2016 Florida Youth Substance Abuse Survey

Table 1. Major demographic characteristics of surveyed Jefferson and Florida Statewide, 2016

	Jeffe	erson	Florida S	tatewide
	N	%	N	%
Sex				
Female	62	49.6	31,515	47.9
Male	55	44.0	32,905	50.0
Race/Ethnic group				
African American	86	68.8	14,666	22.3
American Indian	3	2.4	568	0.9
Asian	0	0.0	743	1.1
Hispanic/Latino	11	8.8	13,174	20.0
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	0	0.0	144	0.2
Other/Multiple	12	9.6	7,523	11.4
White, non-Hispanic	12	9.6	28,309	43.0
Age				
10	0	0.0	65	0.1
11	7	5.6	3,856	5.9
12	12	9.6	8,338	12.7
13	19	15.2	9,230	14.0
14	14	11.2	9,454	14.4
15	21	16.8	10,070	15.3
16	22	17.6	9,684	14.7
17	16	12.8	9,348	14.2
18	12	9.6	4,799	7.3
19 or older	1	0.8	618	0.9
Grade				
6th	18	14.4	9,301	14.1
7th	18	14.4	9,215	14.0
8th	19	15.2	9,326	14.2
9th	17	13.6	10,140	15.4
10th	24	19.2	9,834	15.0
11th	17	13.6	9,254	14.1
12th	12	9.6	8,705	13.2
Overall Middle School	55	44.0	27,678	42.1
Overall High School	70	56.0	37,765	57.4
Total	125	100.0	65,776	100.0

Note: Some categories do not sum to 100% of the total due to missing values (e.g., not all survey questions were answered). In addition, rounding can produce totals that do not equal 100%. "N" represents the number of valid cases. In this table, county data are unweighted while statewide data are weighted.

Table 2. Percentages of Jefferson and Florida Statewide youth who reported having used various drugs in their lifetimes, 2016

			J	effersor	ı					Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Alcohol	10.8	42.1	38.3	20.4	14.2	39.2	28.1	21.8	51.4	41.3	37.1	23.6	51.5	39.1
Blacking Out		12.9	20.7	7.5		15.3	12.9		15.9	16.5	15.4		16.1	15.9
Cigarettes	7.4	11.2	5.1	13.8	7.8	9.2	9.5	8.0	18.5	14.0	14.1	8.2	18.5	14.1
Vaporizer/E-Cigarette	12.9	21.3	13.4	21.0	7.7	28.0	17.4	14.6	33.9	24.4	27.1	15.7	34.5	25.8
Marijuana or Hashish	11.4	23.5	17.1	18.8	13.6	22.1	17.9	7.0	31.7	21.4	21.3	8.1	31.8	21.3
Synthetic Marijuana		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		4.9	4.8	5.0		4.8	4.9
Inhalants	0.0	4.2	3.6	1.4	0.0	5.4	2.2	6.4	4.6	6.1	4.7	6.4	4.7	5.4
Flakka		1.4	3.2	0.0		1.9	1.4		1.0	0.9	1.1		1.0	1.0
Club Drugs	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	3.0	1.9	2.2	0.8	2.9	2.1
LSD, PCP or Mushrooms	2.1	0.0	0.0	1.8	2.2	0.0	1.0	1.0	4.8	2.7	3.7	1.1	4.9	3.2
Methamphetamine	0.0	1.3	1.7	0.0	0.0	1.7	0.7	0.5	0.8	0.6	0.8	0.5	0.8	0.7
Cocaine or Crack Cocaine	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	2.5	1.6	1.9	0.8	2.3	1.8
Heroin	0.0	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Depressants	2.0	1.5	1.9	1.7	2.1	1.9	1.7	2.2	6.5	5.3	4.1	2.4	6.6	4.7
Prescription Pain Relievers	2.5	5.6	4.9	3.0	2.5	7.2	4.2	3.3	5.8	5.3	4.2	3.5	5.7	4.8
Prescription Amphetamines	0.0	2.9	4.0	0.0	0.0	3.8	1.6	1.3	4.7	3.3	3.2	1.4	4.6	3.2
Steroids (without a doctor's order)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5
Over-the-Counter Drugs	3.5	10.5	5.8	8.1	3.7	9.0	7.3	3.2	5.3	4.7	4.2	3.4	5.4	4.4
Needle to Inject Illegal Drugs		2.1	2.5	0.0		2.8	2.1		0.8	0.6	0.8		0.8	0.8
Any illicit drug	13.6	28.2	24.7	19.1	15.9	28.1	21.6	15.7	36.4	29.0	26.4	16.6	36.6	27.7
Any illicit drug other than marijuana	5.0	20.6	18.1	10.3	5.2	21.9	13.5	12.0	17.7	16.4	14.2	12.3	17.7	15.3
Alcohol only	4.9	18.1	14.8	11.5	6.4	16.4	12.3	12.5	21.0	18.1	17.0	13.4	21.0	17.5
Alcohol or any illicit drug	19.7	46.3	40.5	30.4	23.3	44.5	34.2	27.8	57.2	46.8	43.1	29.6	57.4	44.8
Any illicit drug, but no alcohol	9.6	4.2	2.2	10.6	9.9	5.3	6.6	6.5	6.1	6.0	6.5	6.5	6.1	6.3

Note: The first 19 data rows show results for alcohol, cigarettes, and other drugs. The last five data rows show results for various combinations of drugs. Respondents were asked on how many occasions in their lifetime they woke up after a night of drinking and did not remember the things they did or the places they went. Ecstasy, Rohypnol, GHB and ketamine are provided as examples in the question about club drugs. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 3. Percentages of Jefferson and Florida Statewide youth who reported having used various drugs in the past 30 days, 2016

			J	efferson	ı					Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Alcohol	5.6	17.0	20.3	6.2	7.0	16.0	11.8	8.3	25.5	19.9	17.0	9.1	25.2	18.3
Binge Drinking	3.6	10.2	10.0	4.3	3.8	11.2	7.2	3.2	10.9	7.9	7.7	3.4	10.8	7.7
Cigarettes	0.0	4.1	2.9	1.9	0.0	2.8	2.2	1.4	4.8	3.3	3.5	1.5	4.6	3.4
Vaporizer/E-Cigarette	5.4	4.4	5.5	4.0	3.7	7.4	4.8	5.1	12.8	8.4	10.6	5.5	12.9	9.6
Marijuana or Hashish	9.0	14.8	10.8	12.7	8.8	15.7	12.3	3.2	17.0	10.9	11.5	3.9	16.9	11.2
Synthetic Marijuana		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		1.0	0.9	1.2		1.1	1.0
Inhalants	0.9	1.8	3.3	0.0	0.0	3.4	1.4	2.2	1.2	1.9	1.4	2.1	1.2	1.6
Flakka		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		0.5	0.4	0.7		0.5	0.5
Club Drugs	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.8	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.7	0.6
LSD, PCP or Mushrooms	2.4	0.0	0.0	1.9	2.3	0.0	1.0	0.3	1.4	0.7	1.1	0.3	1.4	0.9
Methamphetamine	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4
Cocaine or Crack Cocaine	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.8	0.6
Heroin	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2
Depressants	2.3	0.0	0.0	1.9	2.2	0.0	1.0	0.8	2.4	2.0	1.5	0.9	2.5	1.8
Prescription Pain Relievers	0.0	6.0	4.2	1.9	0.0	8.0	3.4	1.6	2.0	2.2	1.5	1.6	2.1	1.8
Prescription Amphetamines	0.0	4.3	4.2	0.0	0.0	5.7	2.4	0.5	1.6	1.1	1.2	0.6	1.7	1.2
Steroids (without a doctor's order)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Over-the-Counter Drugs	4.0	4.6	1.8	5.5	3.9	3.9	4.3	1.8	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.8	2.1	2.0
Any illicit drug	12.9	21.1	18.9	15.5	11.9	24.7	17.5	7.5	20.0	15.1	14.2	8.1	20.0	14.7
Any illicit drug other than marijuana	4.7	10.8	9.0	7.0	3.8	13.0	8.1	5.6	7.7	7.3	6.2	5.7	7.7	6.8
Alcohol only	2.3	6.8	9.6	1.4	3.6	5.0	4.9	5.2	13.4	11.1	9.1	5.6	13.3	10.0
Alcohol or any illicit drug	13.3	26.4	26.6	15.4	14.2	27.2	20.5	12.5	32.9	25.8	22.9	13.5	32.9	24.3
Any illicit drug, but no alcohol	9.3	9.1	6.8	10.5	8.2	11.2	9.2	4.5	7.8	6.4	6.3	4.7	8.0	6.4

Note: The first 18 data rows show results for alcohol, cigarettes, and other drugs. The last five data rows show results for various combinations of drugs. Binge drinking is defined as having had five or more alcoholic drinks in a row in the past two weeks. Ecstasy, Rohypnol, GHB and ketamine are provided as examples in the question about club drugs. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 4. Lifetime trend in alcohol, tobacco and other drug use for Jefferson, 2006 to 2016

		2006			2008			2010			2012			2014			2016	
	Middle School	0	Total	Middle School		Total	Middle School		Total	Middle School		Total	Middle School	O	Total	Middle School		Total
Alcohol	24.4	41.6	34.7	25.3	36.0	31.1	33.4	61.5	49.7	25.3	58.5	43.9	24.7	31.8	28.3	10.8	42.1	28.1
Blacking Out														15.2	15.2		12.9	12.9
Cigarettes	22.3	31.1	27.5	8.4	25.3	17.5	18.9	36.8	29.3	17.3	33.6	26.4	16.2	23.2	19.7	7.4	11.2	9.5
Vaporizer/E-Cigarette																12.9	21.3	17.4
Marijuana or Hashish	12.2	27.7	21.3	3.4	11.9	8.1	9.7	31.3	22.3	2.3	37.2	21.7	3.2	13.2	8.5	11.4	23.5	17.9
Synthetic Marijuana											6.5	6.5		7.6	7.6		0.0	0.0
Inhalants	12.9	11.3	12.0	7.0	4.7	5.7	14.1	8.5	10.8	9.9	8.1	8.9	7.4	2.0	4.5	0.0	4.2	2.2
Flakka																	1.4	1.4
Club Drugs				0.0		0.0	2.5	4.9	3.9	0.0	2.2	1.2	0.0	2.5	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
LSD, PCP or Mushrooms				0.0		0.0	3.3	6.0	4.9	0.0	6.4	3.6	0.0	3.6	1.9	2.1	0.0	1.0
Methamphetamine	2.4	0.0	1.0	2.8	0.0	1.3	1.8	0.8	1.2	0.0	1.1	0.6	2.9	2.5	2.7	0.0	1.3	0.7
Cocaine or Crack Cocaine				0.0		0.0	2.5	3.9	3.3	0.0	1.1	0.6	0.0	3.8	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Heroin	1.1	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	1.1	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.6	0.0	1.1	0.6
Depressants	2.8	11.7	7.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.3	10.0	7.6	0.0	1.1	0.6	0.0	5.7	3.1	2.0	1.5	1.7
Prescription Pain Relievers	5.9	6.8	6.4	1.6	4.4	3.2	6.7	12.1	9.8	0.0	7.5	4.2	6.9	6.4	6.6	2.5	5.6	4.2
Prescription Amphetamines	2.8	3.9	3.4	1.9	1.5	1.7	2.1	9.4	6.4	0.0	2.3	1.3	0.0	1.1	0.6	0.0	2.9	1.6
Steroids (without a doctor's order)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	1.6	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.2	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Over-the-Counter Drugs				5.6		5.6	6.3	9.7	8.3	4.2	5.1	4.7	9.5	5.9	7.7	3.5	10.5	7.3
Needle to Inject Drugs																	2.1	2.1
Any illicit drug	25.3	29.8	27.9	11.6	16.2	14.1	24.5	37.5	32.0	13.8	43.9	30.7	17.6	24.6	21.2	13.6	28.2	21.6
Any illicit drug other than marijuana	19.5	20.2	19.9	9.8	9.5	9.7	21.1	24.4	23.0	12.9	17.9	15.7	17.6	18.9	18.3	5.0	20.6	13.5
Alcohol only	11.3	18.7	15.7	21.6	24.4	23.1	17.6	27.5	23.4	20.2	21.3	20.8	11.8	13.4	12.6	4.9	18.1	12.3
Alcohol or any illicit drug	36.4	47.6	43.1	32.8	39.9	36.7	42.0	64.7	55.2	35.0	66.1	52.4	31.1	37.9	34.6	19.7	46.3	34.2
Any illicit drug, but no alcohol	11.1	6.1	8.2	8.1	3.6	5.7	8.7	3.3	5.6	9.9	7.7	8.7	6.5	6.2	6.3	9.6	4.2	6.6

Note: The first 19 data rows show results for alcohol, cigarettes, and other drugs. The last five data rows show results for various combinations of drugs. Respondents were asked on how many occasions in their lifetime they woke up after a night of drinking and did not remember the things they did or the places they went. Ecstasy, Rohypnol, GHB and ketamine are provided as examples in the question about club drugs. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

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Table 5. Past-30-day trend in alcohol, tobacco and other drug use for Jefferson, 2006 to 2016

		2006			2008			2010			2012			2014			2016	
	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School		Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School		Total	Middle School		Total	Middle School	High School	Total
Alcohol	11.7	16.2	14.4	9.8	16.8	13.6	15.4	34.8	26.7	9.4	33.0	22.7	12.3	12.3	12.3	5.6	17.0	11.8
Binge Drinking	9.7	10.8	10.4	5.6	17.1	11.8	6.7	19.6	14.2	4.7	13.7	9.8	7.5	7.8	7.7	3.6	10.2	7.2
Cigarettes	9.7	11.1	10.5	1.7	11.5	7.0	5.6	15.8	11.5	1.1	9.8	6.0	6.9	4.3	5.6	0.0	4.1	2.2
Vaporizer/E-Cigarette																5.4	4.4	4.8
Marijuana or Hashish	8.1	16.9	13.3	0.0	12.9	7.1	5.3	16.5	11.8	0.0	16.2	9.5	2.8	5.2	4.1	9.0	14.8	12.3
Synthetic Marijuana											2.5	2.5		2.8	2.8		0.0	0.0
Inhalants	8.7	3.3	5.5	2.1	0.0	1.0	6.2	1.7	3.6	6.4	2.1	3.8	3.6	2.2	2.8	0.9	1.8	1.4
Flakka																	0.0	0.0
Club Drugs				0.0		0.0	0.5	1.1	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LSD, PCP or Mushrooms				0.0		0.0	1.3	1.6	1.5	0.0	3.6	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.4	0.0	1.0
Methamphetamine	1.2	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.2	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cocaine or Crack Cocaine				0.0		0.0	1.1	1.0	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Heroin	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.5	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Depressants	3.0	4.3	3.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	2.9	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.3	0.0	1.0
Prescription Pain Relievers	3.0	2.1	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.1	4.6	4.0	0.0	1.1	0.6	6.6	0.0	3.1	0.0	6.0	3.4
Prescription Amphetamines	3.0	4.3	3.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	3.1	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.8	1.4	0.0	4.3	2.4
Steroids (without a doctor's order)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	1.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Over-the-Counter Drugs				1.9		1.9	3.7	3.1	3.4	2.1	1.1	1.5	4.1	2.0	3.0	4.0	4.6	4.3
Any illicit drug	12.9	20.0	17.0	2.0	12.5	7.6	13.3	20.0	17.2	8.3	19.0	14.6	10.4	12.6	11.6	12.9	21.1	17.5
Any illicit drug other than marijuana	9.5	5.3	7.0	2.0	0.0	0.9	11.1	9.5	10.1	8.4	6.6	7.3	10.4	6.6	8.4	4.7	10.8	8.1
Alcohol only	7.1	3.9	5.2	10.4	8.7	9.4	8.7	19.9	15.2	7.9	15.2	12.2	6.0	8.6	7.4	2.3	6.8	4.9
Alcohol or any illicit drug	19.1	22.5	21.1	11.5	20.1	16.1	21.9	39.5	32.1	16.6	34.6	26.7	17.1	19.5	18.3	13.3	26.4	20.5
Any illicit drug, but no alcohol	8.0	6.6	7.2	2.0	3.7	2.9	6.6	4.8	5.5	8.3	1.7	4.4	4.7	8.3	6.6	9.3	9.1	9.2

Note: The first 18 data rows show results for alcohol, cigarettes, and other drugs. The last five data rows show results for various combinations of drugs. Binge drinking is defined as having had five or more alcoholic drinks in a row in the past two weeks. Ecstasy, Rohypnol, GHB and ketamine are provided as examples in the question about club drugs. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 6. Percentages of Jefferson and Florida Statewide youth who reported early ATOD use, perceived risk of harm, personal disapproval, parental disapproval and peer disapproval, 2016

				Jefferson	l					Flori	da State	ewide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Early ATOD use														
More than a sip of alcohol		20.8	12.8	27.6		16.6	20.8		19.4	18.3	20.2		19.3	19.4
Drinking at least once a month		5.6	4.6	6.8		3.8	5.6		3.5	3.7	3.4		3.5	3.5
Smoke cigarettes		11.0	7.5	12.1		10.9	11.0		9.3	8.6	9.8		9.4	9.3
Smoke marijuana		9.1	2.5	14.4		5.4	9.1		10.6	9.0	12.0		10.8	10.6
Great risk of harm														
1 or 2 drinks nearly every day	48.3	38.9	41.5	45.1	49.7	45.0	43.1	45.7	40.7	46.4	39.3	45.9	40.0	42.8
5+ drinks once or twice a week	52.8	42.8	47.6	49.4	53.6	54.0	47.3	58.1	52.3	58.4	51.2	58.4	51.8	54.7
1+ packs of cigarettes per day	62.3	59.0	62.0	61.7	63.4	64.4	60.4	67.9	68.8	68.4	68.5	68.7	68.2	68.4
Marijuana once or twice a week	39.4	39.0	43.6	37.5	41.2	43.5	39.2	51.7	25.2	37.5	35.2	50.1	24.4	36.3
Try marijuana once or twice	32.4	38.4	41.8	32.5	34.8	42.0	35.8	36.1	16.8	24.8	25.0	34.7	16.4	24.9
Use prescription drugs	60.4	63.6	63.2	62.3	59.9	69.8	62.2	69.1	68.2	70.0	67.3	69.4	67.9	68.5
Think it would be wrong to														
Smoke cigarettes	94.4	88.7	90.6	90.9	96.3	91.2	91.2	95.6	87.7	91.1	91.0	95.3	88.9	91.0
Drink alcohol regularly	82.7	76.3	80.3	78.2	81.1	83.4	79.1	88.8	64.5	74.1	75.2	87.6	64.8	74.7
Smoke marijuana	87.4	71.8	87.0	72.8	85.9	78.9	78.4	89.7	62.3	74.4	73.3	88.1	62.3	73.8
Smoke synthetic marijuana	90.6	86.7	91.6	84.9	91.0	92.4	88.4	93.1	88.6	90.1	90.9	92.7	88.6	90.5
Use other illicit drugs	98.4	98.2	96.0	100.0	98.3	100.0	98.3	97.5	93.6	95.8	94.7	97.3	93.6	95.2
Parents think it would be wrong to														
1 or 2 drinks nearly every day	94.4	94.2	94.4	93.7	94.2	92.4	94.3	97.3	93.8	95.4	95.1	97.2	94.1	95.2
Smoke cigarettes	96.7	96.6	95.7	97.1	96.6	98.5	96.7	98.6	96.8	97.6	97.5	98.6	97.3	97.6
Smoke marijuana	91.6	92.9	95.1	90.9	91.2	95.5	92.3	97.0	88.6	92.3	92.0	96.6	88.9	92.1
Use prescription drugs	95.9	100.0	99.1	97.1	95.8	100.0	98.1	98.2	97.3	97.4	97.9	98.1	97.4	97.7
Friends think it would be wrong to														
1 or 2 drinks nearly every day	90.1	89.5	90.8	89.0	89.6	91.3	89.8	91.3	79.0	85.6	82.9	90.7	79.1	84.2
Smoke tobacco	95.2	94.8	95.3	94.3	94.9	93.5	95.0	94.8	87.0	91.1	89.5	94.4	87.8	90.3
Smoke marijuana	84.6	78.2	88.2	76.2	82.1	81.9	81.1	88.6	59.9	72.6	71.3	86.6	59.8	72.0
Use prescription drugs	95.2	93.8	98.2	91.0	94.9	92.2	94.4	95.7	90.6	93.4	92.2	95.5	90.3	92.7

Note: Early ATOD use is defined as the percentage of high school students who started using at age 13 or younger. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

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Table 7. Trends in early ATOD use and attitudes toward substance use for Jefferson, 2006 to 2016

		2006			2008			2010			2012			2014			2016	
	Middle School	. 0	Total	Middle School		Total	Middle School	U	Total	Middle School	. 0	Total	Middle School		Total	Middle School	0	Total
Early ATOD use																		
Try alcohol		34.1	34.1		20.5	20.5		24.2	24.2		32.9	32.9		21.4	21.4		20.8	20.8
Drink monthly		8.1	8.1		8.2	8.2		3.7	3.7		8.2	8.2		5.0	5.0		5.6	5.6
Smoke cigarettes		27.6	27.6		22.8	22.8		17.8	17.8		14.5	14.5		19.5	19.5		11.0	11.0
Smoke marijuana		14.1	14.1		8.1	8.1		9.1	9.1		18.7	18.7		11.4	11.4		9.1	9.1
Great risk of harm																		
Daily alcohol use	41.9	41.7	41.8	44.3	42.5	43.3	44.0	43.9	44.0	34.2	33.5	33.8	47.1	40.4	43.6	48.3	38.9	43.1
5+ drinks weekly													59.7	47.1	53.1	52.8	42.8	47.3
Daily cigarette use	50.2	61.0	56.7	53.7	56.0	54.9	75.9	68.1	71.4	44.1	49.9	47.3	56.2	56.8	56.5	62.3	59.0	60.4
Marijuana weekly*													46.8	41.6	44.1	39.4	39.0	39.2
Try marijuana	27.5	30.9	29.6	35.7	30.5	32.9	42.2	23.3	31.2	36.2	15.1	24.5	42.2	33.8	37.8	32.4	38.4	35.8
Prescription drugs											49.5	49.5	67.3	55.4	61.1	60.4	63.6	62.2
Think it wrong																		
Smoke cigarettes	85.7	76.8	80.1	91.6	80.4	85.6	88.9	69.8	77.8	91.7	79.7	85.6	84.4	92.9	88.8	94.4	88.7	91.2
Drink regularly	86.0	77.5	80.6	85.9	76.9	81.2	81.4	58.9	68.4	84.1	62.1	72.9	87.1	83.2	85.2	82.7	76.3	79.1
Smoke marijuana	85.8	80.8	82.7	93.0	84.6	88.5	89.2	71.5	78.9	94.3	75.6	84.6	88.8	83.8	86.3	87.4	71.8	78.4
Smoke synthetic marijuana																90.6	86.7	88.4
Use other illicit drugs	95.4	93.9	94.5	96.7	97.1	96.9	95.9	94.3	95.0	96.0	92.9	94.4	90.0	97.8	93.9	98.4	98.2	98.3
Parents think it wrong																		
Daily alcohol use*													100.0	93.5	96.5	94.4	94.2	94.3
Smoke cigarettes	92.5	96.5	94.6	92.2	86.4	89.0	98.8	93.8	96.0	97.1	94.6	95.6	100.0	100.0	100.0	96.7	96.6	96.7
Smoke marijuana	93.5	95.5	94.5	97.8	89.5	93.2	98.1	93.3	95.5	94.7	93.3	93.8	100.0	96.1	98.0	91.6	92.9	92.3
Prescription drugs													100.0	100.0	100.0	95.9	100.0	98.1
Friends think it wrong																		
Daily alcohol use													88.6	87.9	88.3	90.1	89.5	89.8
Smoke tobacco													91.6	90.2	90.9	95.2	94.8	95.0
Smoke marijuana													89.9	78.4	84.0	84.6	78.2	81.1
Prescription drugs													96.8	91.2	93.9	95.2	93.8	94.4

Note: Early ATOD use is defined as the percentage of high school students who started using at age 13 or younger. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

^{*} In 2014, the description of marijuana use in the risk of harm question was changed from "regularly" to "once or twice a week." Also, in 2014, the description of alcohol use in the parent disapproval question was changed from "regularly" to "nearly every day." For these items, care should be exercised when comparing 2014 data to previous years.

Table 8. Among $\underline{\text{high school}}$ drinkers, usual source of alcohol within the past 30 days, Jefferson and Florida Statewide youth, 2016

			J	J effersor	ı					Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Bought in a store		8.4	0.0	0.0		0.0	8.4		8.3	5.0	12.4		7.3	8.3
Bought in a restaurant, bar, or club		21.9	0.0	41.7		25.9	21.9		1.6	1.2	2.1		1.5	1.6
Bought at a public event		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		0.7	0.7	0.8		0.6	0.7
Someone bought it for me		24.5	31.7	25.4		28.9	24.5		14.7	13.3	16.3		14.5	14.7
Someone gave it to me		26.8	54.3	0.0		31.7	26.8		44.8	50.6	37.8		47.0	44.8
Took it from a store		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		0.3	0.2	0.4		0.4	0.3
Took it from a family member		11.4	0.0	32.9		13.5	11.4		11.7	14.2	8.7		12.4	11.7
Some other way		6.9	14.0	0.0		0.0	6.9		17.8	14.7	21.5		16.5	17.8

Table 9. Among $\underline{\text{high school}}$ drinkers, usual drinking location within the past 30 days, Jefferson and Florida Statewide youth, 2016

			J	Jeffersor	1					Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
My home		40.6	61.3	23.4		33.8	40.6		37.7	39.2	35.9		37.1	37.7
Another person's home		41.5	38.7	25.2		43.7	41.5		40.0	41.0	38.9		40.8	40.0
Car or other vehicle		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		1.7	1.6	1.9		1.7	1.7
Restaurant, bar, or club		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		2.7	2.9	2.5		2.4	2.7
Public place		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		3.9	3.9	3.7		4.3	3.9
Public event		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		1.6	1.8	1.5		1.7	1.6
School property		11.2	0.0	32.0		14.0	11.2		1.3	0.7	2.0		1.4	1.3
Some other place		6.8	0.0	19.5		8.5	6.8		11.1	9.0	13.7		10.6	11.1

Table 10. Among <u>high school</u> drinkers, number of drinks usually consumed per day, on the days students drank in the past 30 days, Jefferson and Florida Statewide youth, 2016

			J	Jeffersor	l					Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
1		59.8	62.3	71.4		66.6	59.8		29.6	31.6	27.4		30.5	29.6
2		17.2	14.4	0.0		11.7	17.2		22.5	24.8	19.8		22.4	22.5
3		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		17.3	17.9	16.3		16.9	17.3
4		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		8.6	9.0	8.3		8.5	8.6
5 or more		23.0	23.3	28.6		21.7	23.0		22.0	16.7	28.2		21.8	22.0

Table 11. Percentages of Jefferson and Florida Statewide youth who reported drinking alcohol, smoking marijuana, or using another drug to get high $\underline{\text{before or during school}}$ in the past 12 months, 2016

			J	efferson	1					Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Drinking alcohol	2.2	14.0	9.3	7.3	2.3	11.2	8.5	3.3	6.5	5.5	4.7	3.3	6.8	5.1
Smoking marijuana	3.4	8.5	1.6	9.0	3.4	9.5	6.1	3.2	12.2	8.1	8.7	3.7	12.3	8.5
Used another drug to get high	0.0	7.1	1.5	5.9	0.0	6.6	3.7	1.4	3.9	2.9	2.9	1.5	4.1	2.9

Table 12. Percentages of Jefferson and Florida Statewide youth who reported engaging in delinquent behavior within the past 12 months, 2016

			J	Jeffersor	1					Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Carrying a handgun	8.9	5.4	3.9	10.2	9.3	7.1	7.0	5.0	5.8	2.6	8.3	5.0	5.9	5.5
Selling drugs	0.0	3.5	2.1	1.9	0.0	4.6	1.9	1.6	6.0	3.0	5.4	1.8	6.1	4.2
Attempting to steal a vehicle	0.0	3.5	2.1	1.9	0.0	4.6	1.9	1.0	1.5	0.8	1.7	1.0	1.5	1.3
Being arrested	4.4	0.0	0.0	3.1	0.0	4.0	2.1	1.9	2.8	1.8	3.0	1.8	3.0	2.4
Taking a handgun to school	0.0	3.4	4.3	0.0	0.0	4.5	1.8	0.4	0.7	0.3	0.9	0.4	0.7	0.6
Getting suspended	44.4	29.0	32.3	37.6	41.7	36.2	36.1	10.6	9.1	7.0	12.5	10.1	9.8	9.8
Attacking someone with intent to harm	0.9	14.0	15.4	1.8	0.0	13.0	7.9	6.2	6.1	5.3	6.9	6.0	6.6	6.1

 $Table\ 13.\ Trends\ in\ delinquent\ behaviors\ for\ Jefferson,\ 2006\ to\ 2016$

		2006			2008			2010			2012			2014			2016	
	Middle School	High School	Total		High School	Total												
Carrying a handgun	3.2	1.6	2.4	0.0	5.8	3.1	5.1	3.2	4.0	6.8	6.2	6.4	0.0	6.0	3.2	8.9	5.4	7.0
Selling drugs	1.2	1.6	1.4	3.6	11.9	8.1	3.7	8.3	6.4	2.2	10.0	6.9	0.0	4.0	2.2	0.0	3.5	1.9
Attempting to steal a vehicle	0.0	4.1	2.2	0.0	3.3	1.8	2.5	1.7	2.1	7.0	4.1	5.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	1.9
Being arrested	5.2	5.3	5.3	3.7	10.9	7.6	3.0	4.3	3.8	2.2	3.2	2.8	1.6	1.1	1.3	4.4	0.0	2.1
Taking a handgun to school	0.0	1.6	0.9	0.0	2.0	1.1	1.2	0.6	0.9	2.2	2.0	2.1	0.0	1.1	0.6	0.0	3.4	1.8
Getting suspended	42.1	17.2	28.9	39.2	27.3	32.8	11.9	10.8	11.2	31.3	29.9	30.5	28.4	12.6	19.8	44.4	29.0	36.1
Attacking someone with intent to harm	12.7	11.1	11.8	10.0	13.2	11.7	11.3	8.5	9.7	8.6	13.9	11.8	7.7	5.7	6.6	0.9	14.0	7.9

Table 14. Percentages of Jefferson and Florida Statewide youth with family members who have been or are now in jail or friends who have been in trouble because of alcohol or drugs, 2016

			J	efferson	l					Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Family members who have been or are now in jail or prison	69.9	62.1	78.5	53.5	67.1	70.7	65.6	44.4	44.6	47.8	41.2	44.2	45.4	44.5
Friends who have have been or are in trouble because of alcohol or drugs	18.5	41.9	37.8	25.6	16.9	44.3	31.2	23.9	46.5	38.4	35.8	26.0	47.1	37.1

Table 15. Percentages of Jefferson and Florida Statewide youth who reported involvement in bullying behavior, 2016

			J	leffersor	1					Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Skipped school because of bullying	3.4	0.9	2.9	1.5	2.8	1.9	2.0	7.6	8.2	11.5	4.4	7.6	8.3	7.9
Was kicked or shoved in past 30 days	17.7	7.3	11.2	11.0	17.9	9.9	12.0	19.6	8.1	12.0	13.8	18.8	8.1	13.0
Was taunted or teased in past 30 days	38.1	22.3	25.8	30.5	36.3	26.0	29.4	35.3	22.5	30.1	25.6	34.4	22.8	27.9
Was victim of cyber bullying in past 30 days	11.3	3.8	7.0	4.5	8.8	5.9	7.2	7.8	7.6	10.2	5.2	7.8	7.9	7.7
Physically bullied others in past 30 days	7.8	6.0	2.9	8.3	5.1	10.4	6.8	7.6	4.9	5.0	7.0	7.2	5.2	6.1
Verbally bullied others in past 30 days	25.4	18.4	14.5	23.3	23.3	24.4	21.5	14.3	10.4	11.0	13.0	14.0	10.7	12.0
Cyber bullied others in past 30 days	5.5	5.8	8.3	1.5	7.0	6.1	5.7	3.6	4.1	4.0	3.7	3.7	4.1	3.9

Table 16. Percentages of Jefferson and Florida Statewide youth who reported gang membership, 2016

				Jeffersor	1					Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Have you ever belonged to a gang?	4.4	8.0	7.6	5.8	2.4	12.6	6.3	3.3	3.5	2.3	4.5	3.1	3.6	3.4
Did that gang have a name?	27.8	22.0	24.3	23.0	15.0	36.3	23.7	23.4	14.1	13.1	19.7	21.9	14.4	16.9
Are you a gang member now?		6.7	6.8	7.1		9.4	6.7		2.0	1.1	2.8		2.0	2.0

Note: The prevalence rates for "Did that gang have a name?" exclude students who reported that they have never belonged to a gang. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 17. Reasons for joining a gang, reported by <u>high school students who have belonged to a gang</u>, among Jefferson and Florida Statewide youth, 2016

			J	Jeffersor	1					Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Fun and excitement		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		5.0	4.3	5.5		5.0	5.0
Protection		7.7	7.9	8.7		9.4	7.7		4.2	2.6	5.4		4.5	4.2
Friend or relative in a gang		7.6	7.9	8.4		9.3	7.6		4.1	2.9	4.9		4.1	4.1
Forced to join		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		1.1	1.1	1.2		1.2	1.1
To get respect		4.8	0.0	8.7		5.9	4.8		3.5	2.0	4.7		3.5	3.5
Money		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		3.8	2.5	4.8		4.1	3.8
To fit in better		2.8	7.9	0.0		3.5	2.8		1.2	1.1	1.4		1.2	1.2
Other reasons		3.1	8.6	0.0		3.8	3.1		5.9	4.5	7.0		5.6	5.9

Table 18. Percentages of Jefferson and Florida Statewide youth who reported participation in extracurricular activities, 2016

			J	Jefferson	n					Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
School Sports	66.0	57.1	57.6	64.7	65.4	54.4	61.1	36.0	40.4	34.5	42.5	36.4	41.4	38.5
Organized Sports Outside of School	36.1	19.3	26.7	26.1	37.6	24.4	26.8	41.6	22.4	28.2	32.9	40.1	22.8	30.5
School Band	22.6	9.7	15.3	14.0	23.8	10.7	15.5	16.7	8.1	12.3	11.1	16.2	8.1	11.7
School Club(s)	9.4	18.3	17.6	13.0	9.9	17.9	14.3	22.1	31.8	35.4	20.4	22.8	31.6	27.6
Community Club(s)	6.0	9.3	11.7	5.5	5.5	9.9	7.8	9.3	12.8	14.6	8.2	9.4	12.6	11.3

Table 19. Percentages of <u>high school</u> students who reported *riding in* a vehicle within the past 30 days driven by someone who had been drinking alcohol or using marijuana, or *driving* a vehicle within the past 30 days after drinking alcohol or using marijuana, among Jefferson and Florida Statewide youth, 2016

			J	leffersor	l					Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Riding in a vehicle														
Alcohol		36.6	41.6	31.5		39.1	36.6		16.4	17.5	15.3		16.3	16.4
Marijuana		35.9	39.5	29.0		35.0	35.9		22.7	23.7	21.7		22.9	22.7
Driving a vehicle														
Alcohol		16.8	14.8	17.5		17.1	16.8		5.4	5.0	5.8		5.2	5.4
Marijuana		14.2	8.8	19.1		16.8	14.2		10.3	9.1	11.4		9.9	10.3

Table 20. Trends for <u>high school</u> students *riding in* a vehicle within the past 30 days driven by someone who had been drinking alcohol or using marijuana, or *driving* a vehicle within the past 30 days after drinking alcohol or using marijuana, for

Jefferson, 2012 and 2016

		2006			2008			2010			2012			2014			2016	
	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	O	Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	U		Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	High School	Total
Riding in a vehicle																		
Alcohol											21.7	21.7		24.5	24.5		36.6	36.6
Marijuana											21.1	21.1		25.8	25.8		35.9	35.9
Driving a vehicle																		
Alcohol											10.4	10.4		8.8	8.8		16.8	16.8
Marijuana											11.6	11.6		12.0	12.0		14.2	14.2

Table 21. Protective factor prevalence rates for Jefferson, Florida Statewide youth and the national normative database, 2016

Domain	Scale	Jeffe	erson	Florida S	Statewide	Nationa	l Norms
		Middle School	High School	Middle School	High School	Middle School	High School
Community	Community Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	66	81	46	69	56	63
Family	Family Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	72	64	60	59	59	54
	Family Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	72	64	56	56	54	55
School	School Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	55	47	53	63	57	60
	School Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	42	60	49	59	53	58
Peer and Individual	Religiosity	55	71	49	57	56	62
Average Prevalence R	ate	60	64	52	61	56	59

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values.

Table 22. Risk factor prevalence rates for Jefferson, Florida Statewide youth and the national normative database, 2016

Domain	Scale	Jeffe	erson	Florida S	Statewide	Nationa	l Norms
		Middle School	High School	Middle School	High School	Middle School	High School
Community	Community Disorganization	44	52	42	44	47	47
	Transitions and Mobility	56	53	59	61	47	46
	Laws and Norms Favorable to Drug Use	53	35	37	31	42	42
	Perceived Availability of Drugs	29	20	37	27	45	45
	Perceived Availability of Handguns	21	34	24	36	25	42
Family	Poor Family Management	38	47	40	38	44	45
	Family Conflict	15	31	38	33	42	37
School	Poor Academic Performance	57	36	42	44	45	48
	Lack of Commitment to School	46	44	53	54	47	46
Peer and	Favorable Attitudes toward Antisocial Behavior	39	38	39	35	40	46
Individual	Favorable Attitudes toward ATOD Use	36	28	32	36	39	45
	Early Initiation of Drug Use	18	24	23	22	41	46
Average Preva	lence Rate	38	37	39	38	42	45

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 23. Protective factor prevalence rate trends among middle school students for Jefferson, 2006 to 2016

Domain	Scale			Jeffe	erson		
		2006	2008	2010	2012	2014	2016
Community	Community Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	53	65	57	70	75	66
Family	Family Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	48	43	56	69	63	72
	Family Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	48	40	55	59	57	72
School	School Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	55	45	52	54	50	55
	School Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	55	44	50	53	65	42
Peer and Individual	Religiosity	42	52	59	50	58	55
Average Prevalence R	ate	50	48	55	59	61	60

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 24. Risk factor prevalence rate trends among middle school students for Jefferson, 2006 to 2016

Domain	Scale			Jeffe	erson		
		2006	2008	2010	2012	2014	2016
Community	Community Disorganization	52	47	45	49	48	44
	Transitions and Mobility	49	60	64	66	46	56
	Laws and Norms Favorable to Drug Use	68	61	39	46	46	53
	Perceived Availability of Drugs	32	36	48	21	25	29
	Perceived Availability of Handguns	22	21	31	23	17	21
Family	Poor Family Management	60	65	39	47	45	38
	Family Conflict	28	35	42	30	37	15
School	Poor Academic Performance	61	45	41	41	39	57
	Lack of Commitment to School	39	55	50	51	38	46
Peer and	Favorable Attitudes toward Antisocial Behavior	40	46	44	36	37	39
Individual	Favorable Attitudes toward ATOD Use	29	54	39	38	39	36
	Early Initiation of Drug Use	37	30	35	26	27	18
Average Preval	lence Rate	41	47	42	40	37	38

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values.

Table 25. Protective factor prevalence rate trends among high school students for Jefferson, 2006 to 2016

Domain	Scale	Jefferson						
		2006	2008	2010	2012	2014	2016	
Community	Community Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	67	67	67	76	70	81	
Family	Family Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	59	49	58	50	59	64	
	Family Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	58	49	58	45	53	64	
School	School Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	50	49	64	40	66	47	
	School Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	50	54	64	51	74	60	
Peer and Individual	Religiosity	68	67	66	67	68	71	
Average Prevalence Rate		59	56	63	55	65	64	

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 26. Risk factor prevalence rate trends among high school students for Jefferson, 2006 to 2016

Domain	Scale	Jefferson						
		2006	2008	2010	2012	2014	2016	
Community	Community Disorganization	34	55	37	50	37	52	
	Transitions and Mobility	49	57	66	46	44	53	
	Laws and Norms Favorable to Drug Use	31	33	30	44	31	35	
	Perceived Availability of Drugs	29	28	35	21	24	20	
	Perceived Availability of Handguns	30	29	39	43	38	34	
Family	Poor Family Management	43	58	38	48	50	47	
	Family Conflict	25	39	34	34	24	31	
School	Poor Academic Performance	62	41	43	50	33	36	
	Lack of Commitment to School	35	33	51	51	45	44	
Peer and	Favorable Attitudes toward Antisocial Behavior	29	23	39	34	24	38	
Individual	Favorable Attitudes toward ATOD Use	26	29	41	39	24	28	
	Early Initiation of Drug Use	31	29	30	37	24	24	
Average Prevalence Rate		33	31	43	44	33	37	

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values.