2016 Florida Youth Substance Abuse Survey

Table 1. Major demographic characteristics of surveyed Baker and Florida Statewide, 2016

	Bal	ker	Florida St	tatewide
	N	%	N	%
Sex				
Female	358	51.0	31,515	47.9
Male	332	47.3	32,905	50.0
Race/Ethnic group				
African American	67	9.5	14,666	22.3
American Indian	35	5.0	568	0.9
Asian	5	0.7	743	1.1
Hispanic/Latino	9	1.3	13,174	20.0
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	0	0.0	144	0.2
Other/Multiple	75	10.7	7,523	11.4
White, non-Hispanic	498	70.9	28,309	43.0
Age				
10	2	0.3	65	0.1
11	47	6.7	3,856	5.9
12	118	16.8	8,338	12.7
13	104	14.8	9,230	14.0
14	130	18.5	9,454	14.4
15	97	13.8	10,070	15.3
16	83	11.8	9,684	14.7
17	78	11.1	9,348	14.2
18	35	5.0	4,799	7.3
19 or older	7	1.0	618	0.9
Grade				
6th	141	20.1	9,301	14.1
7th	121	17.2	9,215	14.0
8th	144	20.5	9,326	14.2
9th	85	12.1	10,140	15.4
10th	88	12.5	9,834	15.0
11th	71	10.1	9,254	14.1
12th	52	7.4	8,705	13.2
Overall Middle School	406	57.8	27,678	42.1
Overall High School	296	42.2	37,765	57.4
Total	702	100.0	65,776	100.0

Note: Some categories do not sum to 100% of the total due to missing values (e.g., not all survey questions were answered). In addition, rounding can produce totals that do not equal 100%. "N" represents the number of valid cases. In this table, county data are unweighted while statewide data are weighted.

Table 2. Percentages of Baker and Florida Statewide youth who reported having used various drugs in their lifetimes, 2016

				Baker						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Alcohol	31.9	48.9	37.8	45.2	31.0	50.8	41.4	21.8	51.4	41.3	37.1	23.6	51.5	39.1
Blacking Out		19.0	16.6	21.4		20.7	19.0		15.9	16.5	15.4		16.1	15.9
Cigarettes	20.5	27.0	19.7	28.5	19.0	27.3	24.1	8.0	18.5	14.0	14.1	8.2	18.5	14.1
Vaporizer/E-Cigarette	23.1	35.3	22.6	37.2	21.5	36.9	29.8	14.6	33.9	24.4	27.1	15.7	34.5	25.8
Marijuana or Hashish	13.9	28.2	17.3	26.6	11.3	32.6	21.8	7.0	31.7	21.4	21.3	8.1	31.8	21.3
Synthetic Marijuana		2.8	1.7	2.7		2.8	2.8		4.9	4.8	5.0		4.8	4.9
Inhalants	8.6	3.7	5.3	5.8	7.9	4.1	5.9	6.4	4.6	6.1	4.7	6.4	4.7	5.4
Flakka		1.8	0.8	1.6		1.2	1.8		1.0	0.9	1.1		1.0	1.0
Club Drugs	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	0.6	3.6	1.9	0.7	3.0	1.9	2.2	0.8	2.9	2.1
LSD, PCP or Mushrooms	2.5	3.4	1.1	4.1	1.7	3.6	3.0	1.0	4.8	2.7	3.7	1.1	4.9	3.2
Methamphetamine	1.4	1.3	0.2	1.8	0.8	1.4	1.3	0.5	0.8	0.6	0.8	0.5	0.8	0.7
Cocaine or Crack Cocaine	2.1	3.6	0.6	4.6	1.7	3.2	3.0	0.8	2.5	1.6	1.9	0.8	2.3	1.8
Heroin	0.9	0.6	0.2	1.0	0.5	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Depressants	2.6	4.3	3.3	3.2	2.4	4.6	3.6	2.2	6.5	5.3	4.1	2.4	6.6	4.7
Prescription Pain Relievers	3.5	4.9	4.2	4.2	3.1	6.1	4.3	3.3	5.8	5.3	4.2	3.5	5.7	4.8
Prescription Amphetamines	2.1	4.1	3.0	3.6	1.9	4.7	3.2	1.3	4.7	3.3	3.2	1.4	4.6	3.2
Steroids (without a doctor's order)	1.0	0.5	0.6	0.9	1.0	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5
Over-the-Counter Drugs	3.2	6.8	4.5	5.1	1.8	8.5	5.2	3.2	5.3	4.7	4.2	3.4	5.4	4.4
Needle to Inject Illegal Drugs		1.1	0.0	2.1		1.4	1.1		0.8	0.6	0.8		0.8	0.8
Any illicit drug	21.9	34.0	24.0	32.7	19.2	38.7	28.6	15.7	36.4	29.0	26.4	16.6	36.6	27.7
Any illicit drug other than marijuana	13.6	14.8	12.4	15.5	12.4	16.6	14.3	12.0	17.7	16.4	14.2	12.3	17.7	15.3
Alcohol only	16.3	20.2	17.8	18.9	17.5	17.6	18.5	12.5	21.0	18.1	17.0	13.4	21.0	17.5
Alcohol or any illicit drug	37.7	53.9	41.3	51.0	36.1	56.2	46.6	27.8	57.2	46.8	43.1	29.6	57.4	44.8
Any illicit drug, but no alcohol	6.0	5.5	3.7	6.7	5.4	5.6	5.7	6.5	6.1	6.0	6.5	6.5	6.1	6.3

Note: The first 19 data rows show results for alcohol, cigarettes, and other drugs. The last five data rows show results for various combinations of drugs. Respondents were asked on how many occasions in their lifetime they woke up after a night of drinking and did not remember the things they did or the places they went. Ecstasy, Rohypnol, GHB and ketamine are provided as examples in the question about club drugs. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 3. Percentages of Baker and Florida Statewide youth who reported having used various drugs in the past 30 days, 2016

				Baker						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Alcohol	17.0	24.4	17.6	25.3	15.8	27.1	21.2	8.3	25.5	19.9	17.0	9.1	25.2	18.3
Binge Drinking	7.7	16.3	9.3	15.2	6.9	16.0	12.5	3.2	10.9	7.9	7.7	3.4	10.8	7.7
Cigarettes	4.3	6.9	2.2	9.4	2.8	7.7	5.7	1.4	4.8	3.3	3.5	1.5	4.6	3.4
Vaporizer/E-Cigarette	8.2	11.5	6.0	14.4	6.9	11.6	10.0	5.1	12.8	8.4	10.6	5.5	12.9	9.6
Marijuana or Hashish	5.7	15.8	8.0	15.2	4.3	18.4	11.3	3.2	17.0	10.9	11.5	3.9	16.9	11.2
Synthetic Marijuana		1.1	0.0	1.0		0.6	1.1		1.0	0.9	1.2		1.1	1.0
Inhalants	3.9	2.2	3.2	2.2	3.6	2.1	3.0	2.2	1.2	1.9	1.4	2.1	1.2	1.6
Flakka		1.6	0.8	1.2		1.3	1.6		0.5	0.4	0.7		0.5	0.5
Club Drugs	1.0	1.0	0.8	1.0	0.5	1.7	1.0	0.3	0.8	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.7	0.6
LSD, PCP or Mushrooms	1.1	1.5	0.4	1.7	0.8	1.3	1.3	0.3	1.4	0.7	1.1	0.3	1.4	0.9
Methamphetamine	1.4	1.3	0.5	1.4	0.8	1.4	1.4	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4
Cocaine or Crack Cocaine	1.5	2.2	0.4	2.8	1.1	1.4	1.9	0.3	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.8	0.6
Heroin	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.9	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2
Depressants	1.7	2.0	1.3	1.8	1.3	2.0	1.9	0.8	2.4	2.0	1.5	0.9	2.5	1.8
Prescription Pain Relievers	1.6	2.1	1.9	1.8	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.6	2.0	2.2	1.5	1.6	2.1	1.8
Prescription Amphetamines	1.5	1.3	1.0	1.5	1.1	1.9	1.4	0.5	1.6	1.1	1.2	0.6	1.7	1.2
Steroids (without a doctor's order)	0.5	0.5	0.2	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Over-the-Counter Drugs	1.3	3.6	1.3	3.0	0.8	4.0	2.6	1.8	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.8	2.1	2.0
Any illicit drug	11.2	20.7	12.4	20.3	10.2	22.8	16.4	7.5	20.0	15.1	14.2	8.1	20.0	14.7
Any illicit drug other than marijuana	7.8	8.6	6.5	9.4	7.4	9.0	8.3	5.6	7.7	7.3	6.2	5.7	7.7	6.8
Alcohol only	9.6	13.3	11.1	12.6	9.6	13.7	11.6	5.2	13.4	11.1	9.1	5.6	13.3	10.0
Alcohol or any illicit drug	20.3	32.7	22.8	31.6	19.5	35.5	27.1	12.5	32.9	25.8	22.9	13.5	32.9	24.3
Any illicit drug, but no alcohol	3.3	8.2	5.3	6.3	3.6	8.3	6.0	4.5	7.8	6.4	6.3	4.7	8.0	6.4

Note: The first 18 data rows show results for alcohol, cigarettes, and other drugs. The last five data rows show results for various combinations of drugs. Binge drinking is defined as having had five or more alcoholic drinks in a row in the past two weeks. Ecstasy, Rohypnol, GHB and ketamine are provided as examples in the question about club drugs. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 4. Lifetime trend in alcohol, tobacco and other drug use for Baker, 2006 to 2016

		2006			2008			2010			2012			2014			2016	
	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	.0	Total	Middle School		Total	Middle School	0	Total	Middle School	O	Total	Middle School	U	Total
Alcohol	43.3	64.8	55.3	37.9	67.6	54.2	32.0	67.6	52.0	29.0	49.6	39.9	33.7	54.0	44.5	31.9	48.9	41.4
Blacking Out														23.2	23.2		19.0	19.0
Cigarettes	27.5	44.1	37.0	26.3	50.6	39.7	24.9	42.4	34.7	19.7	36.0	28.4	19.6	27.4	23.7	20.5	27.0	24.1
Vaporizer/E-Cigarette																23.1	35.3	29.8
Marijuana or Hashish	13.2	26.7	20.8	8.6	32.3	21.8	9.9	32.7	22.6	8.5	28.3	19.0	8.1	26.7	18.1	13.9	28.2	21.8
Synthetic Marijuana											13.6	13.6		8.0	8.0		2.8	2.8
Inhalants	14.9	11.4	13.0	13.1	11.0	12.0	9.6	8.2	8.8	8.8	6.7	7.7	8.9	5.5	7.1	8.6	3.7	5.9
Flakka																	1.8	1.8
Club Drugs				2.2		2.2	1.1	3.0	2.1	1.0	3.4	2.3	1.2	4.5	3.0	1.9	1.9	1.9
LSD, PCP or Mushrooms				3.3		3.3	1.8	4.0	3.1	1.3	4.2	2.9	1.4	5.5	3.6	2.5	3.4	3.0
Methamphetamine	3.5	1.9	2.6	2.4	1.9	2.1	1.7	1.4	1.5	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.6	2.5	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.3
Cocaine or Crack Cocaine				2.1		2.1	1.3	4.0	2.8	0.9	3.0	2.0	1.9	3.4	2.7	2.1	3.6	3.0
Heroin	2.1	0.8	1.5	1.3	0.3	0.8	0.7	1.7	1.3	0.5	1.0	0.7	0.0	2.5	1.3	0.9	0.6	0.7
Depressants	4.7	15.6	10.9	2.0	12.3	7.7	3.0	9.7	6.8	2.0	7.7	5.0	3.0	4.9	4.0	2.6	4.3	3.6
Prescription Pain Relievers	8.4	13.7	11.8	4.3	16.7	11.2	3.8	13.4	9.2	3.4	11.1	7.5	3.6	5.7	4.7	3.5	4.9	4.3
Prescription Amphetamines	4.4	5.9	5.2	2.3	4.7	3.6	1.1	5.0	3.3	2.3	5.5	4.0	1.9	3.7	2.8	2.1	4.1	3.2
Steroids (without a doctor's order)	2.3	0.7	1.4	0.9	1.3	1.1	0.7	1.2	1.0	1.4	0.8	1.1	1.4	1.0	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.7
Over-the-Counter Drugs				4.9		4.9	3.0	8.2	5.9	4.3	8.3	6.5	3.2	3.7	3.5	3.2	6.8	5.2
Needle to Inject Drugs																	1.1	1.1
Any illicit drug	26.5	37.7	33.0	21.4	40.7	32.1	18.2	39.9	30.4	20.8	36.6	29.2	18.1	32.9	26.0	21.9	34.0	28.6
Any illicit drug other than marijuana	22.9	27.6	25.8	17.5	28.3	23.5	12.1	24.2	18.9	15.7	19.9	17.9	14.0	15.2	14.7	13.6	14.8	14.3
Alcohol only	21.7	30.9	26.6	21.7	29.7	26.1	19.6	30.3	25.6	15.1	17.8	16.5	20.7	23.6	22.3	16.3	20.2	18.5
Alcohol or any illicit drug	48.2	68.3	59.4	43.5	70.0	58.1	37.6	70.4	56.0	35.9	54.6	45.8	38.7	56.2	48.0	37.7	53.9	46.6
Any illicit drug, but no alcohol	5.8	3.7	4.8	5.8	2.5	3.9	5.7	3.0	4.2	7.2	5.3	6.2	5.5	2.6	3.9	6.0	5.5	5.7

Note: The first 19 data rows show results for alcohol, cigarettes, and other drugs. The last five data rows show results for various combinations of drugs. Respondents were asked on how many occasions in their lifetime they woke up after a night of drinking and did not remember the things they did or the places they went. Ecstasy, Rohypnol, GHB and ketamine are provided as examples in the question about club drugs. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

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Table 5. Past-30-day trend in alcohol, tobacco and other drug use for Baker, 2006 to 2016

		2006			2008			2010			2012			2014			2016	
	Middle School	U	Total	Middle School	0	Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School		Total	Middle School		Total	Middle School	High School	Total
Alcohol	22.7	43.3	34.2	18.3	44.6	32.9	20.7	42.1	32.7	15.4	25.8	20.9	14.9	29.2	22.5	17.0	24.4	21.2
Binge Drinking	12.8	30.1	22.6	10.3	27.2	19.7	11.1	25.7	19.3	7.1	13.5	10.5	7.5	16.8	12.4	7.7	16.3	12.5
Cigarettes	11.1	19.9	16.2	7.7	20.9	15.0	10.2	21.5	16.6	5.4	12.8	9.3	5.2	12.9	9.3	4.3	6.9	5.7
Vaporizer/E-Cigarette																8.2	11.5	10.0
Marijuana or Hashish	6.8	14.1	10.9	5.0	16.4	11.4	5.9	18.3	12.8	5.0	11.0	8.2	4.6	13.0	9.1	5.7	15.8	11.3
Synthetic Marijuana											3.6	3.6		1.9	1.9		1.1	1.1
Inhalants	5.2	2.9	4.1	5.1	2.4	3.6	5.0	1.1	2.8	5.0	1.1	2.9	3.3	2.6	2.9	3.9	2.2	3.0
Flakka																	1.6	1.6
Club Drugs				1.4		1.4	0.8	0.6	0.7	0.1	1.4	0.8	0.5	1.4	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
LSD, PCP or Mushrooms				1.4		1.4	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.9	2.0	1.5	0.7	2.7	1.8	1.1	1.5	1.3
Methamphetamine	1.2	0.8	1.0	0.7	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.2	1.8	1.1	1.4	1.3	1.4
Cocaine or Crack Cocaine				1.1		1.1	0.8	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.6	0.4	0.4	1.4	0.9	1.5	2.2	1.9
Heroin	1.0	0.4	0.7	1.4	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.6	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.0	0.4	0.2	1.0	0.0	0.4
Depressants	0.7	7.6	4.5	0.7	4.1	2.6	1.4	3.8	2.8	0.3	3.2	1.8	1.0	2.4	1.8	1.7	2.0	1.9
Prescription Pain Relievers	3.2	5.3	4.5	1.7	7.6	5.0	1.1	4.5	3.0	1.4	2.8	2.1	0.9	1.6	1.3	1.6	2.1	1.9
Prescription Amphetamines	1.9	4.0	3.0	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.2	1.2	0.8	0.7	1.4	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.2	1.5	1.3	1.4
Steroids (without a doctor's order)	1.5	0.0	0.6	0.9	0.7	0.8	0.3	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5
Over-the-Counter Drugs				2.9		2.9	1.2	2.8	2.1	1.8	3.4	2.6	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.3	3.6	2.6
Any illicit drug	12.8	19.5	16.6	10.1	23.2	17.4	10.6	21.4	16.7	10.4	15.3	13.0	10.3	16.6	13.7	11.2	20.7	16.4
Any illicit drug other than marijuana	9.9	13.6	12.0	8.0	12.3	10.3	7.4	10.6	9.2	7.6	7.5	7.5	6.3	7.3	6.8	7.8	8.6	8.3
Alcohol only	13.6	26.5	20.7	14.4	27.6	21.7	14.5	26.1	21.0	8.4	15.1	12.0	10.7	17.7	14.5	9.6	13.3	11.6
Alcohol or any illicit drug	26.1	45.6	36.8	24.3	50.0	38.5	24.9	47.7	37.7	18.7	30.5	25.0	20.3	33.7	27.4	20.3	32.7	27.1
Any illicit drug, but no alcohol	3.5	2.7	3.1	6.5	5.2	5.8	4.5	5.9	5.2	3.6	4.8	4.3	6.1	4.8	5.4	3.3	8.2	6.0

Note: The first 18 data rows show results for alcohol, cigarettes, and other drugs. The last five data rows show results for various combinations of drugs. Binge drinking is defined as having had five or more alcoholic drinks in a row in the past two weeks. Ecstasy, Rohypnol, GHB and ketamine are provided as examples in the question about club drugs. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 6. Percentages of Baker and Florida Statewide youth who reported early ATOD use, perceived risk of harm, personal disapproval, parental disapproval and peer disapproval, 2016

				Baker						Flori	da State	ewide		
	Middle School		Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Early ATOD use														
More than a sip of alcohol		19.7	10.6	27.5		19.2	19.7		19.4	18.3	20.2		19.3	19.4
Drinking at least once a month		4.5	1.6	6.3		4.2	4.5		3.5	3.7	3.4		3.5	3.5
Smoke cigarettes		12.0	9.2	14.9		13.0	12.0		9.3	8.6	9.8		9.4	9.3
Smoke marijuana		9.4	4.0	13.6		9.9	9.4		10.6	9.0	12.0		10.8	10.6
Great risk of harm														
1 or 2 drinks nearly every day	43.2	29.5	39.9	30.7	44.8	29.2	35.6	45.7	40.7	46.4	39.3	45.9	40.0	42.8
5+ drinks once or twice a week	58.5	47.8	57.4	47.6	60.7	46.5	52.6	58.1	52.3	58.4	51.2	58.4	51.8	54.7
1+ packs of cigarettes per day	69.6	62.6	69.1	62.5	71.8	62.0	65.8	67.9	68.8	68.4	68.5	68.7	68.2	68.4
Marijuana once or twice a week	51.0	27.1	40.3	35.0	52.1	26.1	37.9	51.7	25.2	37.5	35.2	50.1	24.4	36.3
Try marijuana once or twice	35.4	21.8	31.2	23.6	36.3	21.1	27.9	36.1	16.8	24.8	25.0	34.7	16.4	24.9
Use prescription drugs	73.1	65.8	68.5	69.5	74.7	65.3	69.1	69.1	68.2	70.0	67.3	69.4	67.9	68.5
Think it would be wrong to														
Smoke cigarettes	93.2	82.9	91.7	83.0	93.5	83.8	87.5	95.6	87.7	91.1	91.0	95.3	88.9	91.0
Drink alcohol regularly	78.6	66.2	74.0	68.8	80.0	63.1	71.7	88.8	64.5	74.1	75.2	87.6	64.8	74.7
Smoke marijuana	86.0	70.8	81.9	73.2	87.4	69.0	77.6	89.7	62.3	74.4	73.3	88.1	62.3	73.8
Smoke synthetic marijuana	93.0	95.5	94.0	95.6	94.3	94.6	94.4	93.1	88.6	90.1	90.9	92.7	88.6	90.5
Use other illicit drugs	97.7	94.4	97.0	94.6	98.6	93.8	95.8	97.5	93.6	95.8	94.7	97.3	93.6	95.2
Parents think it would be wrong to														
1 or 2 drinks nearly every day	94.8	93.5	95.3	92.7	96.0	93.2	94.1	97.3	93.8	95.4	95.1	97.2	94.1	95.2
Smoke cigarettes	96.8	96.1	99.1	93.6	96.9	96.3	96.4	98.6	96.8	97.6	97.5	98.6	97.3	97.6
Smoke marijuana	94.3	90.9	95.5	90.6	95.5	90.9	92.4	97.0	88.6	92.3	92.0	96.6	88.9	92.1
Use prescription drugs	97.3	98.5	98.1	97.8	98.0	97.6	98.0	98.2	97.3	97.4	97.9	98.1	97.4	97.7
Friends think it would be wrong to														
1 or 2 drinks nearly every day	82.8	74.7	83.7	72.5	85.4	72.4	78.3	91.3	79.0	85.6	82.9	90.7	79.1	84.2
Smoke tobacco	90.3	82.9	92.1	79.8	92.3	82.4	86.2	94.8	87.0	91.1	89.5	94.4	87.8	90.3
Smoke marijuana	85.9	66.8	81.6	68.4	87.7	65.0	75.3	88.6	59.9	72.6	71.3	86.6	59.8	72.0
Use prescription drugs	95.4	93.0	96.9	91.6	96.1	93.2	94.1	95.7	90.6	93.4	92.2	95.5	90.3	92.7

Note: Early ATOD use is defined as the percentage of high school students who started using at age 13 or younger. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

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Table 7. Trends in early ATOD use and attitudes toward substance use for Baker, 2006 to 2016

		2006			2008			2010			2012			2014			2016	
	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School		Total	Middle School		Total	Middle School		Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	High School	Total
Early ATOD use																		
Try alcohol		38.6	38.6		33.5	33.5		29.4	29.4		23.2	23.2		24.8	24.8		19.7	19.7
Drink monthly		11.1	11.1		8.4	8.4		4.5	4.5		4.8	4.8		6.8	6.8		4.5	4.5
Smoke cigarettes		32.8	32.8		29.8	29.8		26.2	26.2		19.4	19.4		15.4	15.4		12.0	12.0
Smoke marijuana		14.9	14.9		11.9	11.9		12.7	12.7		10.9	10.9		9.4	9.4		9.4	9.4
Great risk of harm																		
Daily alcohol use	37.2	38.9	38.2	37.5	30.6	33.7	52.7	35.6	43.1	42.3	45.6	44.0	37.2	36.2	36.7	43.2	29.5	35.6
5+ drinks weekly													50.1	45.6	47.7	58.5	47.8	52.6
Daily cigarette use	56.7	65.5	61.4	61.8	63.5	62.7	68.2	63.6	65.6	60.8	66.7	64.0	62.7	66.9	64.9	69.6	62.6	65.8
Marijuana weekly*													51.8	36.0	43.5	51.0	27.1	37.9
Try marijuana	43.7	35.3	39.3	46.4	29.7	37.2	55.6	28.0	40.1	42.2	30.3	35.9	35.9	25.8	30.5	35.4	21.8	27.9
Prescription drugs											70.4	70.4	73.0	74.0	73.6	73.1	65.8	69.1
Think it wrong																		
Smoke cigarettes	83.1	70.1	75.7	87.2	61.3	72.8	86.3	70.2	77.3	91.0	79.4	84.8	92.9	79.1	85.6	93.2	82.9	87.5
Drink regularly	71.1	54.0	61.6	77.7	48.7	61.5	78.8	54.3	65.0	80.7	67.3	73.5	84.3	62.8	72.9	78.6	66.2	71.7
Smoke marijuana	86.8	81.5	83.7	90.4	77.9	83.5	89.5	71.4	79.3	91.4	77.1	83.8	91.3	71.3	80.8	86.0	70.8	77.6
Smoke synthetic marijuana																93.0	95.5	94.4
Use other illicit drugs	94.1	95.5	94.8	95.9	94.8	95.3	97.2	93.2	94.9	96.4	93.9	95.1	98.7	93.9	96.2	97.7	94.4	95.8
Parents think it wrong																		
Daily alcohol use*													95.8	88.2	91.8	94.8	93.5	94.1
Smoke cigarettes	95.5	88.8	91.6	95.6	89.2	92.0	95.7	87.2	90.9	96.9	92.6	94.7	98.4	92.6	95.3	96.8	96.1	96.4
Smoke marijuana	96.2	94.9	95.5	98.3	91.2	94.4	96.1	89.6	92.5	97.1	90.6	93.7	98.2	87.9	92.8	94.3	90.9	92.4
Prescription drugs													97.9	96.8	97.3	97.3	98.5	98.0
Friends think it wrong																		
Daily alcohol use													85.0	66.9	75.4	82.8	74.7	78.3
Smoke tobacco													88.1	72.9	80.0	90.3	82.9	86.2
Smoke marijuana													90.0	69.0	78.9	85.9	66.8	75.3
Prescription drugs													97.3	91.9	94.5	95.4	93.0	94.1

Note: Early ATOD use is defined as the percentage of high school students who started using at age 13 or younger. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

^{*} In 2014, the description of marijuana use in the risk of harm question was changed from "regularly" to "once or twice a week." Also, in 2014, the description of alcohol use in the parent disapproval question was changed from "regularly" to "nearly every day." For these items, care should be exercised when comparing 2014 data to previous years.

Table 8. Among $\underline{\text{high school}}$ drinkers, usual source of alcohol within the past 30 days, Baker and Florida Statewide youth, 2016

				Baker						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Bought in a store		18.3	11.8	25.0		15.1	18.3		8.3	5.0	12.4		7.3	8.3
Bought in a restaurant, bar, or club		2.2	3.6	1.2		2.8	2.2		1.6	1.2	2.1		1.5	1.6
Bought at a public event		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		0.7	0.7	0.8		0.6	0.7
Someone bought it for me		14.3	12.5	16.7		16.6	14.3		14.7	13.3	16.3		14.5	14.7
Someone gave it to me		39.8	54.3	25.5		37.0	39.8		44.8	50.6	37.8		47.0	44.8
Took it from a store		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		0.3	0.2	0.4		0.4	0.3
Took it from a family member		6.9	4.6	9.3		8.8	6.9		11.7	14.2	8.7		12.4	11.7
Some other way		18.5	13.0	22.4		19.6	18.5		17.8	14.7	21.5		16.5	17.8

				Baker						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
My home		36.8	33.4	37.2		38.2	36.8		37.7	39.2	35.9		37.1	37.7
Another person's home		29.3	33.2	26.2		26.4	29.3		40.0	41.0	38.9		40.8	40.0
Car or other vehicle		7.4	10.0	5.8		7.9	7.4		1.7	1.6	1.9		1.7	1.7
Restaurant, bar, or club		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		2.7	2.9	2.5		2.4	2.7
Public place		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		3.9	3.9	3.7		4.3	3.9
Public event		3.2	3.5	3.2		4.2	3.2		1.6	1.8	1.5		1.7	1.6
School property		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		1.3	0.7	2.0		1.4	1.3
Some other place		23.2	19.9	27.6		23.3	23.2		11.1	9.0	13.7		10.6	11.1

Table 10. Among <u>high school</u> drinkers, number of drinks usually consumed per day, on the days students drank in the past 30 days, Baker and Florida Statewide youth, 2016

				Baker						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
1		19.8	12.5	24.3		20.5	19.8		29.6	31.6	27.4		30.5	29.6
2		16.0	24.5	11.2		17.9	16.0		22.5	24.8	19.8		22.4	22.5
3		18.2	26.7	13.6		20.2	18.2		17.3	17.9	16.3		16.9	17.3
4		14.9	11.8	17.8		14.4	14.9		8.6	9.0	8.3		8.5	8.6
5 or more		31.1	24.4	33.1		27.1	31.1		22.0	16.7	28.2		21.8	22.0

Table 11. Percentages of Baker and Florida Statewide youth who reported drinking alcohol, smoking marijuana, or using another drug to get high <u>before or during school</u> in the past 12 months, 2016

				Baker						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Drinking alcohol	7.1	6.8	5.3	8.9	5.4	9.6	6.9	3.3	6.5	5.5	4.7	3.3	6.8	5.1
Smoking marijuana	6.2	10.6	4.3	12.3	4.5	11.5	8.6	3.2	12.2	8.1	8.7	3.7	12.3	8.5
Used another drug to get high	1.6	2.1	0.7	3.0	1.0	3.1	1.9	1.4	3.9	2.9	2.9	1.5	4.1	2.9

Table 12. Percentages of Baker and Florida Statewide youth who reported engaging in delinquent behavior within the past 12 months, 2016

				Baker						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Carrying a handgun	11.6	9.1	4.9	14.8	11.6	9.8	10.2	5.0	5.8	2.6	8.3	5.0	5.9	5.5
Selling drugs	2.8	6.6	1.3	8.6	1.7	8.3	4.9	1.6	6.0	3.0	5.4	1.8	6.1	4.2
Attempting to steal a vehicle	2.7	0.6	0.9	2.1	2.4	1.0	1.6	1.0	1.5	0.8	1.7	1.0	1.5	1.3
Being arrested	4.8	2.2	1.5	4.5	3.1	3.5	3.4	1.9	2.8	1.8	3.0	1.8	3.0	2.4
Taking a handgun to school	0.9	0.5	0.0	1.2	0.9	0.6	0.7	0.4	0.7	0.3	0.9	0.4	0.7	0.6
Getting suspended	15.3	9.9	9.5	14.6	13.8	11.3	12.3	10.6	9.1	7.0	12.5	10.1	9.8	9.8
Attacking someone with intent to harm	9.7	6.1	6.7	8.8	8.8	7.5	7.7	6.2	6.1	5.3	6.9	6.0	6.6	6.1

Table 13. Trends in delinquent behaviors for Baker, 2006 to 2016

		2006			2008			2010			2012			2014			2016	
	Middle School	High School	Total		High School	Total												
Carrying a handgun	6.5	5.5	5.9	5.6	8.7	7.3	8.7	7.8	8.2	10.5	4.2	7.2	10.1	10.0	10.0	11.6	9.1	10.2
Selling drugs	4.6	6.9	5.8	2.5	6.5	4.7	3.7	8.8	6.6	2.7	7.7	5.3	1.7	6.0	4.0	2.8	6.6	4.9
Attempting to steal a vehicle	5.4	4.9	5.1	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.2	1.2	1.7	1.5	0.6	1.0	1.1	2.9	2.1	2.7	0.6	1.6
Being arrested	6.1	4.7	5.6	4.4	8.1	6.5	3.6	6.3	5.1	2.5	2.9	2.7	2.1	3.8	3.0	4.8	2.2	3.4
Taking a handgun to school	2.8	0.9	1.7	1.0	1.3	1.2	1.9	1.2	1.5	1.1	0.6	0.8	0.3	2.4	1.4	0.9	0.5	0.7
Getting suspended	12.0	13.7	13.1	10.3	13.6	12.2	11.0	12.6	11.9	8.7	8.0	8.4	6.8	10.6	8.8	15.3	9.9	12.3
Attacking someone with intent to harm	15.9	13.5	14.6	9.1	14.2	11.9	11.1	12.7	12.0	7.3	8.9	8.1	4.8	9.3	7.2	9.7	6.1	7.7

Table 14. Percentages of Baker and Florida Statewide youth with family members who have been or are now in jail or friends who have been in trouble because of alcohol or drugs, 2016

				Baker						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Family members who have been or are now in jail or prison	59.0	45.4	51.7	49.9	57.6	46.0	51.4	44.4	44.6	47.8	41.2	44.2	45.4	44.5
Friends who have have been or are in trouble because of alcohol or drugs	39.1	40.0	36.8	42.6	37.5	40.9	39.6	23.9	46.5	38.4	35.8	26.0	47.1	37.1

Table 15. Percentages of Baker and Florida Statewide youth who reported involvement in bullying behavior, 2016

				Baker						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Skipped school because of bullying	9.8	8.8	11.8	6.6	9.7	8.2	9.2	7.6	8.2	11.5	4.4	7.6	8.3	7.9
Was kicked or shoved in past 30 days	18.4	11.3	15.1	13.1	17.8	11.5	14.5	19.6	8.1	12.0	13.8	18.8	8.1	13.0
Was taunted or teased in past 30 days	33.5	24.4	34.8	22.2	33.8	24.1	28.5	35.3	22.5	30.1	25.6	34.4	22.8	27.9
Was victim of cyber bullying in past 30 days	8.6	7.1	12.0	4.0	9.8	6.5	7.8	7.8	7.6	10.2	5.2	7.8	7.9	7.7
Physically bullied others in past 30 days	7.2	4.5	5.9	5.2	7.4	4.0	5.8	7.6	4.9	5.0	7.0	7.2	5.2	6.1
Verbally bullied others in past 30 days	14.1	6.4	10.9	8.8	13.8	6.2	9.9	14.3	10.4	11.0	13.0	14.0	10.7	12.0
Cyber bullied others in past 30 days	3.3	3.7	4.6	2.0	3.0	3.6	3.5	3.6	4.1	4.0	3.7	3.7	4.1	3.9

Table 16. Percentages of Baker and Florida Statewide youth who reported gang membership, 2016

				Baker						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Have you ever belonged to a gang?	4.9	3.3	1.9	6.4	4.5	3.5	4.1	3.3	3.5	2.3	4.5	3.1	3.6	3.4
Did that gang have a name?	29.1	9.5	10.5	21.4	25.0	13.5	15.7	23.4	14.1	13.1	19.7	21.9	14.4	16.9
Are you a gang member now?		2.5	0.0	5.2		2.2	2.5		2.0	1.1	2.8		2.0	2.0

Note: The prevalence rates for "Did that gang have a name?" exclude students who reported that they have never belonged to a gang. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 17. Reasons for joining a gang, reported by $\underline{\text{high school students who have belonged to a gang}}$, among Baker and Florida Statewide youth, 2016

				Baker						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Fun and excitement		4.5	0.0	7.8		5.0	4.5		5.0	4.3	5.5		5.0	5.0
Protection		1.8	0.0	3.1		0.0	1.8		4.2	2.6	5.4		4.5	4.2
Friend or relative in a gang		6.2	0.0	10.7		4.9	6.2		4.1	2.9	4.9		4.1	4.1
Forced to join		1.1	0.0	1.9		1.5	1.1		1.1	1.1	1.2		1.2	1.1
To get respect		1.9	0.0	3.3		1.5	1.9		3.5	2.0	4.7		3.5	3.5
Money		1.1	0.0	1.9		1.5	1.1		3.8	2.5	4.8		4.1	3.8
To fit in better		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0		1.2	1.1	1.4		1.2	1.2
Other reasons		8.8	8.3	9.5		10.9	8.8		5.9	4.5	7.0		5.6	5.9

Table 18. Percentages of Baker and Florida Statewide youth who reported participation in extracurricular activities, 2016

				Baker						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
School Sports	36.6	40.0	34.7	42.1	34.8	40.2	38.5	36.0	40.4	34.5	42.5	36.4	41.4	38.5
Organized Sports Outside of School	43.9	14.9	27.8	28.0	43.7	16.4	28.0	41.6	22.4	28.2	32.9	40.1	22.8	30.5
School Band	12.1	6.8	12.4	6.0	11.8	6.8	9.2	16.7	8.1	12.3	11.1	16.2	8.1	11.7
School Club(s)	32.5	34.4	44.1	23.8	35.8	32.2	33.5	22.1	31.8	35.4	20.4	22.8	31.6	27.6
Community Club(s)	7.2	11.5	14.3	4.8	7.7	11.2	9.5	9.3	12.8	14.6	8.2	9.4	12.6	11.3

Table 19. Percentages of <u>high school</u> students who reported *riding in* a vehicle within the past 30 days driven by someone who had been drinking alcohol or using marijuana, or *driving* a vehicle within the past 30 days after drinking alcohol or using marijuana, among Baker and Florida Statewide youth, 2016

				Baker						Flori	da State	wide		
	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total	Middle School	High School	Female	Male	Ages 10-14	Ages 15-17	Total
Riding in a vehicle														
Alcohol		25.1	27.5	23.0		27.1	25.1		16.4	17.5	15.3		16.3	16.4
Marijuana		23.4	19.1	28.2		23.4	23.4		22.7	23.7	21.7		22.9	22.7
Driving a vehicle														
Alcohol		8.4	4.7	12.2		8.8	8.4		5.4	5.0	5.8		5.2	5.4
Marijuana		10.3	4.4	16.4		10.5	10.3		10.3	9.1	11.4		9.9	10.3

Table 20. Trends for <u>high school</u> students *riding in* a vehicle within the past 30 days driven by someone who had been drinking alcohol or using marijuana, or *driving* a vehicle within the past 30 days after drinking alcohol or using marijuana, for Baker, 2012 and 2016

		2006			2008			2010			2012			2014			2016	
	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	O	Total	Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	0		Middle School	High School	Total	Middle School	High School	Total
Riding in a vehicle																		
Alcohol											22.8	22.8		20.5	20.5		25.1	25.1
Marijuana											19.0	19.0		25.0	25.0		23.4	23.4
Driving a vehicle																		
Alcohol											6.1	6.1		12.0	12.0		8.4	8.4
Marijuana											7.3	7.3		10.3	10.3		10.3	10.3

Table 21. Protective factor prevalence rates for Baker, Florida Statewide youth and the national normative database, 2016

Domain	Scale	Ba	ker	Florida S	Statewide	Nationa	l Norms
		Middle School	High School	Middle School	High School	Middle School	High School
Community	Community Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	50	76	46	69	56	63
Family	Family Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	59	61	60	59	59	54
School	Family Rewards for Prosocial Involvement School Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	50	57 57	56	56 63	54 57	55 60
	School Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	50	59	49	59	53	58
Peer and Individual	Religiosity	56	67	49	57	56	62
Average Prevalence R	ate	53	63	52	61	56	59

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values.

Table 22. Risk factor prevalence rates for Baker, Florida Statewide youth and the national normative database, 2016

Domain	Scale	Ba	ker	Florida S	Statewide	Nationa	l Norms
		Middle School	High School	Middle School	High School	Middle School	High School
Community	Community Disorganization	41	43	42	44	47	47
	Transitions and Mobility	55	55	59	61	47	46
	Laws and Norms Favorable to Drug Use	49	34	37	31	42	42
	Perceived Availability of Drugs	51	26	37	27	45	45
	Perceived Availability of Handguns	46	50	24	36	25	42
Family	Poor Family Management	41	40	40	38	44	45
	Family Conflict	38	24	38	33	42	37
School	Poor Academic Performance	47	41	42	44	45	48
	Lack of Commitment to School	57	61	53	54	47	46
Peer and	Favorable Attitudes toward Antisocial Behavior	43	29	39	35	40	46
Individual	Favorable Attitudes toward ATOD Use	44	37	32	36	39	45
	Early Initiation of Drug Use	35	24	23	22	41	46
Average Preva	lence Rate	46	39	39	38	42	45

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 23. Protective factor prevalence rate trends among middle school students for Baker, 2006 to 2016

Domain	Scale			Ba	ker		
		2006	2008	2010	2012	2014	2016
Community	Community Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	52	52	51	48	54	50
Family	Family Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	55	53	57	58	57	59
	Family Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	49	51	47	49	53	50
School	School Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	37	50	51	53	44	52
	School Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	40	53	54	61	57	50
Peer and Individual	Religiosity	59	59	62	63	57	56
Average Prevalence R	ate	49	53	54	55	54	53

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 24. Risk factor prevalence rate trends among middle school students for Baker, 2006 to 2016

Domain	Scale			Ba	ker		
		2006	2008	2010	2012	2014	2016
Community	Community Disorganization	49	46	45	50	48	41
	Transitions and Mobility	53	58	47	51	53	55
	Laws and Norms Favorable to Drug Use	57	52	49	45	46	49
	Perceived Availability of Drugs	52	45	45	47	43	51
	Perceived Availability of Handguns	41	35	34	43	39	46
Family	Poor Family Management	55	48	52	44	47	41
	Family Conflict	44	37	34	38	36	38
School	Poor Academic Performance	52	45	44	43	49	47
	Lack of Commitment to School	69	61	58	59	59	57
Peer and	Favorable Attitudes toward Antisocial Behavior	48	43	43	47	43	43
Individual	Favorable Attitudes toward ATOD Use	52	42	38	40	40	44
	Early Initiation of Drug Use	44	44	41	36	35	35
Average Preval	lence Rate	51	46	43	45	45	46

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values.

Table 25. Protective factor prevalence rate trends among high school students for Baker, 2006 to 2016

Domain	Scale	Baker						
		2006	2008	2010	2012	2014	2016	
Community	Community Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	69	68	69	67	60	76	
Family	Family Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	52	52	53	61	61	61	
	Family Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	47	50	48	54	56	57	
School	School Opportunities for Prosocial Involvement	57	53	53	61	63	57	
	School Rewards for Prosocial Involvement	59	55	64	64	63	59	
Peer and Individual	Religiosity	67	68	71	68	74	67	
Average Prevalence Rate		59	58	60	63	63	63	

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values. The symbol "--" indicates that data are not available.

Table 26. Risk factor prevalence rate trends among high school students for Baker, 2006 to 2016

Domain	Scale	Baker						
		2006	2008	2010	2012	2014	2016	
Community	Community Disorganization	44	46	46	47	52	43	
	Transitions and Mobility	65	62	56	56	48	55	
	Laws and Norms Favorable to Drug Use	38	41	41	33	40	34	
	Perceived Availability of Drugs	44	41	41	31	34	26	
	Perceived Availability of Handguns	55	51	53	48	51	50	
Family	Poor Family Management	52	56	45	39	44	40	
	Family Conflict	33	44	33	28	30	24	
School	Poor Academic Performance	44	47	46	46	42	41	
	Lack of Commitment to School	51	58	57	48	60	61	
Peer and	Favorable Attitudes toward Antisocial Behavior	41	46	41	29	40	29	
Individual	Favorable Attitudes toward ATOD Use	37	45	41	32	39	37	
	Early Initiation of Drug Use	43	44	36	32	28	24	
Average Prevalence Rate		43	48	45	37	42	39	

Note: Because risk is associated with negative behavioral outcomes, it is better to have lower risk factor scale scores, not higher. Conversely, because protective factors are associated with better student behavioral outcomes, it is better to have protective factor scale scores with high values.