2016 Florida Youth Substance Abuse Survey

Table 1. Major demographic characteristics of surveyed Lake and Florida Statewide, 2016

	La	ke	Florida S	tatewide
	N	%	N	%
Sex				
Female	625	48.8	31,515	47.9
Male	633	49.4	32,905	50.0
Race/Ethnic group				
African American	155	12.1	14,666	22.3
American Indian	46	3.6	568	0.9
Asian	22	1.7	743	1.1
Hispanic/Latino	258	20.1	13,174	20.0
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	3	0.2	144	0.2
Other/Multiple	238	18.6	7,523	11.4
White, non-Hispanic	539	42.0	28,309	43.0
Age				
10	0	0.0	65	0.1
11	105	8.2	3,856	5.9
12	209	16.3	8,338	12.7
13	241	18.8	9,230	14.0
14	220	17.2	9,454	14.4
15	188	14.7	10,070	15.3
16	153	11.9	9,684	14.7
17	100	7.8	9,348	14.2
18	47	3.7	4,799	7.3
19 or older	8	0.6	618	0.9
Grade				
6th	231	18.0	9,301	14.1
7th	254	19.8	9,215	14.0
8th	234	18.3	9,326	14.2
9th	232	18.1	10,140	15.4
10th	146	11.4	9,834	15.0
11th	110	8.6	9,254	14.1
12th	75	5.9	8,705	13.2
Overall Middle School	719	56.1	27,678	42.1
Overall High School	563	43.9	37,765	57.4
Total	1,282	100.0	65,776	100.0

Note: Some categories do not sum to 100% of the total due to missing values (e.g., not all survey questions were answered). In addition, rounding can produce totals that do not equal 100%. "N" represents the number of valid cases. In this table, county data are unweighted while statewide data are weighted.

Table 2. Percentages of Lake and Florida Statewide youth who reported having used various drugs in their lifetimes, 2016

				Lake						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Alcohol	21.7	52.9	39.7	39.6	24.1	51.6	39.3	21.8	51.4	41.3	37.1	23.6	51.5	39.1
Blacking Out		15.8	15.3	15.9		16.5	15.8		15.9	16.5	15.4		16.1	15.9
Cigarettes	7.2	22.5	16.2	15.9	6.9	22.4	15.8	8.0	18.5	14.0	14.1	8.2	18.5	14.1
Vaporizer/E-Cigarette	15.0	36.1	25.7	28.3	16.0	36.9	26.8	14.6	33.9	24.4	27.1	15.7	34.5	25.8
Marijuana or Hashish	5.8	35.0	22.2	22.8	6.0	36.5	22.2	7.0	31.7	21.4	21.3	8.1	31.8	21.3
Synthetic Marijuana		6.8	6.1	7.5		4.8	6.8		4.9	4.8	5.0		4.8	4.9
Inhalants	6.3	4.4	5.4	5.0	6.3	3.1	5.2	6.4	4.6	6.1	4.7	6.4	4.7	5.4
Flakka		1.2	1.3	1.1		1.2	1.2		1.0	0.9	1.1		1.0	1.0
Club Drugs	0.2	2.9	1.7	1.6	0.5	2.0	1.7	0.7	3.0	1.9	2.2	0.8	2.9	2.1
LSD, PCP or Mushrooms	0.5	5.2	2.2	4.2	0.5	4.6	3.1	1.0	4.8	2.7	3.7	1.1	4.9	3.2
Methamphetamine	0.6	0.7	0.4	1.0	0.7	0.4	0.7	0.5	0.8	0.6	0.8	0.5	0.8	0.7
Cocaine or Crack Cocaine	0.2	1.6	0.1	2.0	0.2	0.6	1.0	0.8	2.5	1.6	1.9	0.8	2.3	1.8
Heroin	0.3	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Depressants	1.8	8.8	6.6	4.8	2.1	8.0	5.7	2.2	6.5	5.3	4.1	2.4	6.6	4.7
Prescription Pain Relievers	3.6	7.2	6.0	5.2	4.1	6.2	5.6	3.3	5.8	5.3	4.2	3.5	5.7	4.8
Prescription Amphetamines	1.1	5.6	3.5	3.6	1.6	4.1	3.6	1.3	4.7	3.3	3.2	1.4	4.6	3.2
Steroids (without a doctor's order)	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.7	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5
Over-the-Counter Drugs	4.7	6.0	5.2	5.6	4.3	6.2	5.4	3.2	5.3	4.7	4.2	3.4	5.4	4.4
Needle to Inject Illegal Drugs		1.5	1.6	1.5		1.7	1.5		0.8	0.6	0.8		0.8	0.8
Any illicit drug	15.7	38.3	29.9	27.6	15.6	40.2	28.4	15.7	36.4	29.0	26.4	16.6	36.6	27.7
Any illicit drug other than marijuana	12.1	19.3	17.6	15.0	11.9	18.5	16.1	12.0	17.7	16.4	14.2	12.3	17.7	15.3
Alcohol only	12.6	20.6	15.8	18.6	14.7	18.8	17.2	12.5	21.0	18.1	17.0	13.4	21.0	17.5
Alcohol or any illicit drug	27.9	58.6	45.4	45.6	29.8	58.7	45.2	27.8	57.2	46.8	43.1	29.6	57.4	44.8
Any illicit drug, but no alcohol	6.9	6.6	6.0	7.5	6.3	8.1	6.7	6.5	6.1	6.0	6.5	6.5	6.1	6.3

Note: The first 19 data rows show results for alcohol, cigarettes, and other drugs. The last five data rows show results for various combinations of drugs. Respondents were asked on how many occasions in their lifetime they woke up after a night of drinking and did not remember the things they did or the places they went. Ecstasy, Rohypnol, GHB and ketamine are provided as examples in the question about club drugs. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 3. Percentages of Lake and Florida Statewide youth who reported having used various drugs in the past 30 days, 2016

				Lake						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Alcohol	5.8	21.3	16.1	13.4	6.8	20.6	14.6	8.3	25.5	19.9	17.0	9.1	25.2	18.3
Binge Drinking	3.6	11.4	7.3	9.0	3.8	10.4	8.0	3.2	10.9	7.9	7.7	3.4	10.8	7.7
Cigarettes	0.8	7.5	4.4	4.9	0.7	6.9	4.6	1.4	4.8	3.3	3.5	1.5	4.6	3.4
Vaporizer/E-Cigarette	6.1	14.3	9.2	12.5	5.5	14.8	10.7	5.1	12.8	8.4	10.6	5.5	12.9	9.6
Marijuana or Hashish	1.9	19.7	11.5	12.6	1.6	20.3	11.9	3.2	17.0	10.9	11.5	3.9	16.9	11.2
Synthetic Marijuana		0.4	0.0	0.6		0.0	0.4		1.0	0.9	1.2		1.1	1.0
Inhalants	1.4	0.5	1.0	0.6	1.5	0.1	0.9	2.2	1.2	1.9	1.4	2.1	1.2	1.6
Flakka		0.7	0.9	0.6		0.6	0.7		0.5	0.4	0.7		0.5	0.5
Club Drugs	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.8	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.7	0.6
LSD, PCP or Mushrooms	0.2	1.4	0.5	1.2	0.3	1.3	0.9	0.3	1.4	0.7	1.1	0.3	1.4	0.9
Methamphetamine	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.5	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4
Cocaine or Crack Cocaine	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.8	0.6
Heroin	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2
Depressants	0.7	2.2	1.9	1.0	0.9	1.8	1.5	0.8	2.4	2.0	1.5	0.9	2.5	1.8
Prescription Pain Relievers	1.0	2.7	2.5	1.3	1.2	2.2	2.0	1.6	2.0	2.2	1.5	1.6	2.1	1.8
Prescription Amphetamines	0.2	2.1	1.2	1.1	0.3	1.9	1.3	0.5	1.6	1.1	1.2	0.6	1.7	1.2
Steroids (without a doctor's order)	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Over-the-Counter Drugs	2.1	2.6	2.2	2.6	1.9	3.3	2.4	1.8	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.8	2.1	2.0
Any illicit drug	6.0	21.8	15.3	14.5	5.6	22.9	14.9	7.5	20.0	15.1	14.2	8.1	20.0	14.7
Any illicit drug other than marijuana	4.4	6.8	6.5	5.0	4.3	7.1	5.8	5.6	7.7	7.3	6.2	5.7	7.7	6.8
Alcohol only	3.8	8.5	7.1	6.2	4.6	8.3	6.5	5.2	13.4	11.1	9.1	5.6	13.3	10.0
Alcohol or any illicit drug	9.5	30.0	22.2	20.4	9.9	30.6	21.1	12.5	32.9	25.8	22.9	13.5	32.9	24.3
Any illicit drug, but no alcohol	3.9	9.1	6.4	7.3	3.3	10.4	6.8	4.5	7.8	6.4	6.3	4.7	8.0	6.4

Note: The first 18 data rows show results for alcohol, cigarettes, and other drugs. The last five data rows show results for various combinations of drugs. Binge drinking is defined as having had five or more alcoholic drinks in a row in the past two weeks. Ecstasy, Rohypnol, GHB and ketamine are provided as examples in the question about club drugs. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 4. Lifetime trend in alcohol, tobacco and other drug use for Lake, 2006 to 2016

		2006			2008			2010			2012			2014			2016	
	Middle School	O	Total	Middle School	U	Total	Middle School		Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School		Total	Middle School	U	Total
Alcohol	42.6	69.2	57.8	38.0	70.7	56.3	39.9	69.0	56.5	28.6	63.7	48.4	24.4	54.0	41.1	21.7	52.9	39.3
Blacking Out														18.5	18.5		15.8	15.8
Cigarettes	23.9	44.7	35.8	22.5	41.2	33.0	22.9	39.1	32.1	15.3	34.7	26.2	12.2	26.9	20.6	7.2	22.5	15.8
Vaporizer/E-Cigarette																15.0	36.1	26.8
Marijuana or Hashish	9.5	33.4	23.3	9.3	33.0	22.6	13.2	37.1	26.8	9.5	35.9	24.5	7.4	35.7	23.4	5.8	35.0	22.2
Synthetic Marijuana											14.4	14.4		12.1	12.1		6.8	6.8
Inhalants	16.3	11.5	13.6	13.1	11.0	11.9	15.5	6.8	10.5	10.3	7.3	8.6	8.5	4.1	6.0	6.3	4.4	5.2
Flakka																	1.2	1.2
Club Drugs				1.8		1.8	2.2	5.0	3.8	0.3	4.3	2.6	0.1	5.7	3.3	0.2	2.9	1.7
LSD, PCP or Mushrooms				1.8		1.8	2.3	5.8	4.3	1.5	4.7	3.3	0.5	5.5	3.4	0.5	5.2	3.1
Methamphetamine	3.1	3.8	3.6	1.1	2.2	1.7	1.8	1.3	1.5	0.5	1.0	0.8	0.5	1.7	1.2	0.6	0.7	0.7
Cocaine or Crack Cocaine				2.3		2.3	1.8	2.9	2.4	0.3	6.0	3.6	0.4	3.1	1.9	0.2	1.6	1.0
Heroin	1.2	1.9	1.6	1.0	1.2	1.1	1.4	0.7	1.0	0.2	1.0	0.7	0.5	1.4	1.0	0.3	0.6	0.4
Depressants	2.9	9.7	6.9	2.8	10.4	7.1	3.9	9.7	7.2	1.1	7.0	4.5	1.6	8.0	5.3	1.8	8.8	5.7
Prescription Pain Relievers	5.3	13.9	10.2	5.9	13.9	10.4	7.3	11.8	9.9	4.8	11.8	8.8	5.5	10.1	8.1	3.6	7.2	5.6
Prescription Amphetamines	4.1	10.1	7.5	2.6	8.4	5.9	2.6	5.9	4.5	2.6	6.9	5.1	1.0	6.5	4.2	1.1	5.6	3.6
Steroids (without a doctor's order)	1.3	0.7	1.0	0.7	1.0	0.9	1.2	0.6	0.9	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.4
Over-the-Counter Drugs				6.2		6.2	6.4	8.3	7.5	4.0	10.2	7.5	4.2	6.5	5.5	4.7	6.0	5.4
Needle to Inject Drugs																	1.5	1.5
Any illicit drug	23.7	41.5	33.9	22.2	40.5	32.5	28.6	43.7	37.2	20.8	40.6	32.1	18.9	41.5	31.7	15.7	38.3	28.4
Any illicit drug other than marijuana	20.9	27.2	24.6	18.9	25.6	22.7	23.1	23.2	23.2	16.2	22.6	19.8	15.0	20.6	18.2	12.1	19.3	16.1
Alcohol only	23.6	30.3	27.4	22.1	32.8	28.1	19.5	29.2	25.1	15.1	25.6	21.0	14.2	19.5	17.2	12.6	20.6	17.2
Alcohol or any illicit drug	47.4	71.8	61.3	44.1	73.0	60.4	47.9	72.7	62.0	35.6	65.8	52.8	33.0	61.0	48.9	27.9	58.6	45.2
Any illicit drug, but no alcohol	5.1	2.7	3.7	6.1	2.7	4.2	8.3	3.8	5.7	7.0	2.8	4.6	8.8	6.7	7.6	6.9	6.6	6.7

Note: The first 19 data rows show results for alcohol, cigarettes, and other drugs. The last five data rows show results for various combinations of drugs. Respondents were asked on how many occasions in their lifetime they woke up after a night of drinking and did not remember the things they did or the places they went. Ecstasy, Rohypnol, GHB and ketamine are provided as examples in the question about club drugs. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

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Table 5. Past-30-day trend in alcohol, tobacco and other drug use for Lake, 2006 to 2016

		2006			2008			2010			2012			2014			2016	
	Middle School	.0	Total	Middle School	U	Total	Middle School	0	Total	Middle School		Total	Middle School		Total	Middle School	0	Total
Alcohol	19.0	45.6	34.1	17.7	42.2	31.4	19.3	39.2	30.7	11.2	37.2	25.9	9.4	27.2	19.5	5.8	21.3	14.6
Binge Drinking	6.3	24.1	16.5	6.6	22.7	15.6	8.6	18.7	14.4	3.5	17.0	11.1	4.0	11.7	8.3	3.6	11.4	8.0
Cigarettes	7.6	17.6	13.4	6.3	16.2	11.9	7.2	15.8	12.1	3.7	13.3	9.1	3.1	8.6	6.2	0.8	7.5	4.6
Vaporizer/E-Cigarette																6.1	14.3	10.7
Marijuana or Hashish	4.8	17.3	12.0	4.5	16.4	11.2	6.8	18.1	13.3	4.6	22.1	14.6	4.0	19.9	13.0	1.9	19.7	11.9
Synthetic Marijuana											5.8	5.8		3.1	3.1		0.4	0.4
Inhalants	7.4	1.6	4.0	5.1	2.9	3.9	5.6	1.7	3.4	3.0	0.9	1.8	3.6	1.2	2.3	1.4	0.5	0.9
Flakka																	0.7	0.7
Club Drugs				0.5		0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.1	1.3	0.8	0.1	1.4	0.8	0.1	0.3	0.2
LSD, PCP or Mushrooms				0.7		0.7	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.0	0.8	0.1	1.2	0.7	0.2	1.4	0.9
Methamphetamine	1.9	0.4	1.0	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.6	0.4	0.1	0.9	0.6	0.2	0.3	0.2
Cocaine or Crack Cocaine				0.9		0.9	0.7	0.3	0.5	0.2	1.2	0.8	0.1	0.8	0.5	0.1	0.3	0.2
Heroin	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.1
Depressants	1.1	5.1	3.5	1.1	4.3	2.9	1.5	3.1	2.4	0.4	1.7	1.1	0.3	4.0	2.4	0.7	2.2	1.5
Prescription Pain Relievers	2.5	5.0	3.9	2.2	5.1	3.8	3.5	3.8	3.7	2.2	3.7	3.1	2.9	4.4	3.7	1.0	2.7	2.0
Prescription Amphetamines	1.2	3.1	2.3	1.0	2.3	1.7	0.8	0.6	0.7	0.9	1.6	1.3	0.1	2.3	1.3	0.2	2.1	1.3
Steroids (without a doctor's order)	0.7	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.1
Over-the-Counter Drugs				2.0		2.0	2.4	2.0	2.2	1.9	2.8	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.1	2.6	2.4
Any illicit drug	12.9	20.5	17.4	10.7	21.4	16.7	14.4	21.4	18.4	9.7	24.3	18.0	10.3	23.5	17.8	6.0	21.8	14.9
Any illicit drug other than marijuana	10.8	11.3	11.2	8.4	10.8	9.7	10.8	8.4	9.4	7.0	9.1	8.2	7.5	9.3	8.5	4.4	6.8	5.8
Alcohol only	11.9	26.8	20.4	12.0	24.7	19.1	11.0	22.6	17.7	6.8	19.3	13.9	4.8	13.0	9.4	3.8	8.5	6.5
Alcohol or any illicit drug	24.8	46.9	37.3	22.7	45.7	35.6	25.3	43.8	35.9	16.2	42.8	31.3	14.7	36.0	26.8	9.5	30.0	21.1
Any illicit drug, but no alcohol	6.1	1.7	3.6	5.1	3.9	4.4	6.3	4.9	5.5	5.1	6.3	5.8	5.6	8.7	7.4	3.9	9.1	6.8

Note: The first 18 data rows show results for alcohol, cigarettes, and other drugs. The last five data rows show results for various combinations of drugs. Binge drinking is defined as having had five or more alcoholic drinks in a row in the past two weeks. Ecstasy, Rohypnol, GHB and ketamine are provided as examples in the question about club drugs. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 6. Percentages of Lake and Florida Statewide youth who reported early ATOD use, perceived risk of harm, personal disapproval, parental disapproval and peer disapproval, 2016

				Lake						Flori	da State	ewide		
	Middle School		Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Early ATOD use														
More than a sip of alcohol		18.8	15.5	21.4		18.6	18.8		19.4	18.3	20.2		19.3	19.4
Drinking at least once a month		4.3	3.3	5.1		3.8	4.3		3.5	3.7	3.4		3.5	3.5
Smoke cigarettes		10.1	7.5	12.6		9.1	10.1		9.3	8.6	9.8		9.4	9.3
Smoke marijuana		10.7	7.0	13.9		10.3	10.7		10.6	9.0	12.0		10.8	10.6
Great risk of harm														
1 or 2 drinks nearly every day	42.1	41.7	44.4	39.2	42.8	41.8	41.9	45.7	40.7	46.4	39.3	45.9	40.0	42.8
5+ drinks once or twice a week	55.6	51.7	56.8	50.0	56.6	51.0	53.4	58.1	52.3	58.4	51.2	58.4	51.8	54.7
1+ packs of cigarettes per day	70.2	66.7	66.4	69.7	70.1	68.6	68.2	67.9	68.8	68.4	68.5	68.7	68.2	68.4
Marijuana once or twice a week	53.6	27.1	38.7	38.5	52.3	26.1	38.6	51.7	25.2	37.5	35.2	50.1	24.4	36.3
Try marijuana once or twice	33.5	17.6	23.5	25.5	32.6	17.4	24.5	36.1	16.8	24.8	25.0	34.7	16.4	24.9
Use prescription drugs	71.5	66.3	65.6	71.0	71.6	65.7	68.5	69.1	68.2	70.0	67.3	69.4	67.9	68.5
Think it would be wrong to														
Smoke cigarettes	96.5	86.6	89.6	92.3	96.8	87.4	90.9	95.6	87.7	91.1	91.0	95.3	88.9	91.0
Drink alcohol regularly	90.2	63.7	75.4	74.0	90.4	63.6	75.1	88.8	64.5	74.1	75.2	87.6	64.8	74.7
Smoke marijuana	90.4	63.4	75.9	74.4	91.7	61.1	75.1	89.7	62.3	74.4	73.3	88.1	62.3	73.8
Smoke synthetic marijuana	93.1	86.7	88.2	90.7	93.1	86.2	89.4	93.1	88.6	90.1	90.9	92.7	88.6	90.5
Use other illicit drugs	98.5	94.3	95.8	96.3	98.7	93.7	96.1	97.5	93.6	95.8	94.7	97.3	93.6	95.2
Parents think it would be wrong to														
1 or 2 drinks nearly every day	98.4	90.6	93.9	93.9	98.2	92.4	94.0	97.3	93.8	95.4	95.1	97.2	94.1	95.2
Smoke cigarettes	99.3	96.7	98.4	97.3	99.3	98.1	97.9	98.6	96.8	97.6	97.5	98.6	97.3	97.6
Smoke marijuana	97.4	83.1	90.3	88.8	97.4	83.7	89.5	97.0	88.6	92.3	92.0	96.6	88.9	92.1
Use prescription drugs	98.3	95.5	96.9	96.8	98.6	95.2	96.7	98.2	97.3	97.4	97.9	98.1	97.4	97.7
Friends think it would be wrong to														
1 or 2 drinks nearly every day	92.2	76.4	84.5	81.9	92.6	77.3	83.2	91.3	79.0	85.6	82.9	90.7	79.1	84.2
Smoke tobacco	94.6	84.1	91.3	86.1	94.6	86.0	88.6	94.8	87.0	91.1	89.5	94.4	87.8	90.3
Smoke marijuana	90.0	57.7	73.4	69.9	89.6	57.4	71.6	88.6	59.9	72.6	71.3	86.6	59.8	72.0
Use prescription drugs	96.4	90.4	94.3	91.8	96.8	89.9	93.0	95.7	90.6	93.4	92.2	95.5	90.3	92.7

Note: Early ATOD use is defined as the percentage of high school students who started using at age 13 or younger. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

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Table 7. Trends in early ATOD use and attitudes toward substance use for Lake, 2006 to 2016

		2006			2008			2010			2012			2014			2016	
	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School		Total	Middle School		Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School		Total
Early ATOD use																		
Try alcohol		39.5	39.5		33.3	33.3		29.9	29.9		25.5	25.5		22.6	22.6		18.8	18.8
Drink monthly		6.5	6.5		6.4	6.4		5.1	5.1		6.5	6.5		3.7	3.7		4.3	4.3
Smoke cigarettes		28.4	28.4		25.8	25.8		20.3	20.3		20.1	20.1		14.2	14.2		10.1	10.1
Smoke marijuana		13.5	13.5		10.8	10.8		11.1	11.1		11.8	11.8		14.8	14.8		10.7	10.7
Great risk of harm																		
Daily alcohol use	38.5	34.6	36.2	43.2	39.0	40.9	39.0	40.1	39.7	43.7	34.8	38.6	40.6	34.5	37.2	42.1	41.7	41.9
5+ drinks weekly													54.2	49.2	51.3	55.6	51.7	53.4
Daily cigarette use	63.9	66.0	65.1	68.2	68.2	68.2	66.3	72.3	69.7	69.2	66.8	67.8	66.9	66.9	66.9	70.2	66.7	68.2
Marijuana weekly*													53.4	25.0	37.2	53.6	27.1	38.6
Try marijuana	44.1	21.5	31.3	45.0	23.3	32.8	41.2	22.1	30.3	37.6	17.9	26.4	34.3	13.7	22.6	33.5	17.6	24.5
Prescription drugs											68.2	68.2	70.9	66.9	68.6	71.5	66.3	68.5
Think it wrong																		
Smoke cigarettes	89.8	69.8	78.5	88.8	71.1	78.8	86.0	73.2	78.6	90.6	72.4	80.2	92.7	81.2	86.2	96.5	86.6	90.9
Drink regularly	80.8	51.2	64.2	79.9	52.4	64.4	80.9	54.2	65.6	85.1	56.3	68.6	89.1	62.7	74.2	90.2	63.7	75.1
Smoke marijuana	91.5	71.1	79.9	90.8	71.9	80.1	87.9	69.9	77.6	89.5	64.4	75.2	90.3	60.3	73.3	90.4	63.4	75.1
Smoke synthetic marijuana																93.1	86.7	89.4
Use other illicit drugs	96.2	93.0	94.2	96.2	94.8	95.4	96.5	94.3	95.2	97.0	94.2	95.4	97.5	93.9	95.5	98.5	94.3	96.1
Parents think it wrong																		
Daily alcohol use*													95.5	90.7	92.7	98.4	90.6	94.0
Smoke cigarettes	96.3	89.4	92.3	96.3	91.3	93.4	96.4	92.1	93.9	98.2	88.9	92.9	97.4	94.8	95.9	99.3	96.7	97.9
Smoke marijuana	97.1	91.3	93.7	97.5	93.6	95.3	96.5	91.1	93.4	97.2	88.3	92.1	95.8	86.3	90.4	97.4	83.1	89.5
Prescription drugs													98.3	97.5	97.9	98.3	95.5	96.7
Friends think it wrong																		
Daily alcohol use													90.8	70.0	79.0	92.2	76.4	83.2
Smoke tobacco													91.3	78.2	83.9	94.6	84.1	88.6
Smoke marijuana													88.7	57.1	70.8	90.0	57.7	71.6
Prescription drugs													96.1	88.5	91.8	96.4	90.4	93.0

Note: Early ATOD use is defined as the percentage of high school students who started using at age 13 or younger. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

^{*} In 2014, the description of marijuana use in the risk of harm question was changed from "regularly" to "once or twice a week." Also, in 2014, the description of alcohol use in the parent disapproval question was changed from "regularly" to "nearly every day." For these items, care should be exercised when comparing 2014 data to previous years.

Table 8. Among high school drinkers, usual source of alcohol within the past 30 days, Lake and Florida Statewide youth, 2016

				Lake						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Bought in a store		7.2	7.1	7.8		4.7	7.2		8.3	5.0	12.4		7.3	8.3
Bought in a restaurant, bar, or club		1.1	0.5	2.3		1.5	1.1		1.6	1.2	2.1		1.5	1.6
Bought at a public event		2.5	0.0	7.0		1.3	2.5		0.7	0.7	0.8		0.6	0.7
Someone bought it for me		20.4	18.7	24.0		21.2	20.4		14.7	13.3	16.3		14.5	14.7
Someone gave it to me		45.5	54.2	32.4		43.9	45.5		44.8	50.6	37.8		47.0	44.8
Took it from a store		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		0.3	0.2	0.4		0.4	0.3
Took it from a family member		11.6	10.9	11.1		15.1	11.6		11.7	14.2	8.7		12.4	11.7
Some other way		11.7	8.7	15.4		12.3	11.7		17.8	14.7	21.5		16.5	17.8

Table 9. Among high school drinkers, usual drinking location within the past 30 days, Lake and Florida Statewide youth, 2016

				Lake						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
My home		49.5	50.1	48.5		50.3	49.5		37.7	39.2	35.9		37.1	37.7
Another person's home		33.2	36.8	28.8		32.3	33.2		40.0	41.0	38.9		40.8	40.0
Car or other vehicle		3.5	4.1	2.7		4.5	3.5		1.7	1.6	1.9		1.7	1.7
Restaurant, bar, or club		1.2	0.0	3.1		1.5	1.2		2.7	2.9	2.5		2.4	2.7
Public place		0.7	1.1	0.0		0.9	0.7		3.9	3.9	3.7		4.3	3.9
Public event		2.7	2.3	3.4		3.5	2.7		1.6	1.8	1.5		1.7	1.6
School property		1.2	0.0	3.0		1.5	1.2		1.3	0.7	2.0		1.4	1.3
Some other place		8.0	5.5	10.5		5.5	8.0		11.1	9.0	13.7		10.6	11.1

Table 10. Among <u>high school</u> drinkers, number of drinks usually consumed per day, on the days students drank in the past 30 days, Lake and Florida Statewide youth, 2016

				Lake						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
1		23.4	31.2	12.6		25.1	23.4		29.6	31.6	27.4		30.5	29.6
2		26.2	30.3	22.0		28.1	26.2		22.5	24.8	19.8		22.4	22.5
3		12.7	10.7	15.7		12.9	12.7		17.3	17.9	16.3		16.9	17.3
4		8.4	9.0	6.5		9.4	8.4		8.6	9.0	8.3		8.5	8.6
5 or more		29.2	18.9	43.2		24.5	29.2		22.0	16.7	28.2		21.8	22.0

Table 11. Percentages of Lake and Florida Statewide youth who reported drinking alcohol, smoking marijuana, or using another drug to get high <u>before or during school</u> in the past 12 months, 2016

				Lake						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Drinking alcohol	3.2	5.4	4.1	4.9	2.7	5.5	4.4	3.3	6.5	5.5	4.7	3.3	6.8	5.1
Smoking marijuana	2.0	13.6	7.3	9.8	1.7	13.4	8.4	3.2	12.2	8.1	8.7	3.7	12.3	8.5
Used another drug to get high	0.8	4.0	2.6	2.6	0.8	3.6	2.6	1.4	3.9	2.9	2.9	1.5	4.1	2.9

Table 12. Percentages of Lake and Florida Statewide youth who reported engaging in delinquent behavior within the past 12 months, 2016

				Lake						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Carrying a handgun	3.0	5.0	2.1	6.4	2.9	5.5	4.1	5.0	5.8	2.6	8.3	5.0	5.9	5.5
Selling drugs	1.1	6.5	2.6	5.5	1.0	6.5	4.1	1.6	6.0	3.0	5.4	1.8	6.1	4.2
Attempting to steal a vehicle	0.6	1.4	0.3	1.9	0.4	0.8	1.1	1.0	1.5	0.8	1.7	1.0	1.5	1.3
Being arrested	1.2	3.1	1.6	3.0	1.0	3.3	2.3	1.9	2.8	1.8	3.0	1.8	3.0	2.4
Taking a handgun to school	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.7	0.3	0.9	0.4	0.7	0.6
Getting suspended	9.6	7.9	5.3	12.1	8.1	9.3	8.6	10.6	9.1	7.0	12.5	10.1	9.8	9.8
Attacking someone with intent to harm	3.1	3.9	3.6	3.7	3.1	4.5	3.6	6.2	6.1	5.3	6.9	6.0	6.6	6.1

 $Table\ 13.\ Trends\ in\ delinquent\ behaviors\ for\ Lake,\ 2006\ to\ 2016$

		2006			2008			2010			2012			2014			2016	
	Middle School	High School	Total		High School	Total												
Carrying a handgun	5.3	5.5	5.4	4.9	6.3	5.7	4.8	5.7	5.3	4.3	5.3	4.8	6.7	7.9	7.4	3.0	5.0	4.1
Selling drugs	2.9	7.6	5.7	3.0	8.1	5.9	3.4	9.7	7.0	2.4	7.0	5.0	1.3	7.4	4.8	1.1	6.5	4.1
Attempting to steal a vehicle	3.0	3.4	3.2	2.4	3.2	2.9	1.4	2.4	2.0	1.1	2.6	2.0	0.3	1.8	1.1	0.6	1.4	1.1
Being arrested	6.4	6.9	6.7	5.0	6.2	5.7	5.9	6.8	6.4	3.4	5.1	4.4	1.5	3.2	2.4	1.2	3.1	2.3
Taking a handgun to school	1.2	0.9	1.0	0.3	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.9	0.7	0.3	1.7	1.1	0.0	0.6	0.3	0.0	0.2	0.1
Getting suspended	17.7	13.7	15.3	18.4	14.0	15.9	18.7	13.3	15.6	16.1	11.9	13.7	11.3	10.4	10.8	9.6	7.9	8.6
Attacking someone with intent to harm	12.9	13.0	13.1	11.2	12.7	12.1	11.6	9.9	10.7	8.9	7.6	8.1	6.4	7.8	7.2	3.1	3.9	3.6

Table 14. Percentages of Lake and Florida Statewide youth with family members who have been or are now in jail or friends who have been in trouble because of alcohol or drugs, 2016

				Lake						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Family members who have been or are now in jail or prison	42.5	44.9	45.8	42.9	41.0	48.3	43.8	44.4	44.6	47.8	41.2	44.2	45.4	44.5
Friends who have have been or are in trouble because of alcohol or drugs	19.9	47.1	35.0	34.9	22.0	45.9	35.1	23.9	46.5	38.4	35.8	26.0	47.1	37.1

Table 15. Percentages of Lake and Florida Statewide youth who reported involvement in bullying behavior, 2016

				Lake						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Skipped school because of bullying	11.2	8.7	14.3	5.7	11.4	8.6	9.8	7.6	8.2	11.5	4.4	7.6	8.3	7.9
Was kicked or shoved in past 30 days	20.8	11.8	13.9	17.2	20.0	12.8	15.6	19.6	8.1	12.0	13.8	18.8	8.1	13.0
Was taunted or teased in past 30 days	36.7	26.0	33.3	28.4	36.3	26.8	30.6	35.3	22.5	30.1	25.6	34.4	22.8	27.9
Was victim of cyber bullying in past 30 days	8.4	5.9	9.5	4.4	8.0	5.6	7.0	7.8	7.6	10.2	5.2	7.8	7.9	7.7
Physically bullied others in past 30 days	7.6	7.0	5.1	8.8	6.2	7.8	7.2	7.6	4.9	5.0	7.0	7.2	5.2	6.1
Verbally bullied others in past 30 days	15.2	11.6	13.2	13.0	13.9	12.0	13.1	14.3	10.4	11.0	13.0	14.0	10.7	12.0
Cyber bullied others in past 30 days	3.3	4.4	4.3	3.6	2.6	4.4	3.9	3.6	4.1	4.0	3.7	3.7	4.1	3.9

Table 16. Percentages of Lake and Florida Statewide youth who reported gang membership, 2016

				Lake						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Have you ever belonged to a gang?	1.8	3.8	1.2	4.3	1.9	3.7	2.9	3.3	3.5	2.3	4.5	3.1	3.6	3.4
Did that gang have a name?	18.5	19.3	10.0	23.8	18.1	16.5	19.1	23.4	14.1	13.1	19.7	21.9	14.4	16.9
Are you a gang member now?		3.0	0.8	5.3		3.0	3.0		2.0	1.1	2.8		2.0	2.0

Note: The prevalence rates for "Did that gang have a name?" exclude students who reported that they have never belonged to a gang. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 17. Reasons for joining a gang, reported by <u>high school students who have belonged to a gang</u>, among Lake and Florida Statewide youth, 2016

				Lake						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Fun and excitement		6.1	6.4	4.5		5.9	6.1		5.0	4.3	5.5		5.0	5.0
Protection		3.0	2.9	2.2		3.9	3.0		4.2	2.6	5.4		4.5	4.2
Friend or relative in a gang		7.1	3.0	8.9		4.3	7.1		4.1	2.9	4.9		4.1	4.1
Forced to join		1.0	1.3	0.9		1.3	1.0		1.1	1.1	1.2		1.2	1.1
To get respect		4.1	0.0	5.9		3.6	4.1		3.5	2.0	4.7		3.5	3.5
Money		4.3	3.0	4.5		2.5	4.3		3.8	2.5	4.8		4.1	3.8
To fit in better		2.0	0.0	2.3		1.4	2.0		1.2	1.1	1.4		1.2	1.2
Other reasons		4.5	1.3	5.9		4.2	4.5		5.9	4.5	7.0		5.6	5.9

Table 18. Percentages of Lake and Florida Statewide youth who reported participation in extracurricular activities, 2016

				Lake						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
School Sports	34.3	45.7	37.0	45.1	37.5	46.3	40.8	36.0	40.4	34.5	42.5	36.4	41.4	38.5
Organized Sports Outside of School	40.8	18.8	26.9	29.6	38.6	21.1	28.2	41.6	22.4	28.2	32.9	40.1	22.8	30.5
School Band	15.3	5.8	11.8	7.7	14.5	5.5	9.8	16.7	8.1	12.3	11.1	16.2	8.1	11.7
School Club(s)	21.9	24.1	31.2	15.1	22.7	24.2	23.2	22.1	31.8	35.4	20.4	22.8	31.6	27.6
Community Club(s)	11.0	10.8	13.6	8.3	11.0	10.6	10.9	9.3	12.8	14.6	8.2	9.4	12.6	11.3

Table 19. Percentages of <u>high school</u> students who reported *riding in* a vehicle within the past 30 days driven by someone who had been drinking alcohol or using marijuana, or *driving* a vehicle within the past 30 days after drinking alcohol or using marijuana, among Lake and Florida Statewide youth, 2016

				Lake						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Riding in a vehicle														
Alcohol		13.7	14.3	12.9		13.6	13.7		16.4	17.5	15.3		16.3	16.4
Marijuana		25.3	25.1	26.0		26.7	25.3		22.7	23.7	21.7		22.9	22.7
Driving a vehicle														
Alcohol		7.4	4.8	9.9		7.0	7.4		5.4	5.0	5.8		5.2	5.4
Marijuana		12.1	7.8	16.6		11.8	12.1		10.3	9.1	11.4		9.9	10.3

Table 20. Trends for <u>high school</u> students *riding in* a vehicle within the past 30 days driven by someone who had been drinking alcohol or using marijuana, or *driving* a vehicle within the past 30 days after drinking alcohol or using marijuana, for Lake, 2012 and 2016

		2006			2008			2010		2012			2014			2016	
	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	O	Total	Middle School	O	Middle School	_		Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	High School	Total
Riding in a vehicle																	
Alcohol									 	24.1	24.1		19.1	19.1		13.7	13.7
Marijuana									 	27.2	27.2		25.9	25.9		25.3	25.3
Driving a vehicle																	
Alcohol									 	8.9	8.9		6.9	6.9		7.4	7.4
Marijuana									 	13.2	13.2		11.4	11.4		12.1	12.1

Table 21. Protective factor prevalence rates for Lake, Florida Statewide youth and the national normative database, 2016

Domain	Scale	La	ıke	Florida S	Statewide	Nationa	l Norms
		Middle School	High School	Middle School	High School	Middle School	High School
Community	Community Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	47	73	46	69	56	63
Family	Family Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	62	58	60	59	59	54
	Family Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	57	54	56	56	54	55
School	School Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	52	63	53	63	57	60
	School Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	47	57	49	59	53	58
Peer and Individual	Religiosity	45	56	49	57	56	62
Average Prevalence R	ate	52	60	52	61	56	59

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values.

Table 22. Risk factor prevalence rates for Lake, Florida Statewide youth and the national normative database, 2016

Domain	Scale	La	ıke	Florida S	Statewide	Nationa	l Norms
		Middle School	High School	Middle School	High School	Middle School	High School
Community	Community Disorganization	34	40	42	44	47	47
	Transitions and Mobility	56	62	59	61	47	46
	Laws and Norms Favorable to Drug Use	32	34	37	31	42	42
	Perceived Availability of Drugs	36	29	37	27	45	45
	Perceived Availability of Handguns	25	43	24	36	25	42
Family	Poor Family Management	33	37	40	38	44	45
	Family Conflict	38	35	38	33	42	37
School	Poor Academic Performance	48	48	42	44	45	48
	Lack of Commitment to School	59	58	53	54	47	46
Peer and	Favorable Attitudes toward Antisocial Behavior	41	34	39	35	40	46
Individual	Favorable Attitudes toward ATOD Use	30	38	32	36	39	45
	Early Initiation of Drug Use	22	23	23	22	41	46
Average Preva	lence Rate	38	40	39	38	42	45

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 23. Protective factor prevalence rate trends among middle school students for Lake, 2006 to 2016

Domain	Scale			La	ıke		
		2006	2008	2010	2012	2014	2016
Community	Community Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	52	51	52	53	50	47
Family	Family Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	54	55	51	57	60	62
	Family Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	47	49	47	54	58	57
School	School Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	45	45	46	48	50	52
	School Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	38	43	42	47	45	47
Peer and Individual	Religiosity	54	53	55	54	48	45
Average Prevalence R	ate	48	49	49	52	52	52

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 24. Risk factor prevalence rate trends among middle school students for Lake, 2006 to 2016

Domain	Scale			La	ıke		
		2006	2008	2010	2012	2014	2016
Community	Community Disorganization	44	50	56	53	45	34
	Transitions and Mobility	65	66	63	60	58	56
	Laws and Norms Favorable to Drug Use	44	46	46	40	33	32
	Perceived Availability of Drugs	47	51	56	44	41	36
	Perceived Availability of Handguns	31	30	30	26	29	25
Family	Poor Family Management	50	47	46	41	38	33
	Family Conflict	45	47	49	39	40	38
School	Poor Academic Performance	48	50	47	47	42	48
	Lack of Commitment to School	59	61	59	54	53	59
Peer and	Favorable Attitudes toward Antisocial Behavior	55	49	51	47	40	41
Individual	Favorable Attitudes toward ATOD Use	44	40	43	38	30	30
	Early Initiation of Drug Use	44	40	38	30	26	22
Average Preval	lence Rate	47	45	47	43	40	38

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values.

Table 25. Protective factor prevalence rate trends among high school students for Lake, 2006 to 2016

Domain	Scale	Lake						
		2006	2008	2010	2012	2014	2016	
Community	Community Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	65	63	64	67	61	73	
Family	Family Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	51	54	56	61	57	58	
	Family Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	49	54	54	59	53	54	
School	School Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	60	54	57	61	55	63	
	School Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	57	53	54	60	55	57	
Peer and Individual	Religiosity	61	62	65	61	56	56	
Average Prevalence Rate		57	57	58	62	56	60	

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 26. Risk factor prevalence rate trends among high school students for Lake, 2006 to 2016

Domain	Scale	Lake						
		2006	2008	2010	2012	2014	2016	
Community	Community Disorganization	45	49	46	47	45	40	
	Transitions and Mobility	68	69	65	63	60	62	
	Laws and Norms Favorable to Drug Use	39	40	41	40	36	34	
	Perceived Availability of Drugs	44	43	39	37	32	29	
	Perceived Availability of Handguns	47	50	42	41	44	43	
Family	Poor Family Management	50	47	44	41	38	37	
	Family Conflict	40	39	37	32	35	35	
School	Poor Academic Performance	40	41	44	40	41	48	
	Lack of Commitment to School	51	49	56	46	56	58	
Peer and	Favorable Attitudes toward Antisocial Behavior	48	50	41	40	33	34	
Individual	Favorable Attitudes toward ATOD Use	40	42	40	44	40	38	
	Early Initiation of Drug Use	43	38	35	37	26	23	
Average Prevalence Rate		45	44	45	44	40	40	

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values.