle school students for Washington, 2006 to 2016

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values.

Domain	Scale	Washington						
		2006	2008	2010	2012	2014	2016	
Community	Community Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	73	71	77	73	68	75	
Family	Family Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	49	54	54	55	56	48	
	Family Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	53	52	51	55	53	45	
School	School Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	52	53	54	55	48	50	
	School Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	60	59	66	60	51	54	
Peer and Individual	Religiosity	68	73	67	69	64	68	
Average Prevalence Rate		59	60	62	61	57	57	

Table 25. Protective factor prevalence rate trends among high school students for Washington, 2006 to 2016

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values. The symbol "---" indicates that data are not available.

Domain	Scale	Washington						
		2006	2008	2010	2012	2014	2016	
Community	Community Disorganization	48	55	47	49	51	50	
	Transitions and Mobility	57	54	57	49	55	48	
	Laws and Norms Favorable to Drug Use	38	40	40	41	41	37	
	Perceived Availability of Drugs	45	39	33	34	35	29	
	Perceived Availability of Handguns	53	50	50	53	54	55	
Family	Poor Family Management	47	48	37	42	42	47	
	Family Conflict	35	36	31	35	35	31	
School	Poor Academic Performance	39	42	47	45	44	45	
	Lack of Commitment to School	54	51	53	51	56	54	
Peer and	Favorable Attitudes toward Antisocial Behavior	48	47	39	39	38	40	
Individual	Favorable Attitudes toward ATOD Use	38	44	41	41	45	46	
	Early Initiation of Drug Use	44	42	38	40	44	35	
Average Prevalence Rate		45	46	45	45	45	43	

Table 26. Risk factor prevalence rate trends among high school students for Washington, 2006 to 2016

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values.